

IVS 102

Native BACnet

Installation and operating instructions

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1 Safety

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1.1.2 Safety Note

Safety Regulations

- The frequency converter must be disconnected from mains if repair work is to be carried out. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has passed before removing motor and mains plugs.
- The [STOP/RESET] key on the LCP of the frequency converter does not disconnect the equipment from mains and is thus not to be used as a safety switch.
- Correct protective earthing of the equipment must be established, the user must be protected against supply voltage, and the motor must be protected against overload in accordance with applicable national and local regulations.
- 4. The earth leakage currents are higher than 3.5mA.
- 5. Protection against motor overload is set by 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection. If this function is desired, set 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to data value [ETR trip] (default value) or data value [ETR warning]. Note: The function is initialized at 1.16 x rated motor current and rated motor frequency. For the North American market: The ETR functions provide class 20 motor overload protection in accordance with NEC.
- 6. Do not remove the plugs for the motor and mains supply while the frequency converter is connected to mains. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has passed before removing motor and mains plugs.
- 7. Please note that the frequency converter has more voltage inputs than L1, L2 and L3, when load sharing (linking of DC intermediate circuit) and external 24V DC have been installed. Check that all voltage inputs have been disconnected and that the necessary time has passed before commencing repair work.



IVS 102 Drive Native BACnet Operating Instructions

Warning against Unintended Start

- The motor can be brought to a stop by means of digital commands, bus commands, references or a local stop, while the frequency converter is connected to mains. If personal safety considerations make it necessary to ensure that no unintended start occurs, these stop functions are not sufficient.
- While parameters are being changed, the motor may start. Consequently, the stop key [STOP/RESET] must always be activated; following which data can be modified.
- 3. A motor that has been stopped may start if faults occur in the electronics of the frequency converter, or if a temporary overload or a fault in the supply mains or the motor connection ceases.

1.1.3 Symbols

Symbols used in this manual

NOTE

Indicates something to be noted by the reader.

Indicates a general warning.

AWARNING

Indicates a high-voltage warning.

* Indicates default setting

1.1.4 Before Commencing Repair Work

- 1. Disconnect the frequency converter from mains
- 2. Disconnect DC bus terminals 88 and 89
- 3. Wait at least the time mentioned in section General Warning above
- 4. Remove motor cable



1.1.5 Special Conditions

Electrical ratings:

The rating indicated on the nameplate of the frequency converter is based on a typical 3-phase mains power supply, within the specified voltage, current and temperature range, which is expected to be used in most applications.

The frequency converters also support other special applications, which affect the electrical ratings of the frequency converter.

Special conditions which affect the electrical ratings might be:

- Single phase applications
- High temperature applications which require derating of the electrical ratings
- Marine applications with more severe environmental conditions.

Other applications might also affect the electrical ratings.

Consult the relevant sections in this manual and in the *IVS 102 Design Guide*, +&\mathcal{Z}* *# for information about the electrical ratings.

Installation requirements:

The overall electrical safety of the frequency converter requires special installation considerations regarding:

- Fuses and circuit breakers for over-current and short-circuit protection
- Selection of power cables (mains, motor, brake, loadsharing and relay)
- Grid configuration (grounded delta transformer leg, IT,TN, etc.)
- Safety of low-voltage ports (PELV conditions)

Consult the relevant clauses in these instructions and in the IVS 102 Design Guide for information about the installation requirements.

1.1.6 Installation at High Altitudes (PELV)

AWARNING

Hazardous Voltage!

By altitudes above 2km, please contact Armstrong regarding PELV.

Avoid un-intended start

While the frequency converter is connected to mains, the motor can be started/stopped using digital commands, bus commands, references or via the LCP.

- Disconnect the frequency converter from mains whenever personal safety considerations make it necessary to avoid unintended start.
- To avoid unintended start, always activate the [OFF] key before changing parameters.
- Unless terminal 37 is turned off, an electronic fault, temporary overload, a fault in the mains supply, or lost motor connection may cause a stopped motor to start.

Failure to follow recommendations could result in death or serious injury.



2 Introduction

2.1.1 About this Manual

First time users can obtain the most essential information for quick installation and set-up in these chapters

Introduction

How to Install

How to Configure the System

For more detailed information including the full range of setup options and diagnosis tools please refer to the chapters:

How to Control the Frequency Converter

Parameters

Troubleshooting

2.1.2 Technical Overview

BACnet (Building Automation and Control Network) is an open data communications protocol, American National Standard (ANSI/ASHRAE 135-1995). BACnet provides a means by which computer-based control equipment from different manufacturers can work together. BACnet is designed to handle many types of building controls, including HVAC, lighting, security, fire, access control, maintenance and waste management. BACnet permits flexibility for expansion and different equipment combinations

Conformance Classes, Function Groups and the PICS: Evaluating the capabilities of a BACnet device is potentially a formidable task, given the great choice of Objects, Properties and Services, which can be implemented, as well as the fact that it is not necessary for every BACnet device to have a full BACnet implementation in order to carry out its task. ASHRAE's BACnet Committee recognized this problem and responded with aids to evaluation in the form of "Conformance Classes," "Function Groups" and the "Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement" (PICS).

The BACnet protocol defines six levels of Conformance Classes, each of which specifies the minimum subset of Services implemented on the device. The lowest level, Conformance Class 1, requires only that the BACnet device contain a Device Object and that it be able to execute (respond to) a ReadProperty Service request. Each successive Conformance Class level adds Service Requests that must be executable by the device, as well as the Service Requests it must be able to initiate. Conformance Class 6 requires 21 types of Service Requests (of the 32 overall) to be implemented, of which 20 must be initiable and 17

executable. Conformance Class thus provides a measure of the device's ability to communicate.

Function Groups specify a combination of Objects and Services necessary to carry out certain building automation functions. They are specified independently of Conformance Class, though the implementation of some of the Function Groups automatically confers some Conformance Class higher than 1.

Background information						
Protocol name:	BACnet					
Technology developer:	ASHRAE					
Year introduced:	1995					
Governing standards:	ANSI/ASHRAE Standard					
	135-2008 version 4, ISO 16484-5					
Openness:	Open specification					
Physical characteristics						
Network topology:	Bus					
Physical media:	Shielded twisted pair					
Max. Distance at low speed:	1200 meters					
Transport mechanism						
Communication methods:	Master/slave					
Baud Rates Supported:	9600, 19200, 38400, 76800					
Termination:	120 ohm					

2.1.3 Assumptions

This manual assumes you are using the BACnet Protocol with a FC102 series frequency converter. It is also assumed that your system is equipped with a firmware supporting the BACnet communication services required by your application and that all requirements stipulated in the BACnet standard, as well as those pertaining to the IVS 102 Variable Speed Drive are strictly observed as well as all limitations therein fully respected.

2.1.4 Background Knowledge

The Armstrong BACnet Protocol is designed to communicate with any system complying with the BACnet MS/TP standard. Familiarity with the PC, BMS or PLC used as a master in the system is assumed. Issues regarding hardware or software produced by other manufacturers are beyond the scope of this manual and are not the responsibility of Armstrong.

If you have questions regarding set-up of master-to-master communication or communication to a non-Armstrong slave, please consult the appropriate manuals.

2.1.5 Available Literature for IVS 102

- Operating Instructions MG.11.Ax.yy provide the necessary information for getting the frequency converter up and running.
- Operating Instructions IVS 102 High Power, 94.888
- Design Guide 94.881 entails all technical information about the frequency converter and customer design and applications.
- Programming Guide MG.11.Cx.yy provides information on how to programme and includes complete parameter descriptions.
- Mounting Instruction, Analog I/O Option MCB 109, MI.38.Bx.yy
- Application Note, Temperature Derating Guide, MN.11.Ax.yy
- PC-based Configuration Tool MCT 10, MG.10.Ax.yy enables the user to configure the frequency converter from a Windows[™] based PC environment.
- Armstrong IVS 102 Energy Box software at www.danfoss.com/BusinessAreas/DrivesSolutions then choose PC Software Download
- IVS 102 Drive Applications, MG.11.Tx.yy
- Operating Instructions IVS 102 Profibus, MG.33.Cx.yy
- Operating Instructions IVS 102 Device Net, MG.33.Dx.yy
- Operating Instructions IVS 102 BACnet, 94.882
- Operating Instructions IVS 102 LonWorks,
- Operating Instructions IVS 102 Metasys, 94.885
- Operating Instructions IVS 102 FLN, 94.889
- Output Filter Design Guide, MG.90.Nx.yy
- Brake Resistor Design Guide, MG.90.Ox.yy

x = Revision numberyy = Language code

Armstrong technical literature is available in print from your local Armstrong Sales Office or online at: Zffb,!!i i i 25d_ efda` Ybg_ be2Lb_ !p!_ W/[S!Val.bg_ Wfe!

2.1.6 Abbreviations

ACI	Acyclical Control Interval
AOC	Application Orientated Controller
AV	Analog Variable
BMS	Building Management System
BV	Binary Variable
CTW	Control Word
EEPROM	Electrical Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory
EIA	Electronic Industries Association: Specifies of the EIA
	Standard RS 485-A
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
I/O	Input/Output
ISO	International Standards Organization
LCP	Local Control Panel
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MAV	Main Actual Value
MRV	Main Reference Value
PC	Personal Computer
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PELV	Protected Extra Low Voltage
PLC	Programmable Logic Control
PNU	Parameter Number
STW	Status Word



3 How to Install

3.1 The BACnet Interface

3.1.1 Cabling

Cable lengths and number of nodes

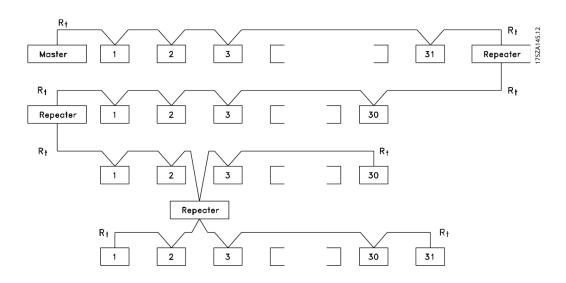
For the correct function of a BACnet MS/TP system, it is mandatory to fulfill installation of the communication cables given in this manual. Under correct installation it is possible to have up to 250 nodes (125 masters and 125 slaves) on 1200 meter (4000 feet) cable.

The use of drop cable connection (i.e. T-connection) is not allowed in a BACnet MS/TP system. Drop cables will lead to reflection and malfunction of the system. In location where the cabling will demand a T-connection the use of repeaters is recommended.

Note that a repeater is a node in both of the two segments it connects. The number of frequency converters is based on a single master system. If there are two or more devices (e.g. PC tools, Routers), the number of frequency converters must be reduced correspondingly.

- Maximum length of an MS/TP segment: 1200 meters (4000 feet)
- Characteristic impedance: 100 to 130Ω
- Resistance: $<110\Omega/km$
- Distributed capacitance: <100pF/m, between conductors
- Cross section: 0.82mm² conductor area, corresponding to AWG 18
- Cable type: twisted in pairs, 1 x 2, or 2 x 2 wires
- Screening: Copper-braided screen or braided screen and foil screen

Use of the same cable type throughout the entire segment is recommended to avoid impedance mismatch.





3.1.2 Network Connection

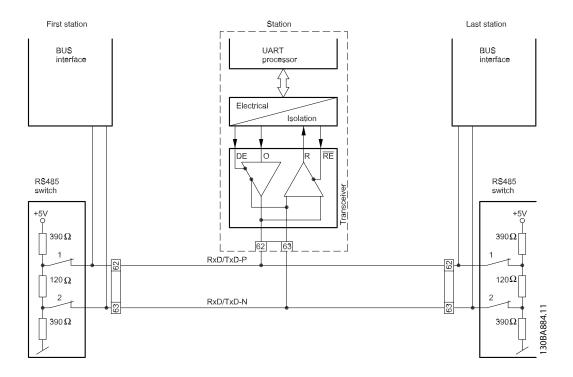
Connect the frequency converter to the RS-485 network as follows (see also diagram):

- 1. Connect signal wires to terminal 68 (P+) and terminal 69 (N-) on the main control board of the frequency converter.
- 2. Connect the cable screen as described under chapter Bus Cabling.

NOTE

Screened, twisted-pair cables are recommended to reduce noise between conductors.

3.1.3 Network Termination



Maximum Cable Lengths

Maximum total bus cable length: 4000 feet ~ 1200m



3.1.4 Switches S201, S202, and S801

Switches S201 (A53) and S202 (A54) are used to select a current (0-20mA) or a voltage (-10 to 10V) configuration of the analog input terminals 53 and 54 respectively.

Switch S801 (BUS TER.) can be used to enable termination on the RS-485 port (terminals 68 and 69).

See drawing Diagram showing all electrical terminals in section Electrical Installation.

Default setting:

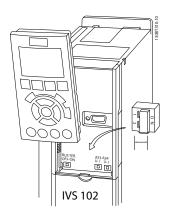
S201 (A53) = OFF (voltage input)

S202 (A54) = OFF (voltage input)

S801 (Bus termination) = OFF

NOTE

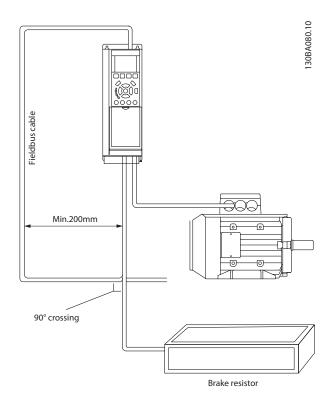
When changing the function of S201, S202 or S801 be careful not to use force for the switch over. It is recommended to remove the LCP fixture (cradle) when operating the switches. The switches must not be operated with power on the frequency converter.



3.1.5 Cable Routing

The BACnet communication cable must be kept away from motor and brake resistor cables to avoid coupling of high frequency noise from one cable to the other. Normally a distance of 200mm is sufficient, but maintaining the greatest possible distance between cables is generally recommended, especially where cables run in parallel over long distances.

When crossing is unavoidable, the BACnet cable must cross motor and brake resistor cables at an angle of 90°.





3.2 Bus Cabling

3.2.1 EMC Precautions

The following EMC precautions are recommended to achieve interference-free operation of the BACnet network.

Additional EMC information is available in the *IVS 102 Design Guide*, +&Z**#. Please also consult the BACnet master manual for further installation guidelines.

Ensure compliance with relevant national and local regulations, for example in protective earth connection.

3.2.2 Single Ground Shielding

For installing the bus cable on MS/TP, two different strategies can be followed, Single ground of shield and multiple ground of shield. Each strategy has both advantages and disadvantages. The following chapter explains the different between the two strategies. The single ground shield is specified in the ANSI/ASRAHE 135-2004 standard. The solution benefits by having only one ground connection of the shield, by doing so the possibility for ground loop of equalizing current is heavily reduced. In these systems the shield of the MS/TP cables has to be isolated from ground at all stations, except one. At each station the shield from the two cables has to be connected with each other, and isolated from ground. The best solution for this has been proven to be the use of shrink tubes. The single ground shielding is a good approach where the system uses long bus cables. If two buildings have to be connected over the same MS/TP bus cable, the use of fibre optic has to be considered. This will prevent that a lightning stroke will be carried from one building to another, and problem with difference in earth potential can be neglected.

3.2.3 Multiple Ground Shielding

If the distance between the individual drives is limited (e.g. inside a cabinet or in one control room) Armstrong recommends connecting the screen to ground at both ends of the bus cable. This ensures the maximum protection from EMC noise. Connecting the screen at each end will require that each BACnet device has the same earth potential or an equalizing current will flow in the screen of the cable and cause disturbance and poor performance of the system. Low impedance to ground connection of the screen can be achieved by connecting the surface of the screen to ground, by means of a cable clamp or a conductive cable gland. The FC 100 Series supplies various clamps and brackets to enable a proper ground connection of the BACnet cable screen.

Armstrong recommends to connect the screen to ground at both ends of the bus cable. This ensures the maximum protection from EMC noise. Connecting the screen at each end will require that each BACnet device has the same earth potential or else an equalizing current will flow in the screen of the cable and cause disturbance and poor performance of the system. Where this is not possible, the screen can be isolated from the chassis of the drive by use of shrink-tubing. It must be pointed out that the routing of the BACnet cable must be established with a maximum distance to other cables such as mains, motor cable, etc.



4 How to Configure the System

4.1 Configuring BACnet

4.1.1 Initialization Procedure

Parameter	Default Value	Setting for BACnet		
8-01 Control Site	Digital and control word	Digital and control word		
8-02 Control Source	FC RS485	FC RS-485		
8-03 Control Timeout Time	60 sec	1)		
8-04 Control Timeout Function	Off	1)		
8-05 End-of-Timeout Function	Resume setup	1)		
8-06 Reset Control Timeout	Do not reset	1)		
8-07 Diagnosis Trigger	Disable	n.a.		
8-09 Communication Charset	ANSI X3.4			
8-10 Control Profile	FC Profile	2)		

Table 4.1 General Settings

Parameter	Default Value	Setting for BACnet
8-30 Protocol	FC	BACnet
8-31 Address	1	1 ³
8-32 Baud Rate	9600	9600 baud
8-35 Minimum Response Delay	10ms	10ms
8-36 Maximum Response Delay	5000ms	5000ms

Table 4.2 FC Port Settings

³⁾ The adress setting is depending on the system and each device connected to the BACnet MS/TP must have a unique adress on this MS/TP network. Please also see section *Parameter Overview >Parameter List*.

Parameter	Default Value	Setting for BACnet
8-50 Coasting Select	Logic-or	Logic-or
8-52 DC Brake Select	Logic-or	Logic-or
8-53 Start Select	Logic-or	Logic-or
8-54 Reversing Select	Logic-or	Logic-or
8-55 Set-up Select	Logic-or	Logic-or
8-56 Preset Reference Select	Logic-or	Logic-or

Table 4.3 Digital/Bus Settings

Name	Default Value	Setting for BACnet		
8-70 BACnet Device Instance	1	1 ¹		
8-72 MS/TP Max Masters	127	Dependent on the Number of Masters in the system		
8-74 "I-Am" Service	At power up	At power up		
8-75 Initialisation Password	"admin"	"admin"		

Table 4.4 BACnet Settings

¹) Depending on your application.

²⁾ Depending on the BMS system

¹) The device instance setting is depending on the system, and each device connected to the BACnet MS/TP must have a unique device instance in the complete system.



4.1.2 Control Word Time-out Function

8-03 Control Timeout Time and 8-04 Control Timeout Function are not enabled in this version of the BACnet option.

4.2 Example of a simple setup of BACnet

This example shows the necessary steps to set up the FC102 BACnet interface with the following system requirements:

- MS/TP running at 38,400 Baud
- MAC address 20 for the FC102 on the MS/TP network
- Device Instance number 1025 for the FC102
- Highest number of a Master device is 35
- Start/stop of FC from BACnet only
- Reference from BACnet
- Read status of FC (Actual speed)

Set the following parameters:					
Parameter	Value				
8-30 Protocol	BACnet [5]				
8-31 Address	20				
8-32 Baud Rate	38,400 Baud [4]				
8-50 Coasting Select	Bus [1]				
8-70 BACnet Device Instance	1025				
8-72 MS/TP Max Masters	35				

After the parameters have been set according the table above, the drive has to be unpowered and repowered before the changes take effect. When the frequency converter is detected by the BMS, the drive can be controlled by BV:1, which will start the motor if set to [1]. Setting AV:1 will set the speed reference of the drive. The actual speed can be monitored via AV:3. See also *Analog Input- and Output Objects* section.

BACnet Objects



5 BACnet Objects

5.1.1 Analog Input- and Output Objects

Control the frequency converter from the BACnet network using 'objects'. The various types of 'objects' and their descriptions are shown in the following tables. In the following tables all available objects are shown. The availability of objects depends on the mounting of the B and/or C options.

	Object_Name	Present_Value				
ID	Default name	Parameter	Unit	Option		
AI:0	Analog Input 53	1662	%			
AI:1	Analog Input 54	1664	%			
AI:2	Analog In X30/11	1675	%	MCB 101		
AI:3	Analog In X30/12	1676	%	MCB 101		
AI:4	Analog In X42/1	1830	V	MCB 109		
AI:5	Analog In X42/3	1831	V	MCB 109		
AI:6	Analog In X42/5	1832	V	MCB 109		

Table 5.1 Analog Inputs Object Map

	Object_Name	Present_Value						
ID	Default name	Parameter	Unit	Writeable	Cmd.able	Timeout	Option	
	Terminal 42 Output Bus							
AO:0	Control	653	%	x	x	x		
AO:1	Pulse out #27 Bus Control	593	%	х	х	х		
AO:2	Pulse out #29 Bus Control	595	%	х	х	х		
	Terminal X30/8 Output Bus							
AO:3	Control	663	%	x	x	x	MCB 101	
AO:4	Analog Output X42/7	2643	V	х	х	х	MCB 109	
AO:5	Analog Output X42/9	2653	V	х	х	х	MCB 109	
AO:6	Analog Output X42/11	2663	V	х	х	х	MCB 109	

Table 5.2 Analog Outputs



	Object_Name			Present_Value					
	Default								
ID	name	Writeable	EEPROM	Parameter	Unit	Writeable	Cmd.able	Timeout	Option
AV:0	Reserved for	VFD profile	'	<u>'</u>	'	<u>'</u>	-!	-!	•
	Input								
AV:1	Reference 1	х	х	Note 1	%	x	x	x	
	Input								
AV:2	Reference 2			Note 1	%	x	x	x	
	Output								
AV:3	Speed	х	х	Note 2	%				
	PID								
AV:4	Feedback			Note 3	%				
	Motor								
AV:5	Current	х	Х	1614	Amps				
AV:6	Power	х	х	1610	kW				
AV:7									
AV:8									
AV:9									
AV:10	Reserved for	VFD profile							
AV:11		P							
AV:12	_								
AV:13	_								
AV:14		1	_		1		1	1	
	Motor				<u> </u>				
AV:15	Thermal			1618	%				
AV:16	_								
AV:17									
AV:18	Reserved for	VFD profile							
AV:19	_								
AV:20					1		1	1	
AV/-21	Operating			1500					
AV:21	Hours			1500	Hours				+
AV:22	Running Hours			1501	Hours				
AV:23	kWh Counter			1502	kWh				+
AV.23	Motor			1302	KVVII				
AV:24	Voltage			1612	V				
AV:25	Frequency			1613	Hz				+
AV:26	Torque			1622	%				1
	DC Link		1		1				
AV:27	Voltage			1630	V				
	Heatsink				†				
AV:28	Temp.			1634	Deg				
	Inverter		1		1				
AV:29	Thermal			1635	%				
AV:30	Setpoint 1			2021	%	х			
	Bus								
AV:31	Feedback 1			894	%	х			
AV:32							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
AV:33	Reserved for	P, I, D							
AV:34									
AV:35	Setpoint 2			2022	%	х			
	Bus								
AV:36	Feedback 2			895	%	х			



	Object_Nan	ne		Present_Val	lue				
	Default								
ID	name	Writeable	EEPROM	Parameter	Unit	Writeable	Cmd.able	Timeout	Option
AV:37		•	•		•	•	•	•	
AV:38	Reserved for	P, I, D							
AV:39									
AV:40	Setpoint 3			2023	%	х			
	Bus								
AV:41	Feedback 3			896	%	x			
AV:42		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	'
AV:43	Reserved for	P, I, D							
AV:44									
	Running								
AV:45	Bypass			3111	Hours				MCO 104
AV:46									
AV:47									
AV:48									
AV:49									
	Alarm Log:								
AV:50	Error Code			1530	NONE				
AV:51	Fault Code			Note 4	NONE				
	PID Start								
AV:52	Speed			2083	Hz	x			
	On								
	Reference								
AV:53	Bandwidth			2084	%	х			
	PID Propor-								
AV:54	tional Gain			2093	NONE	х			
	PID Integral								
AV:55	Time			2094	Sec	х			
	PID Differen-								
AV:56	tiation Time			2095	Sec	х			
	PID Diff. Gain								
AV:57	Limit			2096	NONE	x			

Table 5.3 Analog Values

BACnet Objects

¹ Either AV:1 or AV:2 controls the drive reference. Only one of them can control the frequency converter at a time and BV:2 decides which one.

² This value is not directly available in the frequency converter. The value must be calculated as follows: $AV# 3 = \frac{Par. 16 - 17}{Par. 4 - 13} \times 100 \%$

³ This value is not directly available in the frequency converter. The value must be calculated as follows: $AV# 4 = \frac{Par. 16 - 52}{Par. 20 - 14} \times 100 \%$

⁴ IVS 102 fault codes are transmitted as an analog value in AV:51. The Fault codes are mapped as shown in table on following page. The IVS 102 alarm codes are shown as well for comparison.



The following table shows the mapping of the FC102 alarmcodes and their mapping to the BACnet's fault codes.

Fault codes	Fault	IVS 102 Alarms	Fault Descriptions
	Code		
Communication Error	1	17, 34	Loss of communication with the network
Over Current	2	13, 40, 41, 42, 59	Instantaneous Output Current has exceeded
			inverter rated or programmed value
Over Temperature	3	11, 29, 65, 69, 74, 244, 245, 247	Heat sink Temperature Limit has been reached
Over Speed Deviation	4	49, 62	Inverter has exceeded maximum or programmed
			limit
Over Voltage	5	5, 7, 64	DC Bus Voltage has exceeded inverter limit
Under Voltage	6	1, 6, 8	DC Bus Voltage is lower than required inverter
			limit
Short Circuit	7	16	Inverter Output has shorted Phase to Phase
Ground Fault	8	14	Inverter Output Grounding Current has
			exceeded manufacturer
Motor Overload	9	10, 50-58, 222	Motor is overloaded
Inverter Overload	10	9	Timed over current fault
Over Torque Detection	11	12	Programmed limit for torque has been exceeded
External Fault	12	142	External fault has been activated in the inverter.
			This is a hard fault that must be reset
Operator Interface Error	13	-	Inverter programming or operational interface
			malfunction
Load Loss	14	3, 95, 229	Load on the Motor is less than programmed limit
			of system. An Example is a broken belt or
			coupling
Configuration Error	15	70, 76, 79, 81, 82, 91	Errors exist in the programmed or operational
			configuration of the inverter
Feedback Failure	16	60, 90, 192	Required system operational feedback (signal or
			sensor) is not responding as expected for correct
			system operation
Output Phase Loss	17	30, 31, 32	One or more of the output phases from the
			inverter to the motor are open
Motor Stall	18	99	Motor is operating in stall region and not able to
			accelerate
Power Unit Error	19	4, 33, 36, 37, 46, 228, 246	Error sensed on the power section of the inverter
Input Phase	20	-	Input single phase or low line voltage condition
Internal Drive Failure	21	23, 27, 38, 39, 47, 48, 73, 85, 86	FC102 specific fault.

Table 5.4 Mapping of Fault Codes



5.1.2 Binary Input- and Output Objects

	Object_Name	Present_Value		
ID	Default name	Parameter	Bit number	Option
BI:0	Digital input Term 33	1660	0	
BI:1	Digital input Term 32	1660	1	
BI:2	Digital input Term 29	1660	2	
BI:3	Digital input Term 27	1660	3	
BI:4	Digital input Term 19	1660	4	
BI:5	Digital input Term 18	1660	5	
BI:6	Digital input Term 37	1660	6	
BI:7	Digital input GPIO Term X30/2	1660	9	MCB 101
BI:8	Digital input GPIO Term X30/3	1660	8	MCB 101
BI:9	Digital input GPIO Term X30/4	1660	7	MCB 101
Bl:10Bl:15 are	reserved for P1660/x (MCB 115)			

Table 5.5 Binary Inputs

BACnet Objects

	Object_Name	Present_Value					
ID	Default name	Parameter	Bit number	Writeable	Cmd.able	Timeout	Option
BO:0	Digital Output Term 27	590	0	х	х	х	
BO:1	Digital Output Term 29	590	1	х	х	х	
BO:2	GPIO Output Term X30/6	590	2	х	х	х	MCB 101
BO:3	GPIO Output Term X30/7	590	3	х	х	х	MCB 101
BO:4	Relay 1	590	4	х	х	х	
BO:5	Relay 2	590	5	х	х	х	
BO:6	Option B Relay 1 Output	590	6	х	х	х	MCB 105
BO:7	Option B Relay 2 Output	590	7	х	х	х	MCB 105
BO:8	Option B Relay 3 Output	590	8	х	х	х	MCB 105
BO:9BO:	:39 are reserved for Output P590	D/x (MCB 115)	•	•	•	•	•

Table 5.6 Binary Outputs



	Object_Na	me		Present_Va	alue					
	Default				Bit				Timeout	Option
ID	name	Writeable	EEPROM	Parameter	number	Writeable	Cmd.able	EEPROM		
BV:0	Reserved fo	r VFD profile								
				CTW=047c						
				+						
	RUN/STOP			Reversing	6 reverse					
BV:1	Command	х	х	bit 15	15	х	х		х	
	REF 1 / REF									
BV:2	2 Select	х	х	Note 1	n/a	х	х	х	х	
	Fault Reset									
BV:3		х	х	CTW	7	х				
	RUN / STOP									
BV:4	Monitor	х	х	STW	1					
	OK / FAULT									
BV:5	Monitor	х	Х	STW	3, 6, 7					
	HAND /									
DV 6	AUTO			16.05						
BV:6	Reference	х	х	16-95	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
BV:7										
BV:8										
BV:9 BV:10										
BV:11										
BV:12	_									
BV:13	Reserved for	r VFD profile								
BV:14	_									
BV:15										
BV:16	_									
BV:17 BV:18										
DV/-10										
BV:19										
BV:20	Warning	I.,	I.,	I CTW	I ₂	1	T	Т	1	T
BV:20 BV:21	Warning	x	x	STW	7					
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22	Trip	x x	x x	STW	3					
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23	Trip Triplock		 	STW STW	3 6	V				
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24	Trip Triplock Coasting		 	STW STW CTW	3 6 3	x	x		x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW		 	STW STW CTW	3 6 3 15	х	х		х	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog		 	STW STW CTW CTW	3 6 3 15 8	x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset		 	STW STW CTW	3 6 3 15	х	х		х	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh		 	STW STW CTW CTW CTW	3 6 3 15 8 7	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter		 	STW STW CTW CTW	3 6 3 15 8	x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset		 	STW STW CTW CTW CTW	3 6 3 15 8 7	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset Running		 	STW STW CTW CTW CTW	3 6 3 15 8 7	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset		 	STW STW CTW CTW CTW	3 6 3 15 8 7	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset Running Hours		 	STW STW CTW CTW CTW TSW CTW	3 6 3 15 8 7 n/a	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27 BV:28	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset Running Hours Counter		 	STW STW CTW CTW CTW 1506	3 6 3 15 8 7 n/a	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27 BV:28	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset Running Hours Counter Reverse		 	STW STW CTW CTW CTW 1506	3 6 3 15 8 7 n/a	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27 BV:28	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset Running Hours Counter Reverse Speed =	X	 	STW STW CTW CTW CTW 1506	3 6 3 15 8 7 n/a 1	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27 BV:28 BV:28	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset Running Hours Counter Reverse Speed = reference	X	 	STW STW CTW CTW CTW 1506	3 6 3 15 8 7 n/a 1	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27 BV:28 BV:30 BV:31 BV:32	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset Running Hours Counter Reverse Speed = reference Bus control	X	X	STW STW CTW CTW CTW 1506 1507 STW STW	3 6 3 15 8 7 n/a 1	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27 BV:28 BV:30 BV:31 BV:32	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset Running Hours Counter Reverse Speed = reference Bus control Running	X	X	STW STW CTW CTW CTW 1506 1507 STW STW	3 6 3 15 8 7 n/a 1	x x x	x x		x x	
BV:20 BV:21 BV:22 BV:23 BV:24 BV:25 BV:26 BV:27 BV:28 BV:28 BV:30 BV:31 BV:32 BV:33	Trip Triplock Coasting CW/CCW Jog Reset Reset KWh Counter Reset Running Hours Counter Reverse Speed = reference Bus control Running Ramp 1/	X	X	STW STW CTW CTW CTW 1506 1507 STW STW STW	3 6 3 15 8 7 n/a 1 8 9	x x x	x x		x x	



	Object_Na	me		Present_Va	lue					
	Default				Bit				Timeout	Option
ID	name	Writeable	EEPROM	Parameter	number	Writeable	Cmd.able	EEPROM		
	ECB Drive									
BV:36	Mode			3110	1					MCO 104
	ECB auto.									
	Bypass									
BV:37	Enable			3110	2					MCO 104
	ECB Bypass									
BV:38	Mode			3110	3					MCO 104
BV:39										
BV:40										
BV:41										
BV:42	Reserved fo	r ECB (MCO	104) - 3110 b	oit 410						
BV:43										
BV:44										
BV:45										

5.1.3 Multi-state Value Objects

BACnet Objects

	Object_Name	Present_Value					
ID	Default name	Parameter	Bit number	Writeable	Cmd.able	Timeout	
MSV:0	Smart Logic Controller State	1638	n/a				
MSV:1	Active Setup	CTW	13 and 14	х	х	х	



5.1.4 Real Time Clock Variable

The frequency converter has a built-in real-time clock. The standard real-time clock has no battery backup function, which will lead to a loss of time if the drive is un-powered. Some BACnet Master's can be programmed to send out the date and time as a Broadcast Telegram on a regular basis. The BACnet Interface will update the real-time clock of the drive if it receives the time synchronization telegram.

5.1 Feedback to Network

The BACnet option provides several output variables (nvo's) objects to the network, containing important -, motor- and I/O feedback data. The BACnet option transmits bound network variables only and sends feedback data when there is a change in value.

Influence of the digital input terminals upon the Control Mode, 8-50 Coasting Select to 8-56 Preset Reference Select The influence of the digital input terminals upon control of the frequency converter can be programmed in 8-50 Coasting Select to 8-56 Preset Reference Select.

8-01 Control Site overrules the settings in *parameters 8-50 to 8-56* and Terminal 37, Safe Stop overrules any parameter.

Each of the digital input signals can be programmed to logic AND, logic OR, or to have no relation to the corresponding bit in the control word. In this way a specific control command i.e. stop / coast, can be initiated by the fieldbus only, fieldbus AND Digital Input, or Fieldbus OR Digital input terminal.

In order to control the frequency converter via BACnet, *8-50 Coasting Select* must be set to either Bus [1], or to Logic AND [2] and *8-01 Control Site* must be set to Digital and ctrl. word [0] or Controlword only [2].

5.2 BIBBs

ReadProperty	Execute
WriteProperty	Execute
DeviceCommunicationControl	Execute
ReinitializeDevice	Execute
I-Am	Initiate
I-Have	Initiate
TimeSynchronization	Execute
Who-Has	Execute
Who-Is	Execute



5.3.1 Object/Property Support Matrix

Property	Device	Binary	Binary	Binary	Analog	Analog	Analog	Multistage
		input	output	value	input	output	value	value
Object identifier	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Object Name	Χ	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Object Type	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	X
System Status	Χ							
Vendor Name	Χ							
Vendor Identifier	Χ							
Model Name	Χ							
Firmware Revision	Χ							
Appl. Software Revision	Χ							
Location	Х							
Description	Х							
Protocol Version	Χ							
Protocol Revision	Х							
Services Supported	Х							
Object List	Х							
Max. APDU Length	Χ							
Segmentation Support	Х							
Local Time	Х							
Local Date	Х							
APDU Timeout	Х							
Number APDU Retries	Х							
Max Master	Х							
Max Info Frames	Х							
Device Address Binding	Х							
Database Revision	Х							
Present Value		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Status Flags		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Event State		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Reliability		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Out-of-Service		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Number of States								Х
State Text								Х
Units					Х	Х	Х	
Priority Array			Х	X*		Х	X*	X*
Relinquish Default			Х	X*		Х	X*	X*
Polarity		Х	Х					1
Active Text		Х	Х	Х				1
nactive Text		Х	Х	Х	1			



6 Parameters

6.1 Parameter Overview

6.1.1 Parameter List

Parameter	Default value	Range	Conversion	Data
raiailletei	Delault Value	nalige	index	type
8-01 Control Site	Dig. and ctrl. word [0]	[0 - 2]	-	5
8-02 Control Source	Option A	[0 - 4]	-	5
8-03 Control Timeout Time	1 s	0.1 - 18000	- 1	7
8-04 Control Timeout Function	Off [0]	[0 - 10]	-	5
8-05 End-of-Timeout Function	Hold set-up [0]	[0 - 1]	-	5
8-06 Reset Control Timeout	Do not reset [0]	[0 - 1]	-	5
8-07 Diagnosis Trigger	Disable [0]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-10 Control Profile	FC [0]	[0 - x]	-	5
8-30 Protocol	FC			
8-31 Address	1	[0 - 255]		
8-32 Baud Rate	9600	[0 - 7]		
8-33 Parity / Stop Bits	No Parity, 1 Stop Bit			
8-35 Minimum Response Delay	10mS			
8-36 Maximum Response Delay	5000mS			
8-37 Maximum Inter-Char Delay	25.00mS			
8-50 Coasting Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-52 DC Brake Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-53 Start Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-54 Reversing Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-55 Set-up Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-56 Preset Reference Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-70 BACnet Device Instance	1	[1-4194304]	-	
8-72 MS/TP Max Masters	127	[1-127]	-	
8-73 MS/TP Max Info Frames				
8-74 "I-Am" Service	Once at powerup [0]	[0-1]	-	
8-75 Initialisation Password	"admin"	String[19]		

Table 6.1 BACnet Specific Parameter List

Please refer to the *IVS 102 Operating Instructions, MG.11.Ax.yy* for a comprehensive parameter list or to the *IVS 102 Programming Guide, MG.11.Cx.yy* for detailed descriptions of parameters.

Conversion index

This number refers to a conversion figure used when writing or reading to and from the frequency converter.

Conv.	100	67	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6
index															
Conv.	1	1/60	1000000	100000	10000	1000	100	10	1	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	0.000001
factor															



Parameters IVS 102 Drive Native BACnet Operating Instructions

Data type Description Type Integer 8 Int8 3 Integer 16 Int16 4 Integer 32 Int32 5 Unsigned 8 Uint8 6 Unsigned 16 Uint16 Unsigned 32 Uint32 9 Visible String VisStr 33 Normalized value 2 bytes N2 35 Bit sequence of 16 boolean variables V2 54 Time difference w/o date TimD

See the frequency converter Design Guide for further information about data types 33, 35 and 54.

6

6.2 Parameter Description

6.2.1 8-** Comm. and Options

8-01	Control Site	
Opt	ion:	Function:
		The setting in this parameter overrides the settings in 8-50 Coasting Select to 8-56 Preset Reference Select.
[0] *	Digital and ctrl.word	Control by using both digital input and control word.
[1]	Digital only	Control by using digital inputs only.
[2]	Controlword only	Control by using control word only.

8-02 Control Source

Option:		Function:
		Select the source of the control word: one of two
		serial interfaces or four installed options. During
		initial power-up, the frequency converter automat-
		ically sets this parameter to Option A [3] if it
		detects a valid fieldbus option installed in slot A. If
		the option is removed, the frequency converter
		detects a change in the configuration, sets
		8-02 Control Source back to default setting FC Port,
and the frequency conv		and the frequency converter then trips. If an
		option is installed after initial power-up, the
		setting of 8-02 Control Source will not change but
		the frequency converter will trip and display:
		Alarm 67 Option Changed.
[0]	None	
[1]	FC Port	
[2] *	USB Port	
[3]	Option A	
[4]	Option B	

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

8-03	8-03 Control Timeout Time		
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 s*	[0.1 -	Enter the maximum time expected to pass	
	18000 s]	between the reception of two consecutive	
		telegrams. If this time is exceeded, it indicates that	
		the serial communication has stopped. The	
		function selected in 8-04 Control Timeout Function	
		will then be carried out.	
		In BACnet the following variables will trigger the	
		Control Word Time parameter:	
		Analog Outputs	
		Binary Outputs	
		AV0	
		AV1	
		AV2	

8-03 Control Timeout Time				
Range:	Function:			
	AV4			
	BV1			
	BV2			
	BV3			
	BV4			
	BV5			
	Multistate Outputs			

8-04	8-04 Control Timeout Function				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select the time-out function. The time- out function is activated when the control word fails to be updated within the time period specified in 8-03 Control Timeout Time. Choice [20] only appears after setting the Metasys N2 protocol.			
[0] *	Off				
[1]	Freeze output				
[2]	Stop				
[3]	Jogging				
[4]	Max. speed				
[5]	Stop and trip				
[7]	Select setup 1				
[8]	Select setup 2				
[9]	Select setup 3				
[10]	Select setup 4				
[20]	N2 Override Release				

8-05	8-05 End-of-Timeout Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the action after receiving a valid control word following a time-out. This parameter is active only when 8-04 Control Timeout Function is set to [Set-up 1-4].	
[0]	Hold set-up	Retains the set-up selected in 8-04 Control Timeout Function and displays a warning, until 8-06 Reset Control Timeout toggles. Then the frequency converter resumes its original set-up.	
[1] *	Resume set- up	Resumes the set-up active prior to the time-out.	

8-0	8-06 Reset Control Timeout			
Op	tion:	Function:		
		This parameter is active only when the choice <i>Hold</i> set-up [0] has been selected in 8-05 End-of-Timeout Function .		
[0]	Do not reset	Retains the set-up specified in 8-04 Control Timeout Function, [Select setup 1-4] following a control time-out.		



8-0	8-06 Reset Control Timeout		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[1]	Do reset	Returns the frequency converter to the original set-up following a control word time-out. When the value is set to <i>Do reset</i> [1], the frequency converter performs the reset and then immediately reverts to the <i>Do not reset</i> [0] setting.	

8-07	8-07 Diagnosis Trigger			
Option:		Function:		
		This parameter has no function for BACnet.		
[0] *	Disable			
[1]	Trigger on alarms			
[2]	Trigger alarm/warn.			

8-09 Communication Charset Option: Function: [0] * ISO 8859-1 [1] ANSI X3.4

8-30 Protocol

Option:		otion:	Function:	
	[5]	BACnet	Communication according to the BACnet protocol as	
			described in FC 100 Native BACnet Operating	
			Instructions.	

8-31 Address		
Ra	nge:	Function:
1. *	[1 127.]	Sets the drives MAC ID on the MS/TP network.

8-32 Baud Rate Option: Function: Baud rate selection depends on Protocol selection in 8-30 Protocol. [2] 9600 Baud [3] 19200 Baud [4] * 38400 Baud

Default refers to the FC Protocol.

76800 Baud

8-33	8-33 Parity / Stop Bits			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Parity and Stop Bits for the protocol 8-30 Protocol using the FC Port. For some of the protocols, not all options will be visible. Default depends on the protocol selected.		
[0] *	Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit			
[1]	Odd Parity, 1 Stop Bit			
[2]	No Parity, 1 Stop Bit			
[3]	No Parity, 2 Stop Bits			

8-35 Minimum Response Delay			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[5 10000.	Specify the minimum delay time	
	ms]	between receiving a request and	
		transmitting a response. This is used	
		for overcoming modem turnaround	
		delays.	

8-36 Maximum Response Delay		
Range:	Range: Function:	
Size related*	[11 10001. ms]	Specify the maximum permissible delay time between transmitting a request and receiving a response. Exceeding this delay time will cause control word time-out.

8-37 Maximum Inter-Char Delay			
Range:	Function:		
Size related*	[0.00 - 35.00	Specify the maximum permissible	
	ms]	time interval between receipt of two	
		bytes. This parameter activates time-	
		out if transmission is interrupted.	

8-50	8-50 Coasting Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the coasting function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the bus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

8-52	8-52 DC Brake Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the DC brake via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	



8-53 Start Select		ct
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select control of the frequency converter start function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.

8-54	8-54 Reversing Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter reverse function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0] *	Digital input	Activates Reverse command via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Reverse command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Reverse command via the fieldbus/ serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3]	Logic OR	Activates Reverse command via the fieldbus/ serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

NOTE

This parameter is active only when 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and control word.

8-55	8-55 Set-up Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter set-up selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates the set-up selection via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates the set-up selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates the set-up selection via the fieldbus/ serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activate the set-up selection via the fieldbus/ serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

8-56	8-56 Preset Reference Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter Preset Reference selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Preset Reference selection via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Preset Reference selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates the Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

0 = 0	D 4 C 4		
-3-70	BACnet	DAVICA	Instance

Range:		Function:
	0 - 4194302	The Device Instance number must be unique
		for the complete BACnet, not only for this
		MS/TP Branch.
1 *	[0 - 4194302]	Enter a unique ID number for the BACnet
		device.

8-72 MS/TP Max Masters

Option: Function:

0 - 127	Define the address of the master which holds the
	highest address in this network. Decreasing this value
	optimises polling for the token.

8-73 MS/TP Max Info Frames

Range:		Function:
	1 - 65534	Define how many info/data frames the device is
		allowed to send while holding the token.
1*	[1 - 65534]	Define how many info/data frames the device is
		allowed to send while holding the token.

8-74 "I-Am" Service				
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Send at power-			
	up			
[1]	Continuously	Choose whether the device should send		
		the "I-Am" service message only at power-		
		up or continuously with an interval of		
		approx. 1 min.		

8-75 Initialisation Password

Range:		Function:
[Size	0 - 0	Enter the password needed for execution of
related]		Drive Re-initialisation from BACnet.
0 *	[0 - 0]	Enter the password needed for execution of
		Drive Re-initialisation from BACnet.



7 Troubleshooting

7.1 Alarm, Warning and Extended Status Word

7.1.1 Alarm and Warning Messages

General

There is a clear distinction between alarms and warnings. In the event of an alarm, the frequency converter will enter a fault condition. After the cause for the alarm has been cleared, the master must acknowledge the alarm message in order to start operation of the frequency converter again. A warning, on the other hand, may appear when a warning condition arises, then disappear when conditions return to normal without interfering with the process.

Alarm Word and Warning Word are shown on the display in Hex format. If there is more than one warning or alarm, a sum of all warnings or alarms will be shown. Warning Word and Alarm Word are displayed in par. 16-90 to 16-95. For more information on the individual alarms and warnings, please refer to: *IVS 102 Design Guide*.

Warnings

All warnings within the frequency converter are represented by a single bit within a Warning Word. A Warning Word is always an action parameter. Bit status FALSE [0] means no warning, while bit status TRUE [1] means warning. Each bit status has a corresponding text string message. In addition to the Warning Word message the master will also be notified via a change to bit 7 in the status word.

Alarms

Following an alarm message the frequency converter will enter a fault condition. Only after the fault has been rectified and the master has acknowledged the alarm message by setting bit 3 in the Control Word, can the FC resume operation. All alarms within the FC are represented by a single bit within an Alarm Word. An Alarm Word is always an action parameter. Bit status FALSE [0] means no alarm, while bit status TRUE [1] means alarm.



7.1.2 Alarm Words

16-90 Alarm Word

Bit	Alarm Word
(Hex)	(16-90 Alarm Word)
0000001	Brake check
00000002	Power card over temperature
0000004	Earth fault
00000008	Ctrl. card over temperature
0000010	Control word timeout
00000020	Over current
0000040	Torque limit
08000000	Motor thermistor over temp.
00000100	Motor ETR over temperature
00000200	Inverter overloaded
00000400	DC link under voltage
00000800	DC link over voltage
00001000	Short circuit
00002000	Inrush fault
00004000	Mains phase loss
0008000	AMA not OK
00010000	Live zero error
00020000	Internal fault
00040000	Brake overload
00080000	Motor phase U is missing
00100000	Motor phase V is missing
00200000	Motor phase W is missing
00400000	Fieldbus fault
00800000	24V supply fault
01000000	Mains failure
02000000	1.8V supply fault
04000000	Brake resistor short circuit
08000000	Brake chopper fault
10000000	Option change
20000000	Drive initialised
4000000	Safe Stop
80000000	Not used

16-91 Alarm Word 2

Bit	Alarm Word 2
(Hex)	(16-91 Alarm Word 2)
0000001	Service Trip, read / Write
00000002	Reserved
0000004	Service Trip, Typecode / Sparepart
8000000	Reserved
0000010	Reserved
00000020	No Flow
0000040	Dry Pump
0800000	End of Curve
00000100	Broken Belt
00000200	Not used
00000400	Not used
00000800	Reserved
00001000	Reserved
00002000	Reserved
00004000	Reserved
0008000	Reserved
00010000	Reserved
00020000	Not used
00040000	Fans error
00080000	ECB error
00100000	Reserved
00200000	Reserved
00400000	Reserved
0080000	Reserved
01000000	Reserved
02000000	Reserved
04000000	Reserved
08000000	Reserved
10000000	Reserved
20000000	Reserved
4000000	Reserved
80000000	Reserved



7.1.3 Warning Words

16-92 Warning Word

Bit	Warning Word
(Hex)	(16-92 Warning Word)
0000001	Brake check
00000002	Power card over temperature
0000004	Earth fault
0000008	Ctrl. card over temperature
0000010	Control word timeout
00000020	Over current
00000040	Torque limit
00000080	Motor thermistor over temp.
00000100	Motor ETR over temperature
00000200	Inverter overloaded
00000400	DC link under voltage
00000800	DC link over voltage
00001000	DC link voltage low
00002000	DC link voltage high
00004000	Mains phase loss
0008000	No motor
00010000	Live zero error
00020000	10V low
00040000	Brake resistor power limit
00080000	Brake resistor short circuit
00100000	Brake chopper fault
00200000	Speed limit
00400000	Fieldbus comm. fault
00800000	24V supply fault
01000000	Mains failure
02000000	Current limit
04000000	Low temperature
08000000	Voltage limit
10000000	Encoder loss
20000000	Output frequency limit
4000000	Not used
80000000	Not used

16-93 Warning Word 2

Bit	Warning Word 2
(Hex)	(16-93 Warning Word 2)
0000001	Start Delayed
0000002	Stop Delayed
0000004	Clock Failure
8000000	Reserved
0000010	Reserved
00000020	No Flow
00000040	Dry Pump
00000080	End of Curve
00000100	Broken Belt
00000200	Not used
00000400	Reserved
0080000	Reserved
00001000	Reserved
00002000	Reserved
00004000	Reserved
0008000	Reserved
00010000	Reserved
00020000	Not used
00040000	Fans warning
00080000	ECB warning
00100000	Reserved
00200000	Reserved
00400000	Reserved
00800000	Reserved
01000000	Reserved
02000000	Reserved
04000000	Reserved
08000000	Reserved
1000000	Reserved
2000000	Reserved
4000000	Reserved
80000000	Reserved

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