

Design Envelope 4200H & 4280

End suction horizontal
pumping units with DEPM
IVS and IVS drive

Installation and operating instructions

File No: 103.80
Date: JANUARY 13, 2025
Supersedes: 103.80
Date: DECEMBER 05, 2023

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This manual contains specific information regarding the safe installation, operation and maintenance of Armstrong Design Envelope pumps. Read this manual carefully before installing or using the product. If clarification is needed on any point please contact Armstrong quoting the equipment serial number.

1.1 PRECAUTIONS

1.1.1 INSTRUCTIONS FOR SAFE USE



No installation of this equipment should take place unless this document has been studied and understood. Handling, transportation and installation of this equipment should only undertaken by trained personnel with proper use of lifting equipment. See later diagrams for lifting advice. Refer to the pump nameplate for pump speed, pressure and temperature limitations. The limits stated must not be exceeded without written permission from Armstrong.

1.1.2 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Install the Design Envelope unit with adequate access for routine maintenance. A minimum of 2" (50 mm) clearance is required at the fan inlet to facilitate airflow. Where several Design Envelope units are installed in close proximity, care must be taken to ensure that there is no re-circulation of exhausted warm air.

Under normal operating conditions the pump surface temperature may reach 68°C/ 155°F (Restricted Zone) to 80°C/176°F (Unrestricted Zone). Steps should be taken to minimize contact or warn operators/users that normal operating conditions will be exceeded. In certain cases where the temperature of the pumped liquid exceeds the above stated temperature levels, pump casing temperatures may exceed 100°C/212°F and not withstanding pump insulation techniques appropriate measures must be taken to minimize risk for operating personnel. The ambient temperature for standard motors must be no greater than 113°F/45°C.

1.1.3 ENCLOSURE RATING



The standard enclosure rating for Design Envelope 4200H and Design Envelope 4280 integrated controls is UL Type 12 / IP55. If the pump is to be installed in a wet or dusty environment, then a higher enclosure rating may be required (contact Armstrong).

1.1.4 NOISE LEVELS

1.1.4.1 DE IVS PUMPS

Typical Pumping Unit Sound Pressure Level, Decibels, A-Weighted, at 1 m (3 ft.) from unit.

FRAME DESIGNATION	1200 RPM		1800 RPM		3600 RPM	
	TEFC		TEFC		TEFC	
	hp	db-a	hp	db-a	hp	db-a
140	1	58	1-2	64	1.5-2	79
180	1.5-2	61	3-5	68	3-5	82
210	3-5	65	7.5-10	73	7.5-10	85
250	7.5-10	69	15-20	78	15-20	88
280	15-20	74	25-30	82	25-30	89
320	25-30	77	40-50	83	40-50	94
360	40-50	80	60-75	89	60-75	95
400	60-75	84	100	92	100	96
440	100-125	88	125	96	125	98

1.1.4.2 DEPM IVS PUMPS

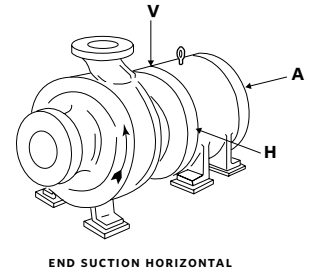
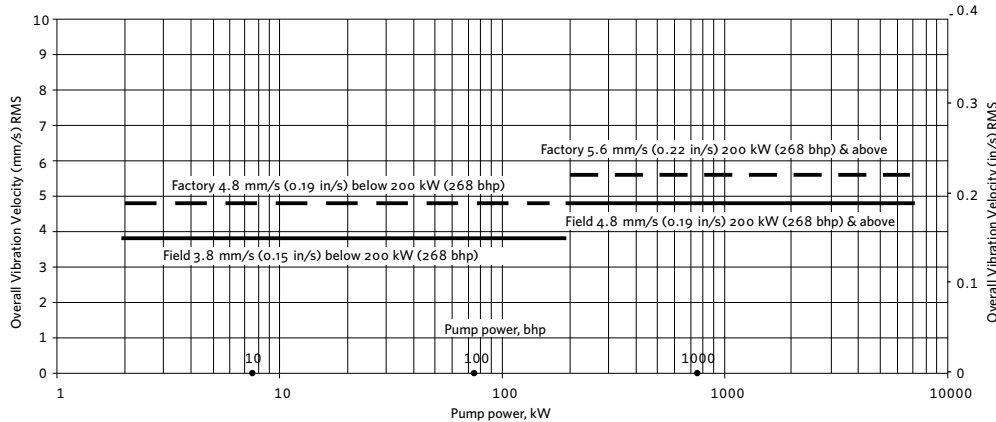
Motor Maximum Sound Pressure Level

PUMP MODEL	HP	[dBA]
2506B-015.0	15	74
2506B-020.0	20	78
2506B-025.0	25	78
2506B-030.0	30	78
0306C-015.0	15	74
0306C-020.0	20	74
0306C-025.0	25	78
0306C-030.0	30	78
0306C-040.0	40	78
0406-015.0	15	74
0406H-015.0	15	74
0406-020.0	20	74
0406H-020.0	20	74
0406-025.0	25	78
0406-030.0	30	78
0406-040.0	40	78
0406-050.0	50	78

Sound pressure level measurements made in accordance with ISO 3746, ± 3dB tolerance (measuring level A-Weighted) Data based on motor frames at 380-480V. Audible noise is mainly from the motor fan and will be reduced when operating at part load

1.1.5 VIBRATION LEVELS

Armstrong end-suction horizontal pumps are designed to meet vibration levels set by Hydraulic Institute Standard H1 Pump Vibration 9.6.4. Standard levels are as detailed below



1.1.6 STORAGE

Pumps not immediately placed into service, or removed from service and stored, must be properly prepared to prevent excessive rusting. Pump port protection plates must not be removed until the pump is ready to connect to the piping.

Rotate the shaft periodically (at least monthly) to keep rotating element free and bearings fully functional.

For long term storage (longer than three months), the pump must be placed in a vertical position in a dry environment.

Internal rusting can be prevented by removing the plugs at the top and bottom of the casing and drain or air blow out all water to prevent rust buildup or the possibility of freezing. Be sure to reinstall the plugs when the unit is made operational. Rust proofing or packing the casing with moisture absorbing material and covering the flanges is acceptable. When returning to service be sure to remove the drying agent from the pump.

1.1.7 WARRANTY

Armstrong's warranty period for Design Envelope pumps is [18] months from date of shipment, or [12] months from date of installation, whichever comes first. Please refer to File 9.10US / 9.10C for full terms and conditions. To receive an additional [6] months of standard coverage, owner may register the pump unit at www.armstrongfluidtechnology.com/warrantyregistration

1.1.8 UNCRATING

Armstrong pumping units are thoroughly inspected before shipment to assure they meet with your order requirements. After removing the pump from the packaging, make sure the equipment is in good order and that all components are received as called for on the packing list. Any shortages or damage should be reported immediately. Use extreme care in handling the unit, placing slings and hooks carefully so that stress will not be imposed on the integrated controller, pump or motor. **Never place cable slings around the pump shaft or integrated controls.** The eye bolts or lifting lugs on the motor are intended for lifting only the motor and not the complete unit.

1.1.9 HANDLING DESIGN ENVELOPE 4200H & 4280 PUMPING UNITS

1.1.9.1 DE IVS UNITS

Design Envelope pumping units Series DE 4200H end-suction base mounted & DE 4280 end-suction close coupled units bring the convenience of 'plug & play' units, as pre-set controls are an integral component of the UL STD 778 & CSA STD C22.2 No 108 certified pumping units. These controls, though adding typical high value from lower installed cost for the installing contractor and inherent energy savings for the building owner, involve integrated controls that are not delicate though do need more care during installation than standard pump and motor components and must be handled accordingly.

Spacer bars for lifting straps or chains, may be used to ensure the straps or chains do not exert pressure the pump and motor housings and really must be used, with extra care, around the controls housing.

FIG 1.1 LIFTING HORIZONTAL DESIGN ENVELOPE PUMPS USING SPACER BEAMS

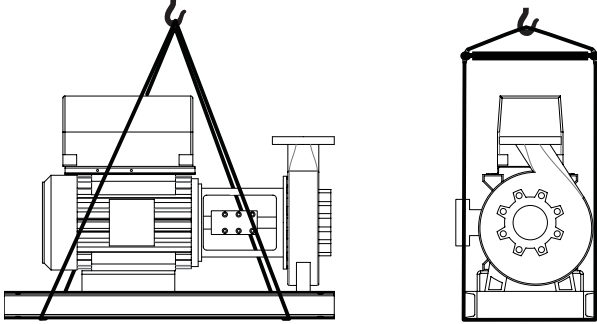


FIG 1.2 LIFTING HORIZONTAL DESIGN ENVELOPE PUMPS USING BASE LIFTING HOLES

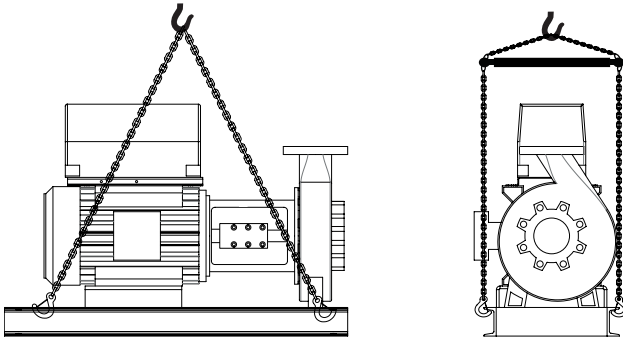
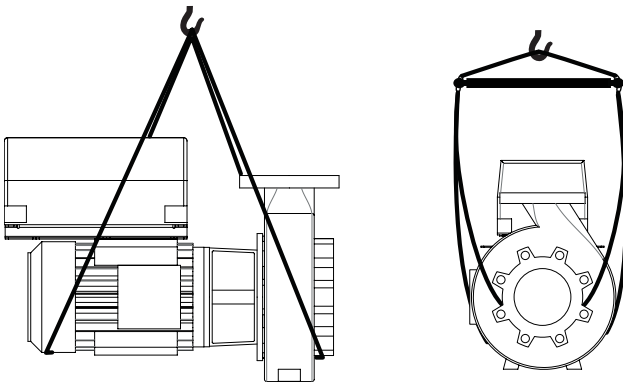


FIG 1.3 LIFTING CLOSE COUPLED DESIGN ENVELOPE PUMPS



1.1.9.2 DEPM IVS UNIT

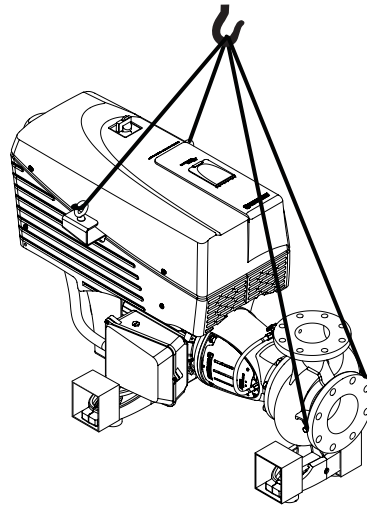
To handle Design Envelope 4200H units when received on site, secure the pallet after uncovering the unit, then hook straps as detailed below and in **FIG 1.4** to lift the pumping unit. Connect one set of lifting straps to the lifting rings on each side of the integrated motor. A second lifting strap should be secured around the suction nozzle.

Extra care is required to ensure the integrated controls do not get damaged during lifting and installation. As the lifting device is engaged (using a spacer bar if necessary) and the straps

tighten, ensure no part of the strapping is touching any part of the control or motor fan cover.

The Design Envelope 4200H DEPM IVS pumping units are equipped with integral vibration isolators. Note that the springs are temporarily secured to the pumping unit by 4 sets of packaging sleeves. These must be removed once the pumps are positioned in place.

FIG 1.4



IMPORTANT:



Do not run the pump for any length of time under very low flow conditions or with the discharge valve closed. To do so could cause the water in the casing to reach super heated steam conditions and will cause premature failure and could cause serious and dramatic damage to the pump and surrounding area.

1.2 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

1.2.1 LOCATION

In open systems, locate the unit as close as practical to the liquid being pumped, with a short, direct suction pipe. Ensure adequate space is left above and around the unit for operation, maintenance, service and inspection of parts.

In closed systems, where possible, the pumps should be installed immediately downstream of the expansion tank / make-up connection. This is the point of zero pressure change and is necessary for effective pump operation. Do not install more than one expansion tank connection into any closed hydronic system. Electric motor driven pumps should not be located in damp or dusty location without special protection.

Airflow into the motor and/or motor fan should not be obstructed.

It is good practice to leave sufficient space around equipment for maintenance and service needs. If the Design Envelope controls are supplied with integral disconnect switches, 36"/1 meter clearance may be required in front of the controls to meet local electrical codes.

1.2.2 INSTALLATION

1.2.2.1 DE IVS UNITS

The following text and illustrations are offered as general suggestions for the preparation of a satisfactory foundation.

Foundation should be sufficiently substantial to absorb any vibration and permanently support the baseplate at all points. This is essential in maintaining the alignment of a direct coupled unit.

If the unit is to be mounted on fabricated steel work or similar structure, the unit should be set over, or as near as possible to, the supporting beams or walls and to be so supported that the baseplate cannot be distorted by any yielding or springing of the structure or base.

The (4) corner holes should be used as a minimum. All (6) holes can be used on larger bases. Secure evenly spaced straps placed under the baseplate is also acceptable for lifting the entire unit.

Horizontal Design Envelope pumping units are supplied with rigid split couplings (DE 4200H) or are close-coupled (DE 4280), as such no alignment is necessary in the field.

Place pumping unit on the foundation and insert metal wedges on either side of the foundation bolts under base plate. Leave approximately 0.75" (19mm) space if grouting.

Carefully level the unit by adjusting the wedges until base is supported in a level position

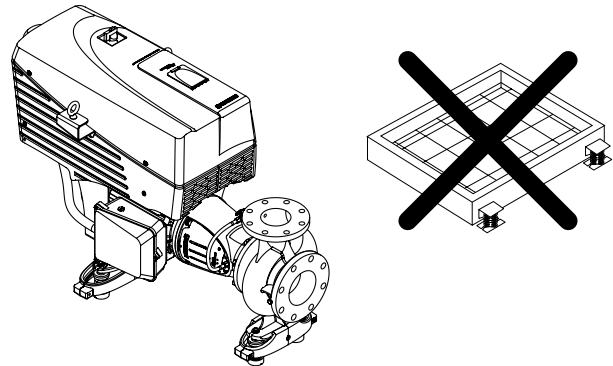
With the proper gauge, check suction and discharge flanges of the pump for proper positioning.

When the baseplate is completely level, the foundation bolts should be tightened evenly and firmly.

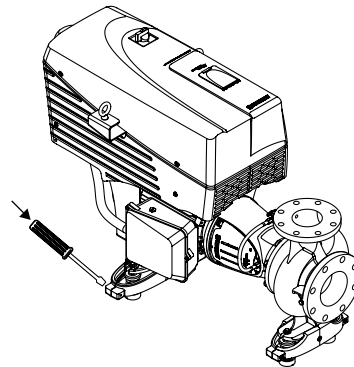
1.2.2.2 DEPM IVS UNITS

The Design Envelope DEPM IVS 4200H pumping units are equipped with integral vibration isolators and do not require inertia bases or baseplates for horizontal (shaft orientation), base-mounted installations. The vibration isolators are pre-sized for the pumping unit and will reduce the transmission of noise and vibration from the pump and piping system to the building structure.

STANDARD



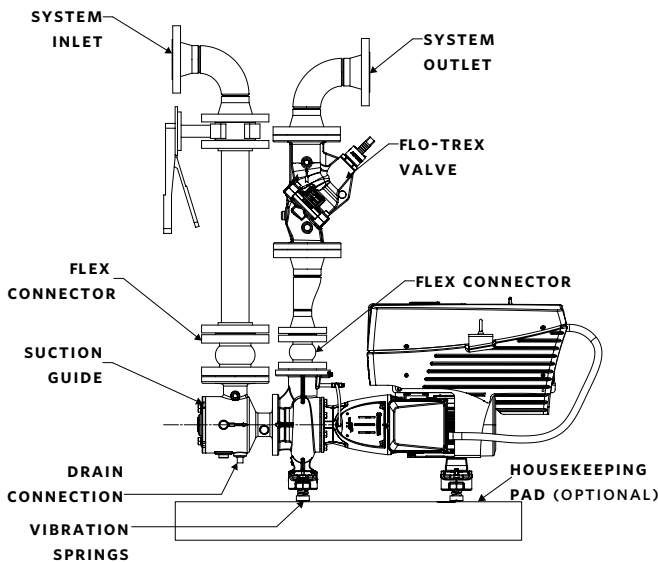
The springs use anti-friction neoprene cup mounts and prevent lateral movement of the pump. If accurate positioning of the spring cups is required, gently use a tool, such as the end of a flat-head screwdriver (or crowbar) to tap the cups into place.



1.2.3 SYSTEM INSTALLATION

Refer to **FIG 1.2.3** for the recommended installation of DEPM IVS pumping units.

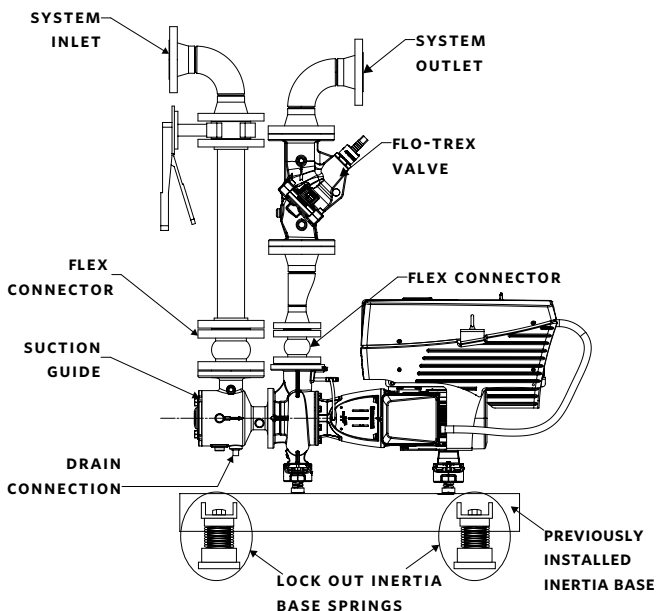
FIG 1.2.3 A



For retrofit installations where it is not practical to remove the previously installed inertia base, refer to **FIG 1.2.3B**

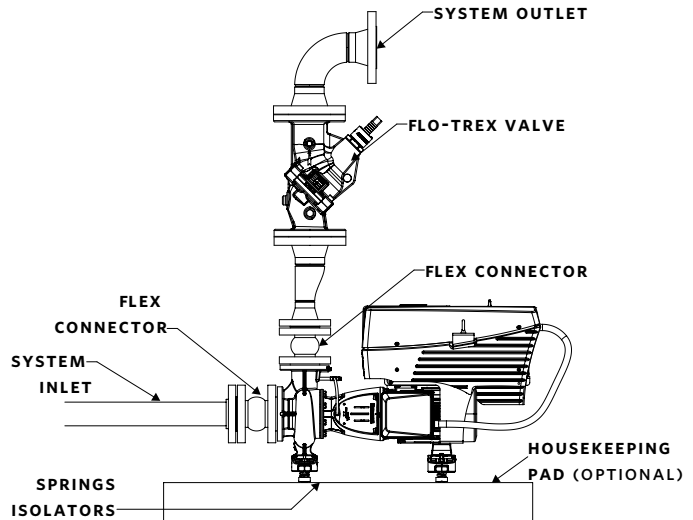
Note the springs on the inertia base must be locked out to allow the pump's integral springs to operate properly.

FIG 1.2.3B



If the installation uses horizontal inlet piping, a flex connector should still be installed before the suction port of the pump.

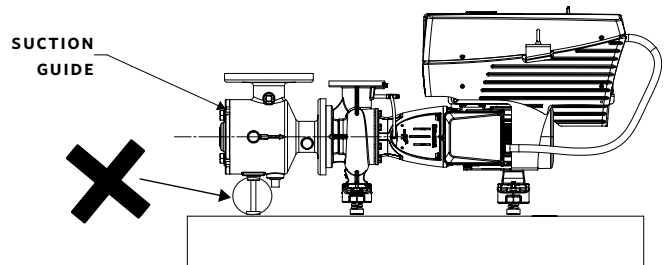
FIG 1.2.3C



1.2.4 SUCTION GUIDE

It is recommended that suction guides be mounted directly to the pump's suction port. This acts as a counter weight to the weight of the motor to ensure the center of gravity is maintained between the front and back springs isolators. A support pipe under the suction guide should **not** be used – this may transmit forces from the pump or piping system to the ground structure, resulting in unwanted noise or vibration.

FIG 1.2.4



Flex connectors should be installed directly before the suction guide (or suction port), and directly after the pump's discharge port. This will effectively isolate the transmission of noise or vibration between the piping system and the pump.

1.2.5 LEVELING

Once the pump is moved into place, the cardboard sleeves securing the springs can be removed (**FIG 1.2.5.1**). It is recommended that the DEPM IVS pumping units be leveled for general pump operation. Wooden 2x4 planks (one on each side)

should be used under the edges of the spring shrouds to provide stability during installation to the piping system (FIG 1.2.5.2).

Once water is added to the piping system, the pumps must be levelled to the final operating weight. The springs can be adjusted through the shroud openings.

Turn the adjusting nut and continue even adjustment of all mounts until all springs are loaded and mountings are back to Free and Operating Height. It is important that the mounts are all adjusted evenly by working in a clockwise or counter-clockwise pattern as the springs are adjusted. Tighten cap screws to secure equipment.

FIG 1.2.5.1

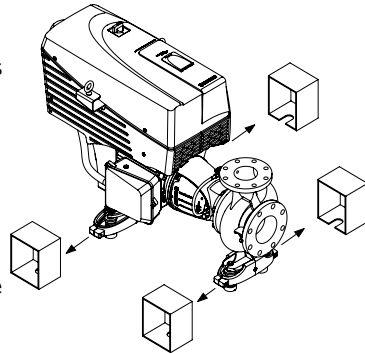
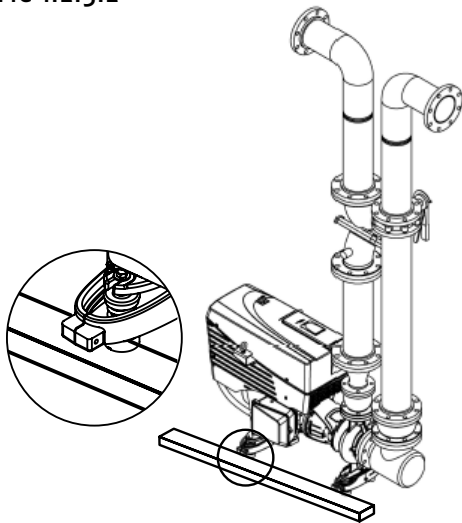
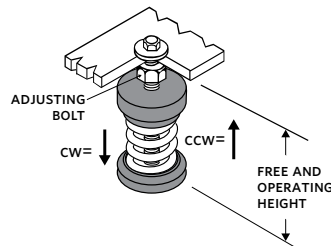


FIG 1.2.5.2



Turn the adjusting nut clockwise to increase the free & operating height, or counter-clockwise to decrease the height. The free & operating heights by pump model are listed in the below table

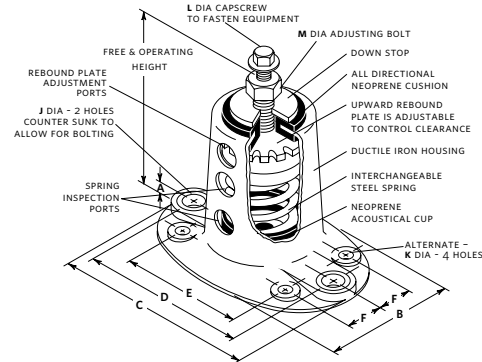
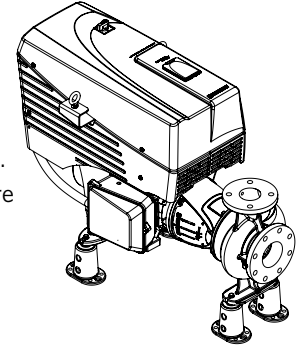


DE 4200H SPRING TYPE	FREE & OPERATING HEIGHT
Standard Spring Isolators	4.25" (108 mm)
Seismic Mount	5.65" (144 mm)

1.2.6 INSTALLATION FOR SEISMIC MOUNTS

Pumps equipped with the Seismic Mount option have seismic mounts factory pre-installed to the feet and must be bolted to the ground structure. Anchor rods may be either cast-in place or post-installed. Ensure the anchoring and mounts are installed along the long side of the pump (as shown in FIG 1.2.6)

FIG 1.2.6



Take 2 full counter-clockwise turns on each leveling bolt and continue even adjustment of all mounts until all springs are loaded and mountings are back to Free and Operating Height. Take no more than two additional counter-clockwise turns on any leveling bolt to level equipment.

Tighten cap screws to secure equipment.

Adjust plates so there is $\frac{1}{8}$ " (3 mm) clearance between top of plate and underside of all-directional neoprene cushion. Turn rebound plates clockwise to lower, or counter-clockwise to raise.

1.2.7 GROUTING (for DE IVS Units only)

Armstrong's fabricated steel base plates, as supplied with 4200H DE IVS pumps, are manufactured to ANSI/HI 1.3.5 rigidity standards for free-standing base plates. As such, no grouting in place is necessary for the base plate to hold shaft alignment of any Armstrong base mounted pumping unit. End-suction horizontal base mounted DE IVS pumping units are supplied with rigid couplings which need no re-alignment at installation or following seal service. Thus grouting is not necessary; though the following instructions are for installers who still wish to also secure the base in place with grout:

- Construct a dam around the foundation with grout forms, as shown in the illustration.
- Use a good mixture of non-shrinking grout. The grout

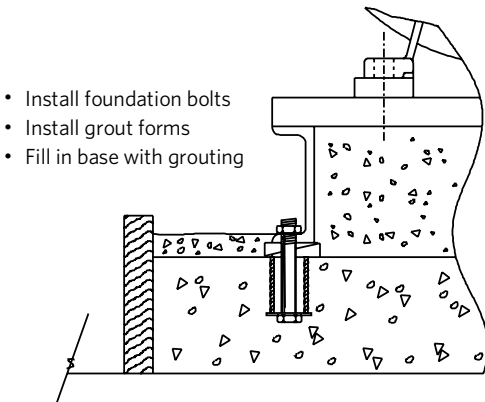
should be the consistency of heavy cream.

- Spaces are provided in the base plate to permit pouring of the cement and stirring. Fill under the base completely, stirring to assure proper distribution of the grout. Check to see that the grout flows under the base plate evenly.
- When the grout has hardened thoroughly, usually after 48 hours, final tighten the anchor bolts and remove the grout forms.

1.2.8 PUMP PIPING - GENERAL

Never connect a pump to piping, unless extra care is taken to measure and align the piping flanges well. Always start piping from pump.

Use as few bends as possible and preferably long radius elbows.



Do not use flexible connectors on the suction or discharge of a vertical in-line pump, unless the pump is rigidly mounted to a foundation.

Ensure piping exerts no strain on pump as this could distort the casing causing breakage or early failure due to pump misalignment.

All connecting pipe flanges must be square to the pipework and parallel to the pump flanges.

Suction and discharge pipes may be increased or decreased at pump nozzle to suit pump capacity and particular conditions of installation. Use eccentric reducers on suction connection with flat side uppermost.

Layout the suction line with a continual rise towards the pump without high points, thus eliminating possibility of air pockets that may prevent the pump from operating effectively.

A strainer of three or four times the area of the suction pipe, installed in the suction line, will prevent the entrance of foreign materials into the pump. 1/8" (3 mm) diameter perforations in the strainer is typical.

In open systems, test suction line for air leaks before starting;

this becomes essential with long suction line or static lift.

Install, at the pump suction, a straight pipe of a length equivalent to four or six times its diameter; this becomes essential when handling liquids above 120°F (49°C). Armstrong suction guides may be used in place of the straight pipe run and in-line strainer.

Install an isolation valve in both suction and discharge lines on flooded suction application; these valves are used primarily to isolate the pump for inspection or repair.

Install a non-slam non-return check valve in discharge line between pump and isolation valve to protect pump from excessive back pressure and to prevent water running back through the pump in case of driver failure on open systems. Armstrong Flo-Trex valves may be used in place of isolation valves and non-return check valves. Flo-Trex valves use plug & disk design which may also be used for throttling excessive system flow for constant speed pumps and, if necessary, for variable speed pumps. **Do not** throttle variable speed pumps unless absolutely necessary.

NOTE:

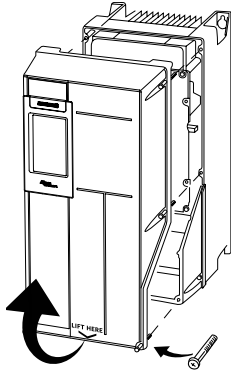
Design Envelope 4200H units are accurately aligned at the factory prior to being shipped and do not need re-aligning when installed.

Alignment on a Design Envelope 4200H unit may be verified by assuring an equal and parallel gap between coupling halves on both sides of the coupling.

2.0 ELECTRICAL SETUP

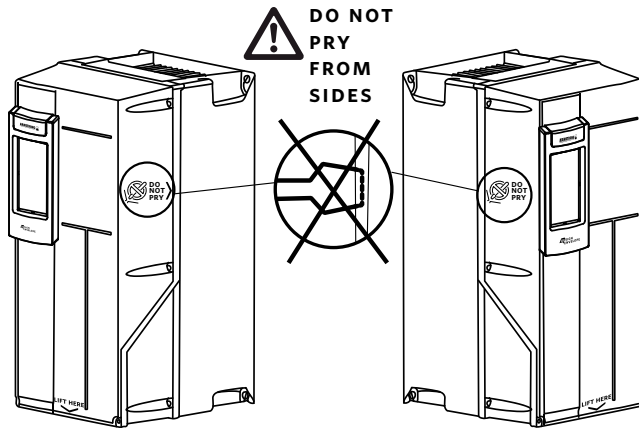
2.1 REMOVE COVER

2.1.1 DE IVS UNITS



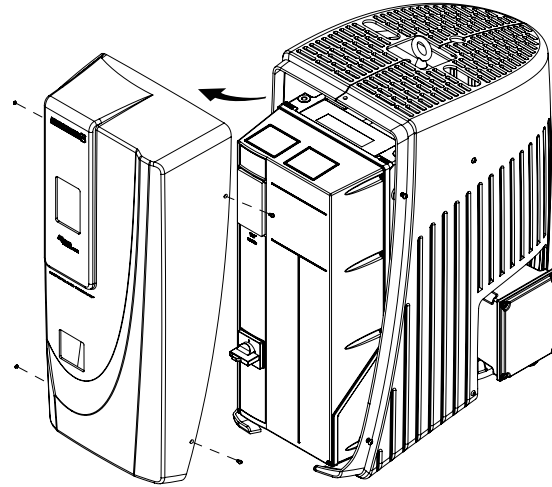
Remove front cover to access mains and grounding connections, and control terminals. Carefully lift the cover from the bottom edge to remove. **DO NOT PRY** the cover open from the side edges.

When replacing the front cover, please ensure proper fastening by applying a torque of 2Nm.

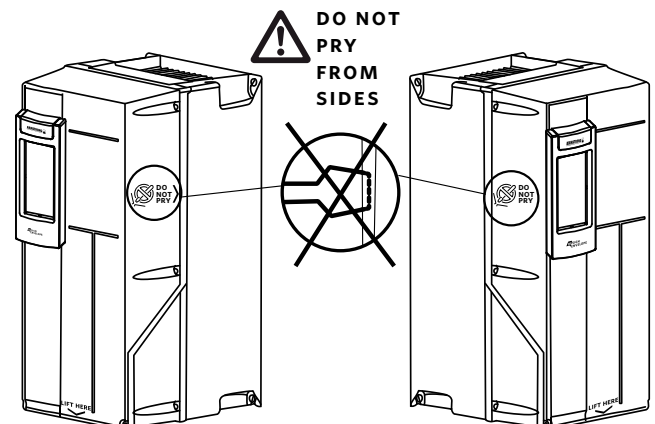
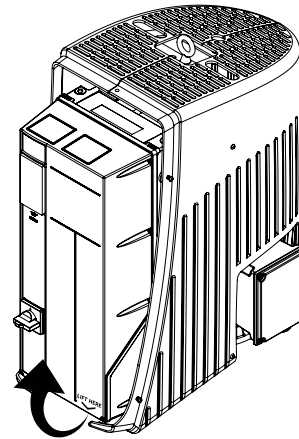


2.1.2 DEPM IVS UNITS

Remove the bolts from each side of the front red shroud.



Next, Remove front cover to access mains and grounding connections, and control terminals. Carefully lift the cover from the bottom edge to remove. **DO NOT PRY** the cover open from the side edges.



2.2 PRECAUTIONS



The standard enclosure rating for Design Envelope 4200H integrated controls is NEMA/UL type 12. If the pump is to be installed in a wet or dusty environment then a higher enclosure rating may be required (contact Armstrong)



To avoid the inverter unit getting overheated, the ambient temperature is not to exceed 133°F (45°C). Operating in higher ambient temperatures will require derating of the inverter.



All electrical connections should be carried out by a qualified and authorized electrician in accordance with local site regulations and the latest issue of the IEE regulations.



Before removing the controls cover, the system must be disconnected from the mains supply. After switching off, wait for at least 15 minutes for the capacitors to discharge before opening the cover.

CAUTION



High voltage testing (Megging) of the motor/ controls may cause damage to the electronic components and therefore should not be carried out.

2.2.1 GROUND LEAKAGE CURRENT



Ground leakage current is primarily caused by the capacitance between motor phases and the motor frame. The RFI filter contributes additional leakage current, as the filter circuit is connected to ground through capacitors.

The size of the leakage current to the ground depends on the following factors, in order of priority:

- 1 Switching frequency
- 2 Motor grounded on site or not

The leakage current is of importance to safety during handling / operation of the Design Envelope pump if (by mistake) the on-board inverter has not been grounded.



Since the leakage current is >3.5mA (approx 4-20mA), reinforced Grounding must be established which is required if EN 50178 is to be complied with. Never use ELCB relays that are not suitable for DC fault currents (type A).

If ELCB relays are used, they must be:

- Suitable for protecting equipment with a direct current content (DC) in the fault current (three-phase bridge rectifier)
- Suitable for power-up with short charging current to Ground
- Suitable for a high leakage current

2.2.2 START / STOP OF PUMP

The number of starts/stops via the mains voltage must not exceed one-time per minute.

If a higher number of starts/stops is required then the start/ stop digital input must be used (mains voltage directly connected). This is the preferred method of starting and stopping Design Envelope pumps.

The three phase mains must be isolated before performing maintenance of the pump.

2.2.3 ADDITIONAL MOTOR PROTECTION



With the exception of supply fuses / mcb's to protect the installation (for over-current and short-circuit protection), no additional overload or over-temperature protection is required (i.e. thermal overloads). Protection features include:

- Mains phase loss
- Over voltage
- Under voltage
- Electronic thermal motor protection
- Short circuit on motor terminals
- Ground fault on motor terminals
- Over temperature

2.2.4 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE DE-RATING

If the motor and integrated controls are operated at temperatures above 104°F (40°C), or 113°F (45°C) (see figures below), a derating of the continuous output current (or power) may be necessary.

Heat gain from solar loading increases the internal temperature of the controls, cumulative to the ambient temperature.

Ensure controls are kept out of sunlight per **FIG. 1.16**.

DEPMH motors (for DEPM IVS models) are rated for 1.0 SF at 55°C (131°F).

FIG 2.2.4.1: A size enclosure derating curves. Derating of full continuous output current by T_{AMB} Max and Switching Frequency

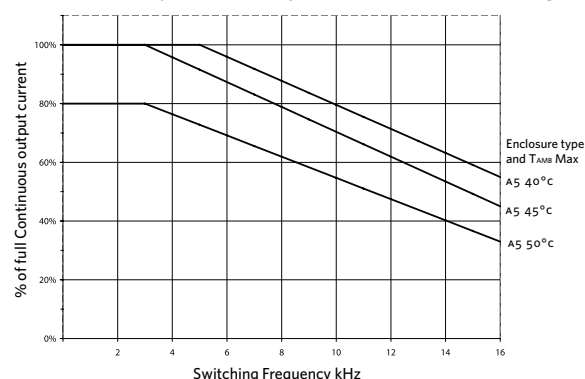


FIG 2.2.4.2: B1 size enclosure derating curves. Derating of full continuous output current by T_{AMB} Max and Switching Frequency

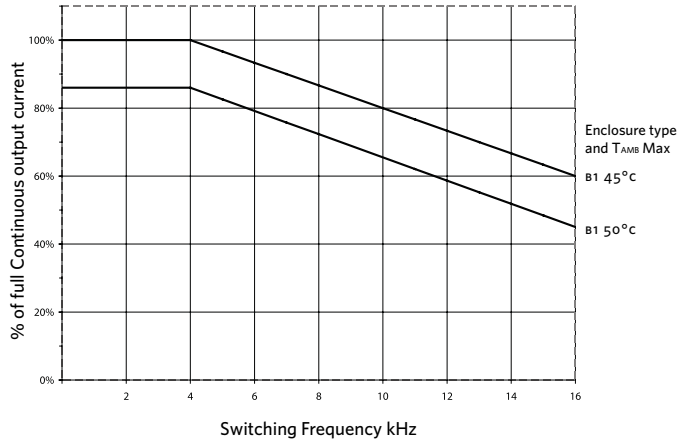


FIG 2.2.4.3: B2 size enclosure derating curves. Derating of full continuous output current by T_{AMB} Max and Switching Frequency

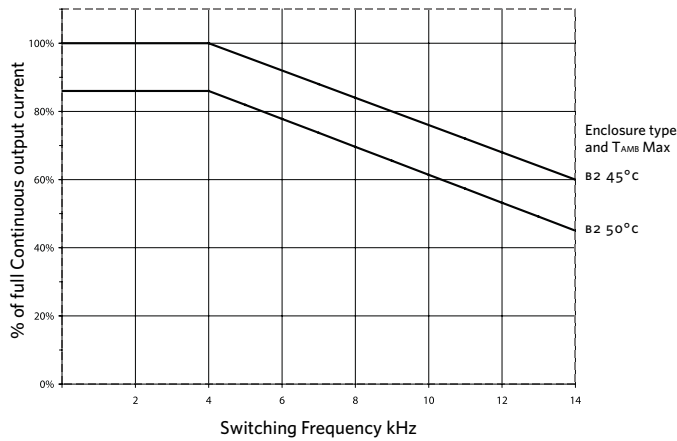


FIG 2.2.4.4: C1 & C2 size enclosure derating curves. Derating of full continuous output current by T_{AMB} Max and Switching Frequency

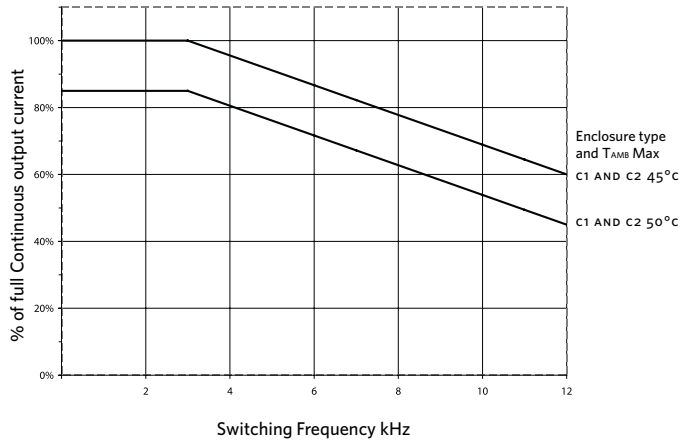


FIG 2.2.4.5: D size enclosure 380-480V derating curves. Derating of full continuous output current by T_{AMB} Max and Switching Frequency

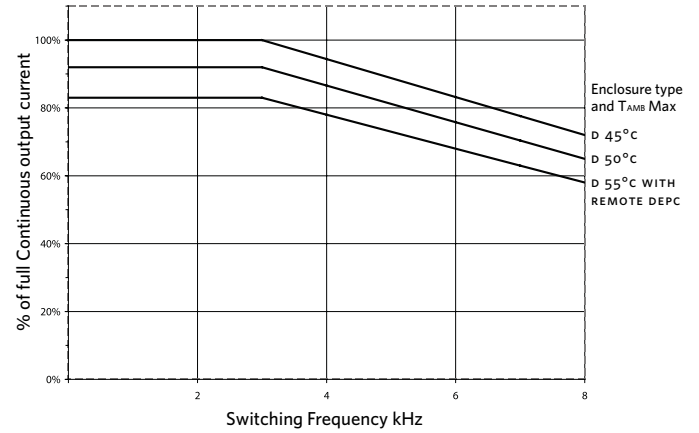


FIG 2.2.4.6: D size enclosure 525-600V excluding 315kW derating curves. Derating of full continuous output current by T_{AMB} Max and Switching Frequency

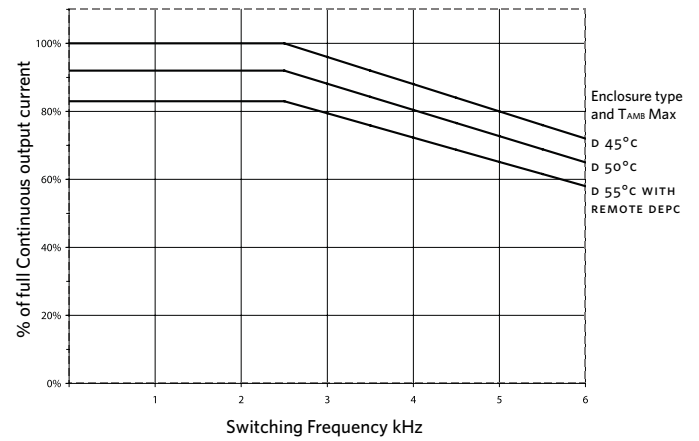
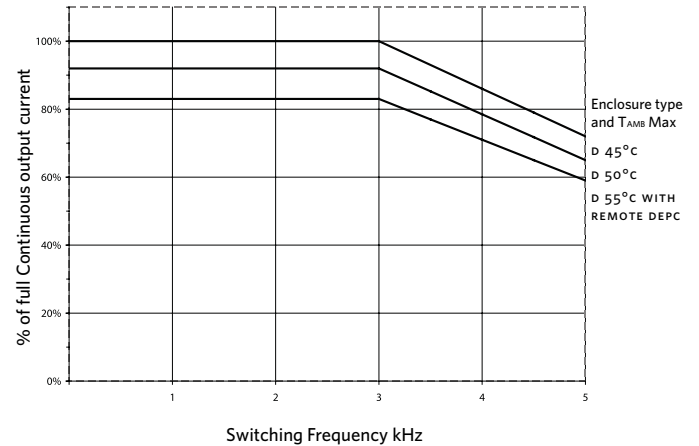


FIG 2.2.4.7: D size enclosure 525-600V 315kW derating curves. Derating of full continuous output current by T_{AMB} Max and Switching Frequency



2.3 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

2.3.1 SUPPLY VOLTAGE

The supply voltage details can be found on the ivs102 name-plate. Please ensure that the unit is suitable for the electrical supply on which it is to be used. The mains supply for Design Envelope pumps is as follows:

1 × 200-240V ± 10%
3 × 200-240V ± 10%
3 × 380-480V ± 10%
3 × 525-600V ± 10%
Supply frequency - 50/60Hz

2.3.2 GROUNDING AND MAINS



The ground connection cable cross section must be at least 10 mm² or two rated mains wires terminated separately according to local wiring standards. Always comply with national and local regulations on cable cross sections.



The mains is connected to the main disconnect switch if this has been included.



Check the mains voltage corresponds to the mains voltage of the frequency converter name plate.



Do not connect frequency converters with RFI-filters to mains supplies with a voltage between phase and ground of more than 440 v for 400 v converters and 760 v for 690 v converters. For 400 v IT mains and delta earth (grounded leg), mains voltage may exceed 440 v between phase and earth. For 690 v IT mains and delta earth (grounded leg), mains voltage may exceed 760 v between phase and earth.

FIG. 2.1 Terminals for mains and grounding

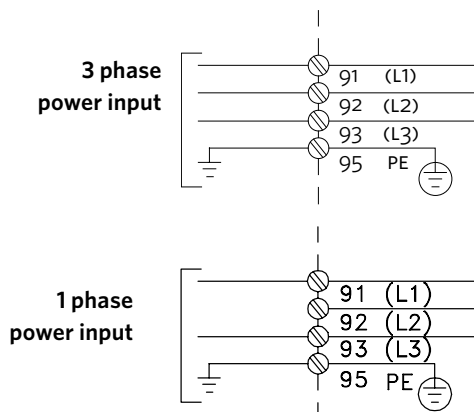


FIG. 2.2 Mains and grounding connections for A5 units (200-240V - 1.5HP 1PH/5HP and below 3PH, 380-480V/525-600V - 10HP and below)

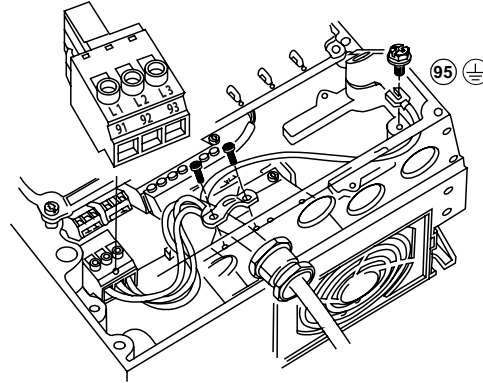


FIG. 2.3A Mains and grounding connections for B1 and B2 units (200-240V - 2 to 7.5HP 1PH / 7.5 to 20HP 3PH, 380-480V - 15 to 40HP, 525-600V - 15 to 50HP)

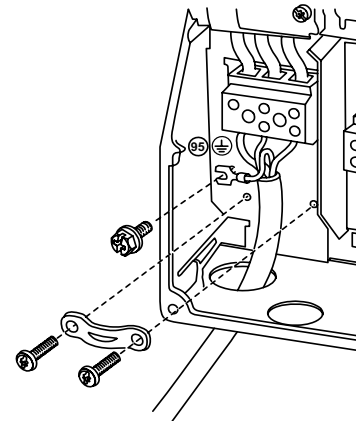


FIG. 2.3B Mains and grounding connections for C1 and C2 units (200-240V - 25 to 60HP, 380-480V - 50 to 125HP, 525-600V - 60 to 125HP)

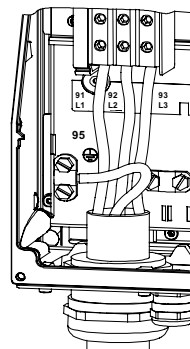
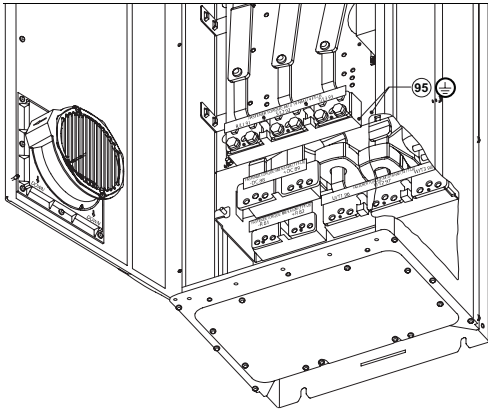


FIG. 2.3C Mains and grounding connections for D1 and D2 units (380-480V - 150 to 350HP, 525-600V-150 to 350HP)



2.3.3 RELAY CONNECTIONS

The relays on the IVS are configured as follows:

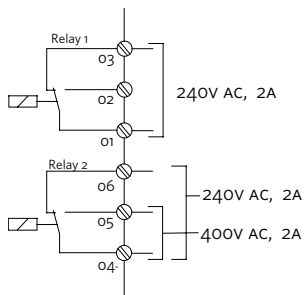
Relay 1 - ALARM

- Terminal 01: Common
- Terminal 02: Normal Open 240V AC
- Terminal 03: Normal Closed 240V AC

Relay 2 - RUN STATUS

- Terminal 04: Common
- Terminal 05: Normal Open 400V AC
- Terminal 06: Normal Closed 240V AC

FIG. 2.4 Relay contact details



The following illustrations identify the location of the relays within specific inverter sizes:

The illustrations in figures 6, 7 and 8 identify the location of the relays within specific inverter sizes:

FIG. 2.5 Relay connection: terminals for A5, B1 and B2 units

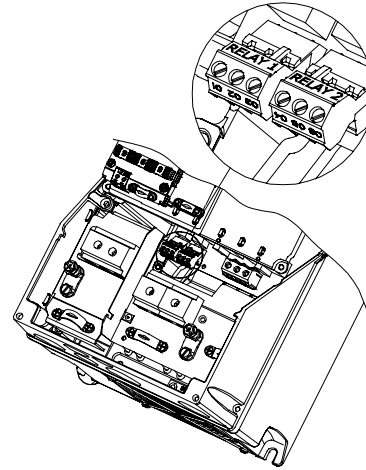


FIG. 2.6 Relay connection terminals for C1 and C2 units

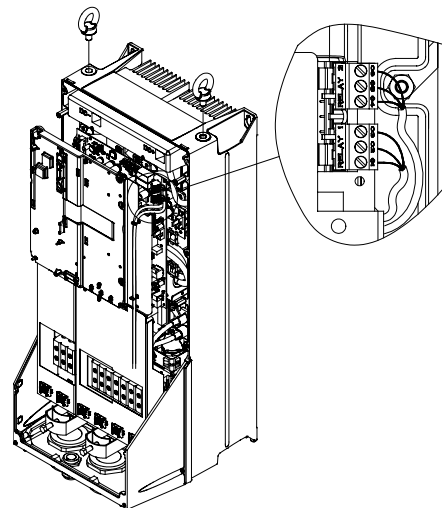
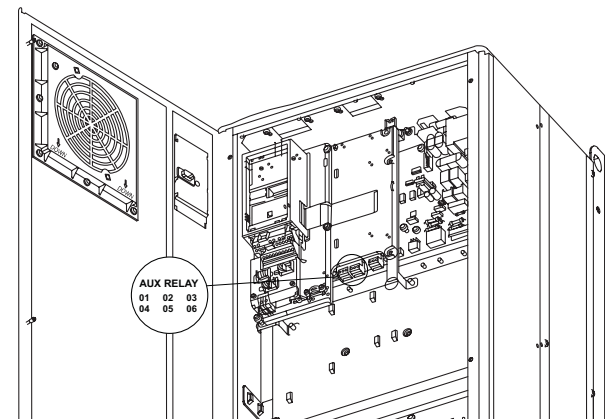


FIG. 2.7 Relay connection terminals for C1 and C2 units



2.3.4 CONNECTION TIGHTENING TORQUES

2.3.4.1 TORQUES SETTINGS (1.1-90kW DRIVES)

Tightening of Terminals

ENCLOSURE	Power [kW]			Torque [Nm]					
	200-240 V	380-480/500 V	525-600 V	LINE POWER	MOTOR	DC CONNECTION	BRAKE	GROUND	RELAY
A2	0.25-2.2	0.37-4.0		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
A3	3.0-3.7	5.5-7.5	0.75-7.5	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
A4	0.25-2.2	0.37-4.0		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
A5	0.25-3.7	0.37-7.5	0.75-7.5	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
B1	5.5-7.5	11-15	11-15	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5	3	0.6
B2	11	18	18	4.5	4.5	3.7	3.7	3	0.6
		22	22	4.5	4.5	3.7	3.7	3	0.6
B3	5.5-7.5	11-15	11-15	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
B4	11-15	18-30	18-30	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	3	0.6
C1	15-22	30-45	30-45	10	10	10	10	3	0.6
C2	30-37	55-75	55-75	14/24 ¹⁾	14/24 ¹⁾	14	14	3	0.6
C3	18-22	37-45	37-45	10	10	10	10	3	0.6
C4	30-37	55-75	55-75	14/24 ¹⁾	14/24 ¹⁾	14	14	3	0.6

NOTE: 1) For different cable dimensions x/y, where $x \leq 95 \text{ mm}^2$ and $y \geq 4/0 \text{ 95 mm}^2$.

2.3.4.2 TORQUES SETTINGS (>90kW DRIVES)

When tightening electrical connections, it is important to use a torque wrench to obtain the correct torque. Torque that is too low or too high results in a bad electrical connection.

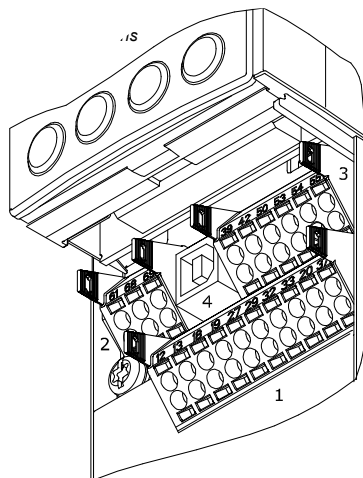
See the torque settings in Table

FRAME SIZE	TERMINAL		SIZE	TORQUE NOMINAL [NM (IN-LBS)]	TORQUE RANGE [NM (IN-LBS)]
D1h/D3h/ D5h/D6h	Line power		M10	29.5 (261)	19–40 (168–354)
	Motor				
	Load sharing				
	Regeneration				
	Ground		M8	14.5 (128)	8.5–20.5 (75–181)
	Brake				
D2h/D4h/ D7h/D8h	Line power		M10	29.5 (261)	19–40 (168–354)
	Motor				
	Regeneration				
	Load Sharing				
	Ground		M8		8.5–20.5 (75–181)
	Brake				
E	Line power		M10	19.1 (169)	17.7–20.5 (156–182)
	Motor				
	Load Sharing				
	Ground				
	Regen		M8	9.5 (85)	8.8–10.3 (78.2–90.8 in-lbs.)
	Brake				
F	Line power		M10	19.1 (169)	17.7–20.5 (156–182 in-lbs.)
	Motor				
	Load Sharing				
	Regen:	DC-	M8	9.5 (85)	8.8–10.3 (78.2–90.8)
		DC+	M10	19.1 (169)	17.7–20.5 (156–182)
	F8-F13 Regen		M10	19.1 (169)	17.7–20.5 (156–182)
	Ground		M8	9.5 (85)	8.8–10.3 (78.2–90.8)
	Brake				

2.3.6 CONTROL TERMINALS

With reference to figure 10:

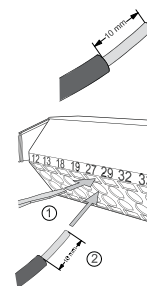
FIG. 2.9 Control Connections



- 1 10-way plug for digital I/O
- 2 3-way plug for RS485 bus
- 3 6-way plug for analogue I/O

Inserting Cables into Control Terminals

- I Strip 10mm of insulation from the cable:
- II Insert a suitable terminal screwdriver as shown and then push the cable into the terminal.
- III Remove the terminal screwdriver and check the terminal has gripped the cable by gently pulling it.



Note: Terminal plugs can be easily removed for improved access when making connections.

For connection to external devices such as start / stop switches, differential pressure sensors, or temperature sensors etc., refer to the following wiring instructions to the terminals and webserver configuration screens.

TERMINAL NO.	TYPE / DESCRIPTION	FACTORY SETTING	WEBSERVER CONFIGURATION REF
1, 2, 3	Relay 1	Alarm	G
4, 5, 6	Relay 2	Run Status	G
18	Digital Input 1	Start / Stop	A
19	Digital Input 2	Start / Stop	B
27	Digital Output 1	Alarm, Flow Threshold, Head Threshold, Run Status	E
29	Digital Output 2	Alarm, Flow Threshold, Head Threshold, Run Status	F
42	Analog Output	Speed	
53	Analog Input 1	Speed Control, Pressure Sensor	C
54	Analog Input 2	Speed Control, Pressure Sensor	D

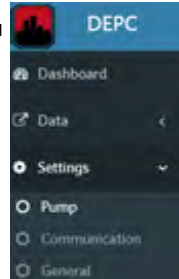
*Note that Analogue inputs AI53 and AI54 can be either Voltage (0-10V) or Current (4-20mA) input and by default both inputs are set to Voltage. Switches S201 and S202 (see figure 9) are used to configure the analogue inputs as follows:

S201 (AI53) OFF = Voltage, ON = Current

S202 (AI54) OFF = Voltage, ON = Current

WEBSERVER CONFIGURATION

Select **Pump** in the left side-menu



Startup Operation
Resume Stop

Control Mode
Parallel Inputs Manual Automatic Remote

Analog In 1 Configuration:
C No Function Speed Pressure Current Voltage
Min(mA): 4
Max(mA): 19
Min Pressure(PSI): 0
Max Pressure(PSI): 99.708435
Zone 1 Pressure Set Point(PSI): 13.005
Update

Digital Input 1:
A No Function On/Off

Digital Input 2:
B No Function On/Off

Analog In 2 Configuration:
D No Function Speed Pressure Current Voltage

Zone Pressure Control PID's:
P Const.: 0.5
I Const.: 0.2
D Const.: 0.2

Digital Functions: Enabled Disabled
E Digital Output 1 No Function Alarm Flow Threshold Head Threshold Run Status

Digital Output 2: F No Function Alarm Flow Threshold Head Threshold Run Status Threshold Level: 30 gpm

Analog Functions: Enabled Disabled
Speed Flow

Relay Functions: Enabled Disabled
G Relay 1 Alarm Relay 2 Run Status
Update

For Digital Inputs (A, B) that have been wired:

- 3 Select On/Off, then
- 4 Select Update

For Analog Inputs (C, D) that have been wired:

- 1 Select Speed or Pressure, for the control type
- 2 Select Current or Voltage,
- 3 Enter values in the text box (as applicable),
- 4 Select Update

For Digital Functions (E, F) that have been wired:

- 1 Select Enabled, then
- 2 Select one of Alarm, Flow Threshold, Head Threshold, or Run Status
- 3 Enter the threshold value in the text box (as applicable),
- 4 Select Update

For Digital Inputs (G) that have been wired:

- 1 Select Enabled, then
- 2 Select Alarm or Run Status,
- 3 Select Update

2.4 DESIGN ENVELOPE PUMP CONTROLLER WIRING

FIG. 2.10 Controller Board

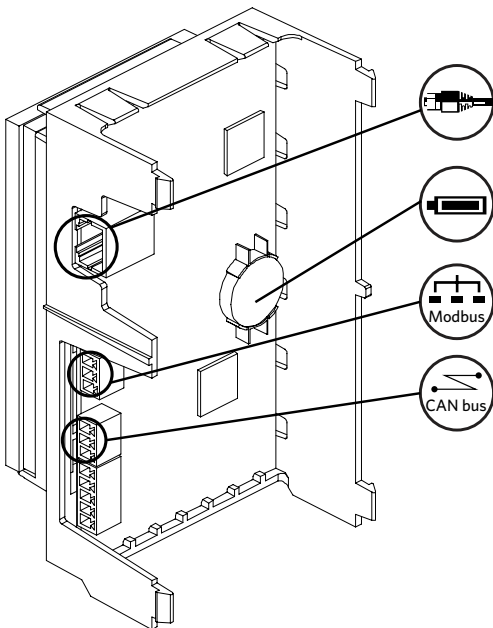
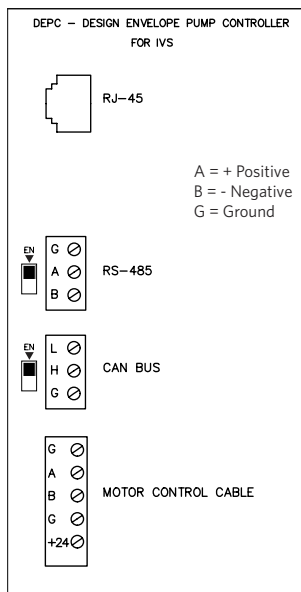


FIG. 2.10A Controller Board



2.4.1 BATTERY

The battery is used to power the real-time clock whenever the pump is disconnected from mains power. It is recommended the battery be changed periodically every 2 to 3 years.

2.4.2 ETHERNET AND WIFI CONNECTIVITY

For BACNet TCP/IP connection to building automation system, connect RJ-45 cable to this port per FIG. 2.10

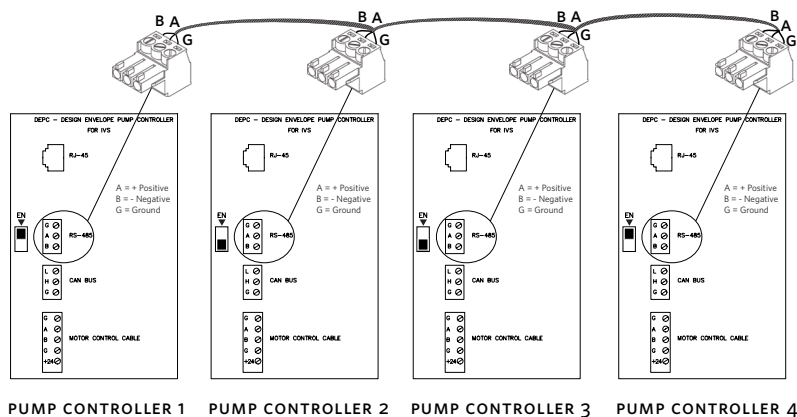
2.4.3 CAN BUS WIRING

Connections, Low, High, and Ground as per FIG. 2.10. If the DEPC requires a CAN BUS connection, ensure that the terminating resistor switch is set to Enabled, (towards the **EN** label for the BAS ports). If multiple pumps are connected in parallel for CAN BUS (supplied by others) they should be daisy chained together. Ensure that only the first and last terminating resistor switches are set to Enabled.

2.4.4 RS 485 WIRING

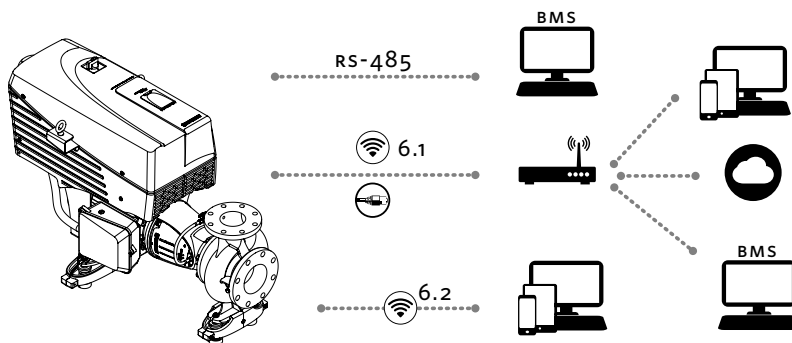
For Modbus RTU or BACNet MS/TP connection to building automation system, connect RS485 cable to this port per FIG. 2.10. If the DEPC is connected to the BAS, ensure that the terminating resistor switch is set to Enabled (towards the **EN** label for the BAS ports).

If multiple pumps are connected in parallel to the BAS, the BAS wiring (supplied by others) should be daisy chained together. Ensure that only the first and last terminating resistor switches are set to Enabled. See example below in FIG. 2.10.1



2.4.5 NETWORKING OPTIONS

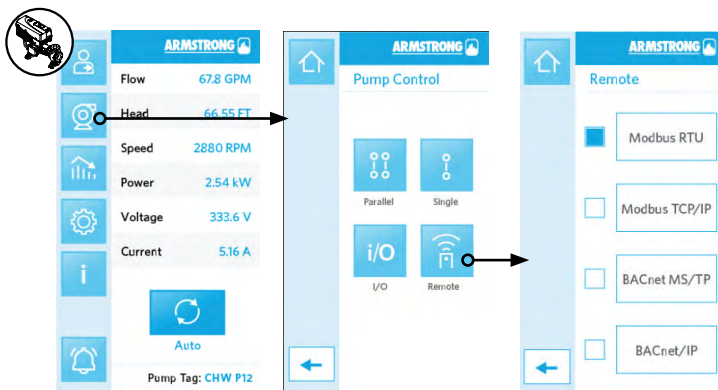
FIG. 2.11



3.0 NETWORKING CONTROLS

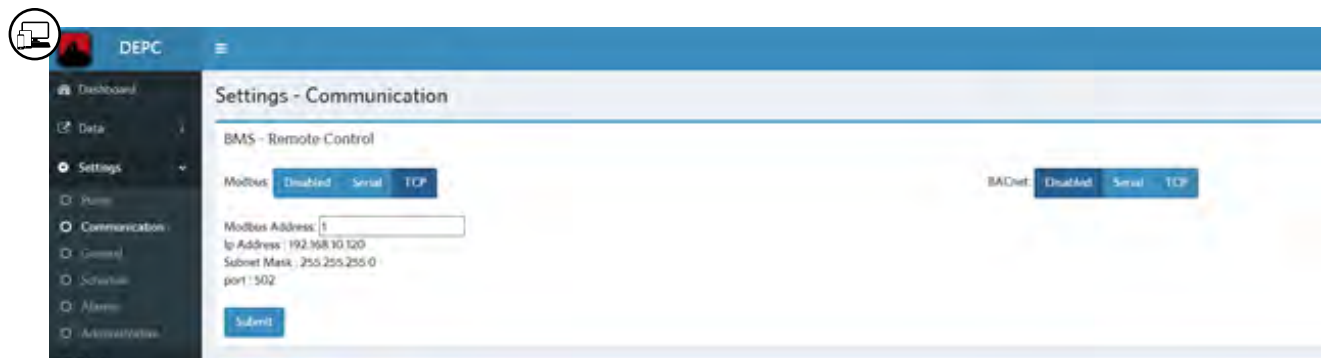
For connection to the building automation system (BAS), the pump needs to be properly configured to the network. Ensure the RS485 cable is connected to the controller board (**FIG. 2.10**). Or if connecting to the bas via router, ensure that the RJ-45 cable is connected to the controller board (**FIG. 2.10**).

The pump controls can be configured from the touchscreen or the webserver.



For BACnet MS/TP or TCP/IP: Enter the BACnet address, baud rate, and unique device instance number (as applicable)

For Modbus RTU or TCP/IP: Enter the Modbus address, baud rate, and parity stop bits (as applicable)



3.1 MODBUS REGISTER MAP - VERSION 1 - FOR FIRMWARE V1.16 AND OLDER

FUNCTION CODE		START ADDRESS	MODBUS REGISTER	DESCRIPTION	# OF REGISTERS	CHANGE DURING OPERATION	DATA TYPE	UNIT	NOTES
READ	WRITE								
0x03	0x06								
Status									
x		100	101	Actual Speed	1	N/A	UINT16	1 RPM	The current speed of the vFD in RPM.
x		101	102	Actual Speed	1	N/A	UINT16	0.1 %	The current speed of the vFD in % of the nominal motor speed.
x		102	103	Motor Power	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		104	105	Motor Input Voltage	1	N/A	UINT16	0.1 V	Voltage delivered by the vsd to the motor.
x		105	106	Motor Input Current	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01 A	Current delivered by the vsd to the motor.
x		107	108	Sensorless Head	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		109	110	Sensorless Flow	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		111	112	Total Flow	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
x		113	114	Total Power	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
x		115	116	Number of Running Pumps	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
x		116	117	Max Sensorless Flow	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		118	119	Max Sensorless Head	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		122	123	Status	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Bit: 0 = pump run status (0=not rotating, 1=rotating)
I/O									
x		200	201	Digital In	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Digital input 1 is bit 0 and input 2 is bit 1.
x		201	202	Analog In 1	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01 V, 0.01 mA	Units as configured on Pump Control Module
x		203	204	Analog In 2	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01 V, 0.01 mA	Units as configured on Pump Control Module
x		205	206	Analog Out 1	1	N/A	UINT16	0.01 mA	
x		206	207	Digital Out	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Digital output 1 is bit 0 and output 2 is bit 1.
x		207	208	Relays	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Relay 1 is bit 0 and relay 2 is bit 1.
Units									
x		250	251	Flow Units	1	N/A	UINT16	-	1 = l/s; 2 = m³/h; 3 = g/m
x		251	252	Pressure Units	1	N/A	UINT16	-	1 = bar; 2 = kPa; 3 = psi; 4 = ft; 5 = m
x		252	253	Power Units	1	N/A	UINT16	-	1 = kw; 2 = hp
x		253	254	Speed Units	1	N/A	UINT16	-	1 = RPM; 2 = %
x		254	255	Temperature Units	1	N/A	UINT16	-	1 = Degrees Celsius; 2 = Degrees Fahrenheit
Counters									
x		275	276	Total Pump Running Hours	2	N/A	UINT32	1 h	
x	x	277	278	Trip Pump Running Hours	2	N/A	UINT32	1 h	Writing 0 to this register resets the counter.
x		279	280	Total Controller Running Hours	2	N/A	UINT32	1 h	
x		281	282	Present Controller Running Hours	2	N/A	UINT32	1 h	The running hours since the controller was powered on.
x		283	284	Total Pump Running kWh Counter	2	N/A	UINT32	1 kWh	
x	x	285	286	Trip Pump Running kWh Counter	2	N/A	UINT32	1 kWh	Writing 0 to this register rests the counter.

FUNCTION CODE		START ADDRESS	MODBUS REGISTER	DESCRIPTION	# OF REGISTERS	CHANGE DURING OPERATION	DATA TYPE	UNIT	NOTES
READ	WRITE								
0x03	0x06								
Control Settings									
x		300	301	Control Mode	1	Yes	UINT16	-	1 = Parallel; 2 = Inputs; 3 = Remote; 4 = Constant Flow; 5 = Constant Pressure; 6 = Linear Pressure; 7 = Quadratic Pressure; 8 = Quad Pressure Maximum; 9 = Quad Pressure Minimum; 10 = Quadratic Pressure Max/Min
x	x	301	302	HOA State	1	Yes	UINT16	-	0 = Off; 1 = Hand; 2 = Auto
x	x	302	303	Active Parameters	1	Yes	UINT16	-	1 = standard; 2 = mode 1 (heating mode); 3 = mode 2 (cooling mode)
x	x	303	304	Minimum Speed Limit	1	Yes	UINT16	0.1	In RPM
x	x	304	305	Maximum Speed Limit	1	Yes	UINT16	1	In RPM.
x	x	305	306	Hand Mode Speed	1	Yes	UINT16	0.1	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x	x	306	307	BMS Set Speed	1	Yes	UINT16	0.1	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
Alarms and Warnings									
x		400	401	Alarms	2	N/A	UINT32	-	Refer to Alarms Table for Bit Positions
x		402	403	Warnings	2	N/A	UINT32	-	Refer to warnings table for Bit Positions
	x	404	405	Acknowledge Warnings	2	Yes	UINT32	-	32-bit field corresponding to the warning field
Parameters									
x		500	501	Standard Mode - Zero Flow Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for standard active mode. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		502	503	Standard Mode - Design Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for standard active mode. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		504	505	Standard Mode - Design Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for standard active mode. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		506	507	Standard Mode - Minimum Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for standard active mode. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		508	509	Mode 1 - Zero Flow Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 1. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		510	511	Mode 1 - Design Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 1. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		512	513	Mode 1 - Design Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 1. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		514	515	Mode 1 - Minimum Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 1. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		516	517	Mode 2 - Zero Flow Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 2. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		518	519	Mode 2 - Design Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 2. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		520	521	Mode 2 - Design Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 2. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		522	523	Mode 2 - Minimum Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 2. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
Information									
x		900	901	Pump Name / Tag name	8	N/A	ASCII	-	The pump name as a series of ASCII characters.
x		908	909	Serial Number	7	N/A	ASCII	-	Serial No. of the Pump represented by ASCII characters
x		915	916	Firmware Version	1	N/A	UINT16	00.00	Divide the number by 100 to get the major. minor version of the DEPC.
x		916	917	Hardware Version	1	N/A	UINT16	-	The Pump Control Module hardware version.
x		917	918	Modbus Version	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Version of the Armstrong Modbus version

3.2 BACNET OBJECTS - VERSION 1 - FOR FIRMWARE V1.16 AND OLDER

OBJECT ID	OBJECT NAME	READ/WRITE	COMMENTS
Status			
AV:100	Actual Speed	Read	In RPM
AV:101	Actual speed	Read	In %
AV:102	Motor Power	Read	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:103	Motor Input Voltage	Read	In Volts
AV:104	Motor Input Current	Read	In Amps
AV:105	Sensorless Head	Read	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:106	Sensorless Flow	Read	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:107	Total Flow	Read	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
AV:108	Total Power	Read	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
AV:109	No. Of Running Pumps	Read	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
AV:110	Max Sensorless Flow	Read	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:111	Max Sensorless Head	Read	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
BV:2	Run Status	Read	1 → pump is running
Counters			
AV:275	Total Pump Running Hours	Read	
AV:276	Trip Pump Running Hours	Read/Write	Writing 0 to this register resets the counter.
AV:277	Total Controller Running Hours	Read	
AV:278	Present Controller Running Hours	Read	The running hours since the controller was powered on.
AV:279	Total Pump Running kWh Counter	Read	
AV:280	Trip Pump Running kWh Counter	Read/Write	Writing 0 to this register resets the counter.
Control Settings			
AV:300	Control Mode	Read	1 = Parallel; 2 = Inputs; 3 = Remote; 4 = Constant Flow; 5 = Constant Pressure; 6 = Linear Pressure; 7 = Quadratic Pressure; 8 = Quadratic Pressure with Maximum Flow; 9 = Quadratic Pressure with Minimum Flow; 10 = Quadratic Pressure with Minimum and Maximum Flow
AV:301	HOA State	Read/Write	0 = OFF; 1 = Hand Mode; 2 = Auto
AV:302	Active Parameters	Read/Write	1 = standard; 2 = mode 1 (heating mode); 3 = mode 2 (cooling mode)
AV:303	Minimum Speed Limit	Read	in RPM
AV:304	Maximum Speed Limit	Read	in RPM
AV:305	Hand Mode Speed	Read/Write	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module.
AV:306	BMS Set Speed	Read/Write	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module.
Alarms and Warnings			
AV:400	Alarms	Read	Refer to Alarms Table for Bit Positions
AV:401	Warnings	Read	Refer to Warnings Table for Bit Positions
AV:402	Acknowledge Warnings	Write	32-bit field corresponding to the warning field
Parameters			
AV:500	Standard Mode - Zero Flow Head	Read	Value for standard active mode. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:501	Standard Mode - Design Head	Read	Value for standard active mode. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:502	Standard Mode - Design Flow	Read	Value for standard active mode. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:503	Standard Mode - Minimum Flow	Read	Value for standard active mode. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:504	Mode 1 - Zero Flow Head	Read	Value for active mode 1. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:505	Mode 1 - Design Head	Read	Value for active mode 1. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:506	Mode 1 - Design Flow	Read	Value for active mode 1. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:507	Mode 1 - Minimum Flow	Read	Value for active mode 1. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:508	Mode 2 - Zero Flow Head	Read	Value for active mode 2. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:509	Mode 2 - Design Head	Read	Value for active mode 2. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:510	Mode 2 - Design Flow	Read	Value for active mode 2. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:511	Mode 2 - Minimum Flow	Read	Value for active mode 2. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module

OBJECT ID	OBJECT NAME	READ/WRITE	COMMENTS
I/O			
AI:0	Analog In 1	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
AI:1	Analog In 2	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
AO:0	Analog Out 1	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BI:0	Digital In:1	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BI:1	Digital In:2	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BO:0	Digital Out:1	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BO:1	Digital Out:2	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BV:0	Relay 1	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BV:1	Relay 2	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module

3.3 MODBUS REGISTER MAP - VERSION 2 - FOR FIRMWARE V1.17 AND NEWER

FUNCTION CODE		START ADDRESS	MODBUS REGISTER	DESCRIPTION	# OF REGISTERS	CHANGE DURING OPERATION	DATA TYPE	UNIT	NOTES
READ	WRITE								
0x03	0x06								
Status									
x		100	101	Actual Speed	1	N/A	UINT16	1 RPM	The current speed of the vfd in RPM.
x		101	102	Actual Speed	1	N/A	UINT16	0.1 %	The current speed of the vfd in % of the nominal motor speed.
x		102	103	Motor Power	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		104	105	Motor Input Voltage	1	N/A	UINT16	0.1 V	Voltage delivered by the vsd to the motor.
x		105	106	Motor Input Current	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01 A	Current delivered by the vsd to the motor.
x		107	108	Sensorless Head	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		109	110	Sensorless Flow	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		111	112	Total Flow	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
x		113	114	Total Power	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
x		115	116	Number of Running Pumps	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
x		116	117	Max Sensorless Flow	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		118	119	Max Sensorless Head	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		122	123	Status	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Bit:0 = pump run status (0=not rotating, 1=rotating)
I/O									
x		200	201	Digital In	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Digital input 1 is bit 0 and input 2 is bit 1.
x		201	202	Analog In 1	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01 V, 0.01 mA	Units as configured on Pump Control Module
x		203	204	Analog In 2	2	N/A	UINT32	0.01 V, 0.01 mA	Units as configured on Pump Control Module
x		205	206	Analog Out 1	1	N/A	UINT16	0.01 mA	
x		206	207	Digital Out	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Digital output 1 is bit 0 and output 2 is bit 1.
x		207	208	Relays	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Relay 1 is bit 0 and relay 2 is bit 1.
Units									
x		250	251	Flow Units	1	N/A	UINT16	-	1 = l/s; 2 = m ³ /h; 3 = g/m
x		251	252	Pressure Units	1	N/A	UINT16	-	1 = bar; 2 = kPa; 3 = psi; 4 = ft; 5 = m
x		252	253	Power Units	1	N/A	UINT16	-	1 = kw; 2 = hp
x		253	254	Speed Units	1	N/A	UINT16	-	1 = RPM; 2 = %
x		254	255	Temperature Units	1	N/A	UINT16	-	1 = Degrees Celsius; 2 = Degrees Fahrenheit

FUNCTION CODE		START ADDRESS	MODBUS REGISTER	DESCRIPTION	# OF REGISTERS	CHANGE DURING OPERATION	DATA TYPE	UNIT	NOTES
READ	WRITE								
0x03	0x06								
Counters									
x		275	276	Total Pump Running Hours	2	N/A	UINT32	1 h	
x	x	277	278	Trip Pump Running Hours	2	N/A	UINT32	1 h	Writing 0 to this register resets the counter.
x		279	280	Total Controller Running Hours	2	N/A	UINT32	1 h	
x		281	282	Present Controller Running Hours	2	N/A	UINT32	1 h	The running hours since the controller was powered on.
x		283	284	Total Pump Running kWh Counter	2	N/A	UINT32	1 kWh	
x	x	285	286	Trip Pump Running kWh Counter	2	N/A	UINT32	1 kWh	Writing 0 to this register rests the counter.
Control Settings									
x		300	301	Control Mode	1	Yes	UINT16	-	1 = Parallel; 2 = Inputs; 3 = Remote; 4 = Constant Flow; 5 = Constant Pressure; 6 = Linear Pressure; 7 = Quadratic Pressure; 8 = Quad Pressure Maximum; 9 = Quad Pressure Minimum; 10 = Quadratic Pressure Max/Min
x	x	301	302	HOA State	1	Yes	UINT16	-	0 = Off; 1 = Hand; 2 = Auto
x	x	302	303	Active Parameters	1	Yes	UINT16	-	1 = standard; 2 = mode 1 (heating mode); 3 = mode 2 (cooling mode)
x	x	303	304	Minimum Speed Limit	1	Yes	UINT16	1	In RPM
x	x	304	305	Maximum Speed Limit	1	Yes	UINT16	1	In RPM.
x	x	305	306	Hand Mode Speed	1	Yes	UINT16	0.1	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x	x	306	307	BMS Set Speed	1	Yes	UINT16	0.1	Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x	x	308	309	Start/Stop	1	Yes	UINT16	-	0 = stop pump; 1 = start pump
Alarms and Warnings									
x		400	401	Alarms	2	N/A	UINT32	-	Refer to alarms table for bit positions.
x		402	403	Warnings	2	N/A	UINT32	-	Refer to warnings table for bit positions.
x	x	404	405	Acknowledge Warnings	2	Yes	UINT32	-	32-bit field corresponding to the warning field.
Parameters									
x		500	501	Standard Mode - Zero Flow Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for standard active mode. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		502	503	Standard Mode - Design Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for standard active mode. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		504	505	Standard Mode - Design Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for standard active mode. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		506	507	Standard Mode - Minimum Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for standard active mode. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		508	509	Mode 1 - Zero Flow Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 1. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		510	511	Mode 1 - Design Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 1. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		512	513	Mode 1 - Design Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 1. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		514	515	Mode 1 - Minimum Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 1. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		516	517	Mode 2 - Zero Flow Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 2. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		518	519	Mode 2 - Design Head	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 2. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		520	521	Mode 2 - Design Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 2. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x		522	523	Mode 2 - Minimum Flow	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value for active mode 2. Units as configured on Pump Control Module.
x	x	539	540	Control Setpoint	2	Yes	UINT32	0.01	Value and unit as configured on pump control mode (constant pressure or constant flow)

FUNCTION CODE		START ADDRESS	MODBUS REGISTER	DESCRIPTION	# OF REGISTERS	CHANGE DURING OPERATION	DATA TYPE	UNIT	NOTES
READ	WRITE								
0x03	0x06								
Information									
x		900	901	Pump Name / Tag name	8	N/A	ASCII	-	The pump name as a series of ASCII characters.
x		908	909	Serial Number	7	N/A	ASCII	-	Serial No. of the Pump represented by ASCII characters
x		915	916	Firmware Version	1	N/A	UINT16	00.00	Divide the number by 100 to get the major. minor version of the DEPC.
x		916	917	Hardware Version	1	N/A	UINT16	-	The Pump Control Module hardware version.
x		917	918	BMS Modbus Version	1	N/A	UINT16	-	Version of the Armstrong Modbus registers used.
x		918	919	Firmware Patch Version	1	N/A	UINT16	00	Patch version of the DEPC. To be appended to firmware version register.

3.4 BACNET OBJECTS - VERSION 2 - FOR FIRMWARE V1.17 AND NEWER

OBJECT ID	OBJECT NAME	READ/WRITE	COMMENTS
Status			
AV:100	Actual Speed	Read	In RPM
AV:101	Actual speed	Read	In %
AV:102	Motor Power	Read	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:103	Motor Input Voltage	Read	In Volts
AV:104	Motor Input Current	Read	In Amps
AV:105	Sensorless Head	Read	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:106	Sensorless Flow	Read	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:107	Total Flow	Read	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
AV:108	Total Power	Read	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
AV:109	No. Of Running Pumps	Read	Used for Parallel sensorless mode
AV:110	Max Sensorless Flow	Read	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:111	Max Sensorless Head	Read	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
BV:2	Run Status	Read	1 → pump is running
Counters			
AV:275	Total Pump Running Hours	Read	
AV:276	Trip Pump Running Hours	Read/Write	Writing 0 to this register resets the counter.
AV:277	Total Controller Running Hours	Read	
AV:278	Present Controller Running Hours	Read	The running hours since the controller was powered on.
AV:279	Total Pump Running kWh Counter	Read	
AV:280	Trip Pump Running kWh Counter	Read/Write	Writing 0 to this register resets the counter.

OBJECT ID	OBJECT NAME	READ/WRITE	COMMENTS
Control Settings			
AV:300	Control Mode	Read	1 = Parallel; 2 = Inputs; 3 = Remote; 4 = Constant Flow; 5 = Constant Pressure; 6 = Linear Pressure; 7 = Quadratic Pressure; 8 = Quadratic Pressure with Maximum Flow; 9 = Quadratic Pressure with Minimum Flow; 10 = Quadratic Pressure with Minimum and Maximum Flow
AV:301	HOA State	Read/Write	0 = OFF; 1 = Hand Mode; 2 = Auto
AV:302	Active Parameters	Read/Write	1 = standard; 2 = mode 1 (heating mode); 3 = mode 2 (cooling mode)
AV:303	Minimum Speed Limit	Read	in RPM
AV:304	Maximum Speed Limit	Read	in RPM
AV:305	Hand Mode Speed	Read/Write	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module.
AV:306	BMS Set Speed	Read/Write	Unit as configured in Pump Control Module.
BV:14	Start/Stop	Read/Write	Start/stop of pump
Alarms and Warnings			
AV:400	Alarms	Read	Refer to Alarms Table for Bit Positions
AV:401	Warnings	Read	Refer to Warnings Table for Bit Positions
AV:402	Acknowledge Warnings	Read/Write	32-bit field corresponding to the warning field
Parameters			
AV:500	Standard Mode - Zero Flow Head	Read/Write	Value for standard active mode. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:501	Standard Mode - Design Head	Read/Write	Value for standard active mode. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:502	Standard Mode - Design Flow	Read/Write	Value for standard active mode. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:503	Standard Mode - Minimum Flow	Read/Write	Value for standard active mode. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:504	Mode 1 - Zero Flow Head	Read/Write	Value for active mode 1. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:505	Mode 1 - Design Head	Read/Write	Value for active mode 1. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:506	Mode 1 - Design Flow	Read/Write	Value for active mode 1. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:507	Mode 1 - Minimum Flow	Read/Write	Value for active mode 1. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:508	Mode 2 - Zero Flow Head	Read/Write	Value for active mode 2. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:509	Mode 2 - Design Head	Read/Write	Value for active mode 2. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:510	Mode 2 - Design Flow	Read/Write	Value for active mode 2. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:511	Mode 2 - Minimum Flow	Read/Write	Value for active mode 2. Unit as configured in Pump Control Module
AV:520	Control Setpoint	Read/Write	Value and unit as configured on pump control mode (constant pressure or constant flow)
INFORMATION			
AV:900	BMS BACnet Version	Read	Version of the Armstrong BACnet points used.
I/O			
AI:0	Analog In 1	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
AI:1	Analog In 2	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
AV:113	Analog Out 1	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BI:0	Digital In 1	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BI:1	Digital In 2	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BV:15	Digital Out 1	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BV:16	Digital Out 2	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BV:0	Relay 1	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module
BV:1	Relay 2	Read	As configured in Pump Control Module

4.0 OPERATION

4.1 START-UP CHECKLIST



Particular care must be taken to check the following before the pump is put into operation:

- A Pump primed?
- B Rotation **ok**?
- C Lubrication **ok**?
- D Pipe work properly supported?
- E Voltage supply **ok**?
- F Overload protection **ok**?
- G Is the system clean?
- H Is the area around the pump clean?

Warranty

Does not cover any damages to the equipment resulting from failure to observe the above precautions. Refer to Armstrong General Terms and Warranty sheet. Contact your local Armstrong representative for full information.

4.2 STARTING PUMP



Ensure that the pump turns freely by hand, or with some gentle mechanical help such as a strap or Allen key in coupling bolt.

Ensure that all protective guarding is securely fixed in position.

The pump must be fully primed on start up. Fill the pump casing with liquid and rotate the shaft by hand to remove any air trapped in the impeller. On split-coupled Design Envelope units any air trapped in the casing as the system is filled must be removed by the manual air vent in the seal flush line. **Ensure entrained air is removed from Design Envelope pumps, prior to starting, through the air vent on the seal flush line. Open vent until clear of air.**

Design Envelope close-coupled units are fitted with seal flush/vent lines piped to the pump suction area. When these units operate, residual air is drawn out of the pump towards the suction piping. energize the motor momentarily and check that the rotation corresponds with the directional arrow on the pump casing (clockwise when viewed from non-drive end of motor).

Start the pump with the discharge valve closed and the suction valve open, then gradually open the discharge valve when the motor is at operating speed. The discharge valve may be **cracked** or open slightly at start up to help eliminate trapped air.

When stopping the pump: Close the discharge valve and de-energize the motor.

Do not run the pump against a closed discharge valve at full speed for an extended period of time (a few minutes maximum.)

Should the pump be noisy or vibrate on start-up a common reason is overstated system head. Check this by calculating the pump operating head by deducting the suction pressure gauge value from the discharge gauge reading. Convert the result into the units of the pump head as stated on the pump nameplate and compare the values. The system designer or operator should be made aware of this soon as some adjustment may be required to the drive settings to make the pump suitable for the system as installed.



Check rotation arrow prior to operating the unit. The rotation of all Armstrong 4200H & 4280 Vertical In-Line units is clockwise when viewed from behind the motor (NDE).

IMPORTANT:

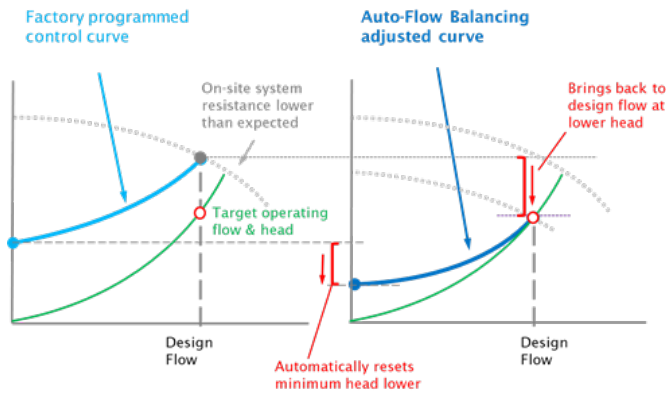


Do not run the pump for any length of time under very low flow conditions or with the discharge valve closed. To do so could cause the water in the casing to reach super heated steam conditions and will cause premature failure and could cause serious and dramatic damage to the pump and surrounding area.

4.2.1 AUTO FLOW BALANCING

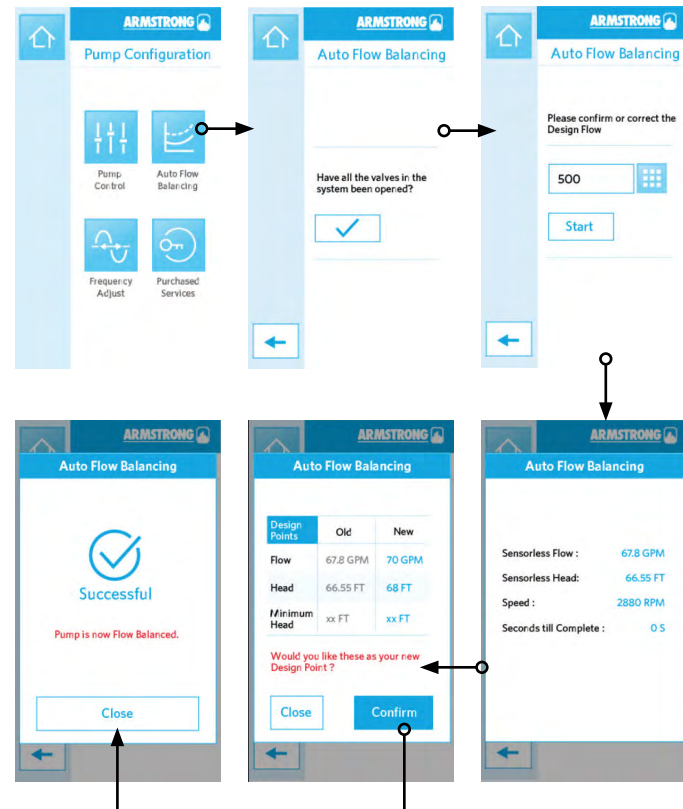
Auto-Flow Balancing automatically determines the control curve between the design flow at the on-site system head, and the minimum (zero-flow) head that will typically be lowered (reset).

Often the actual system head is less than expected, and the pump will operate further to the right of the curve at a higher flow rate than it was designed for due to less system resistance. The Auto Flow Balancing function performs a scan of the sensorless map against the actual system to establish the actual head for the design flow. The minimum (zero-flow) head will be reset according to the actual head at the design flow - the factory default is 40% of the design head, but can be lowered further for more energy savings if all zones are still satisfied.



For buildings that are commissioned in multiple stages, or where the design flow changes each time, the Auto Flow Balancing function can be run at the beginning of each stage.

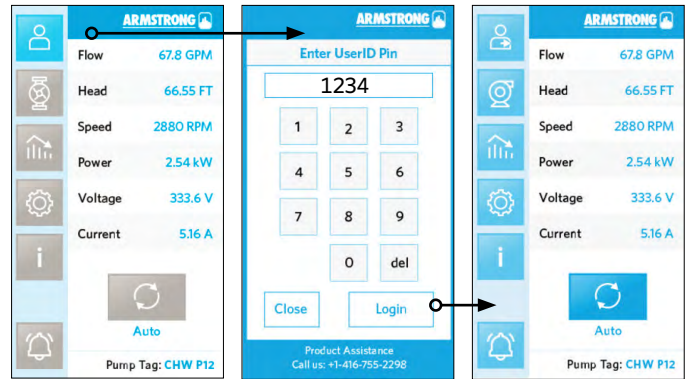
From the touch screen, go to **Pump Configuration -> Auto Flow Balancing**, then follow the on-screen instructions. The Auto Flow Balancing scan takes approximately 3 minutes to complete.



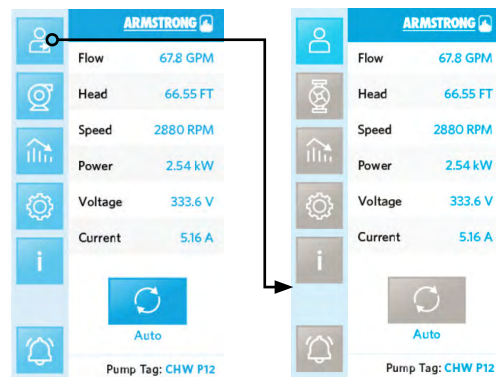
4.3 TOUCH SCREEN

4.3.1 LOGIN

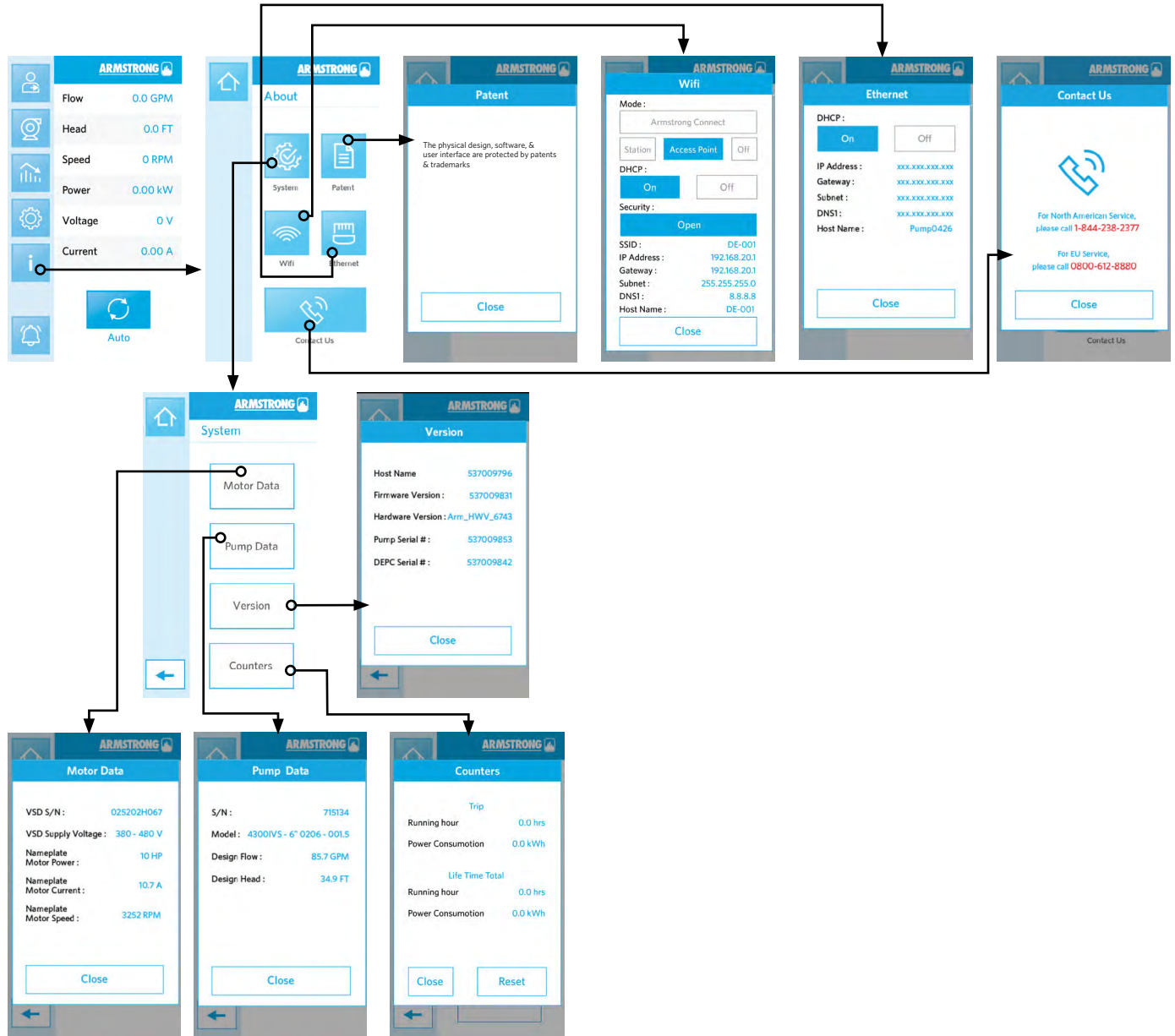
Default Password 1234



4.3.2 LOGOUT

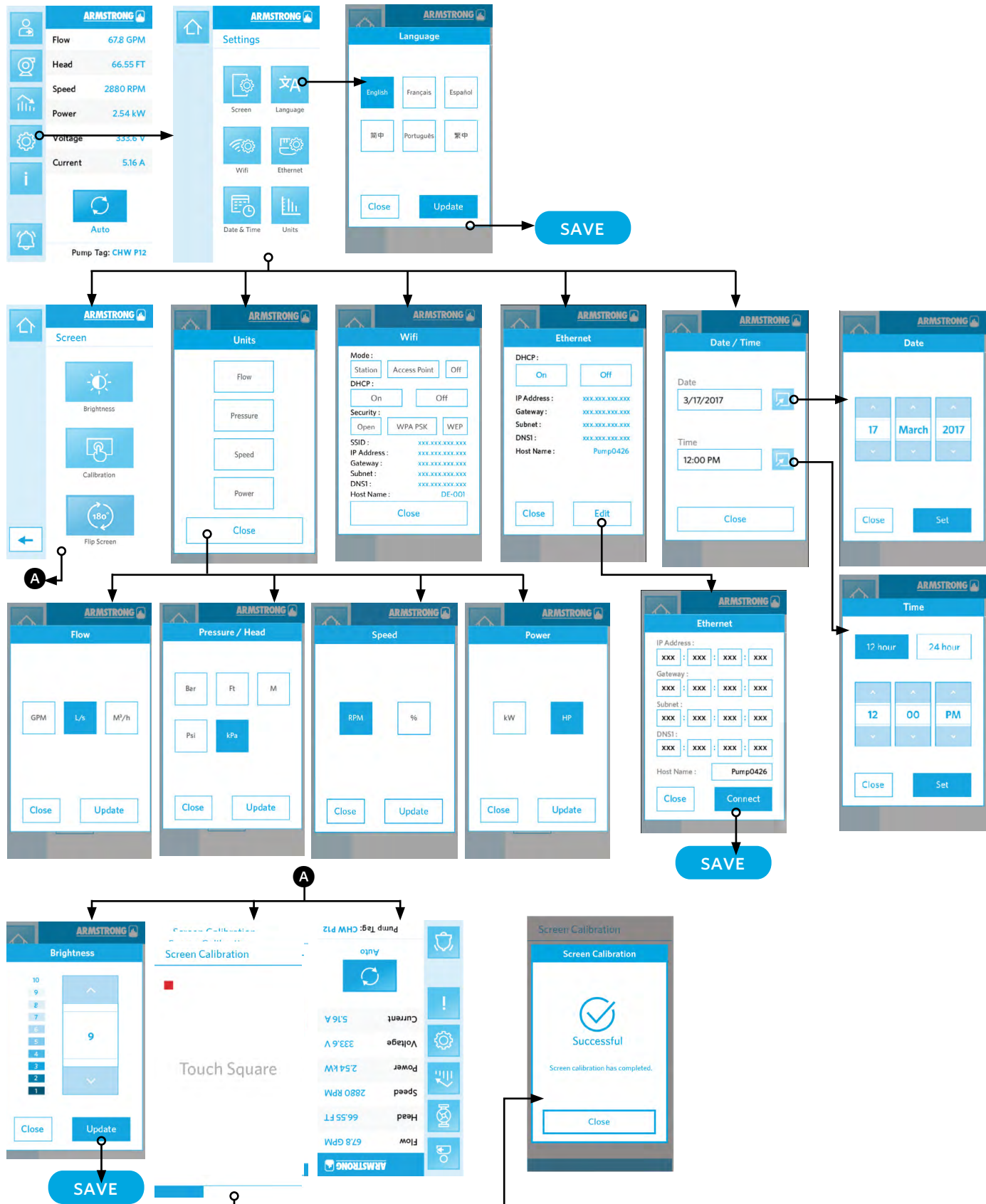


4.3.3 ABOUT

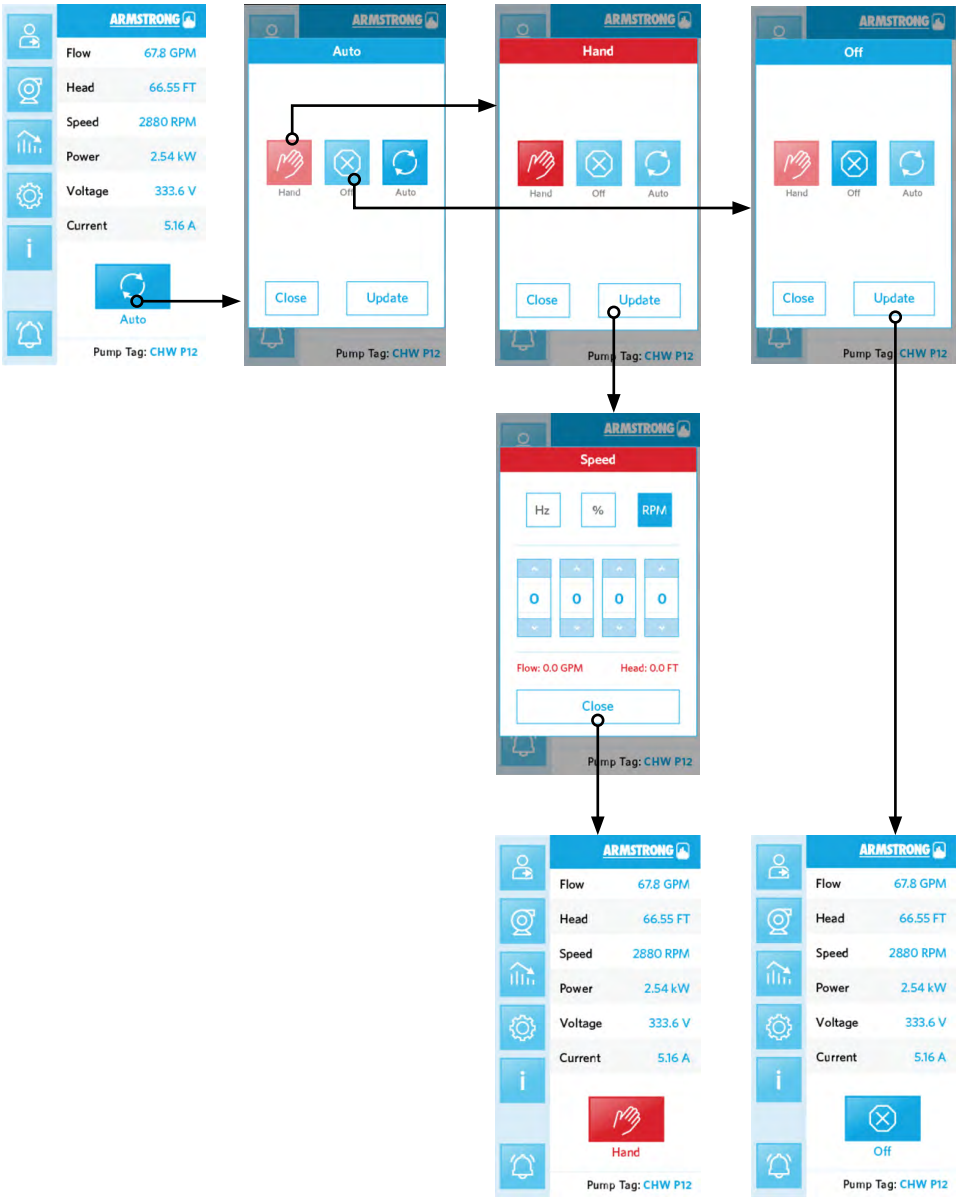


Click on **Reset** to reset Trip counters

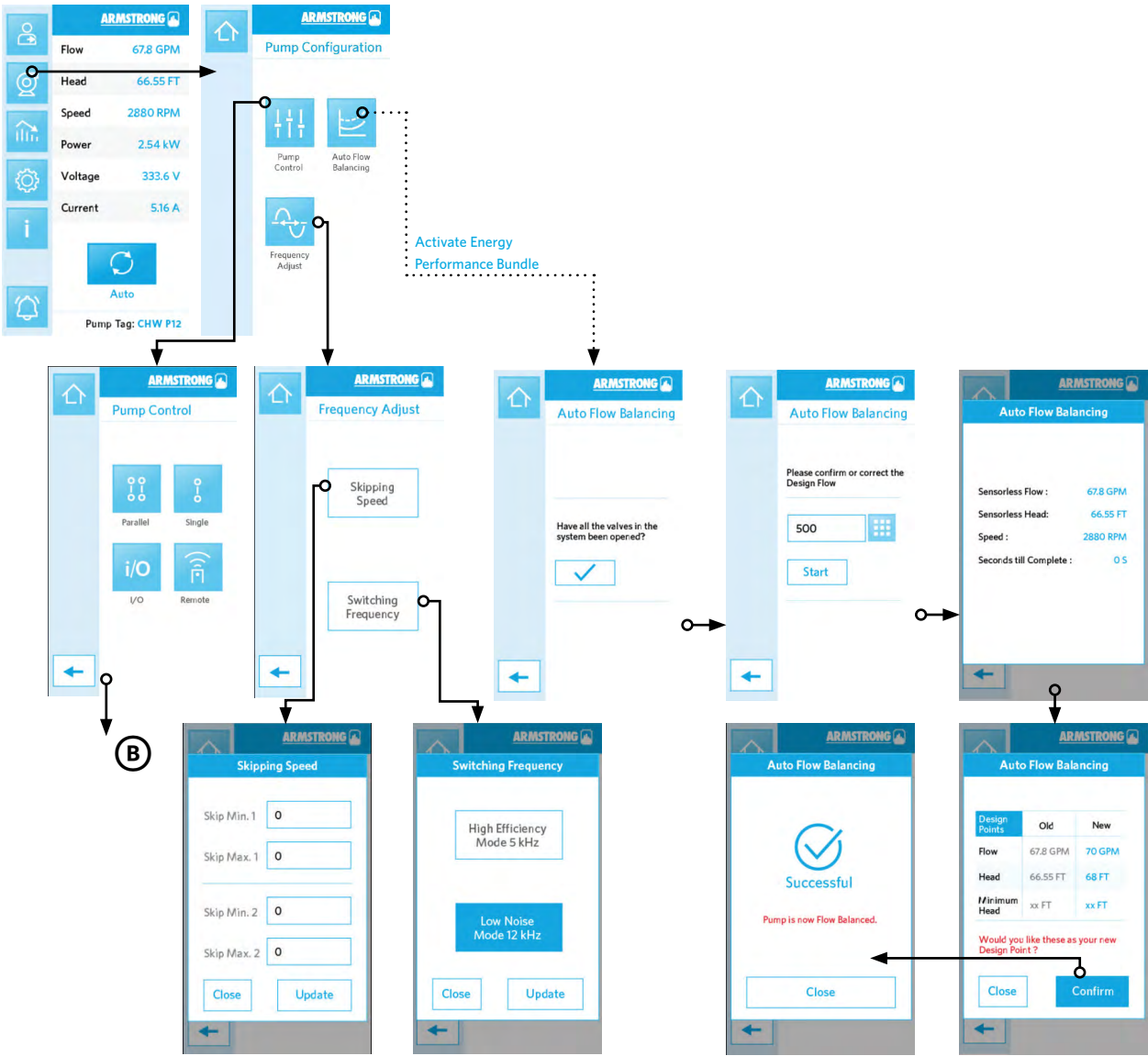
4.3.4 GENERAL SETTINGS

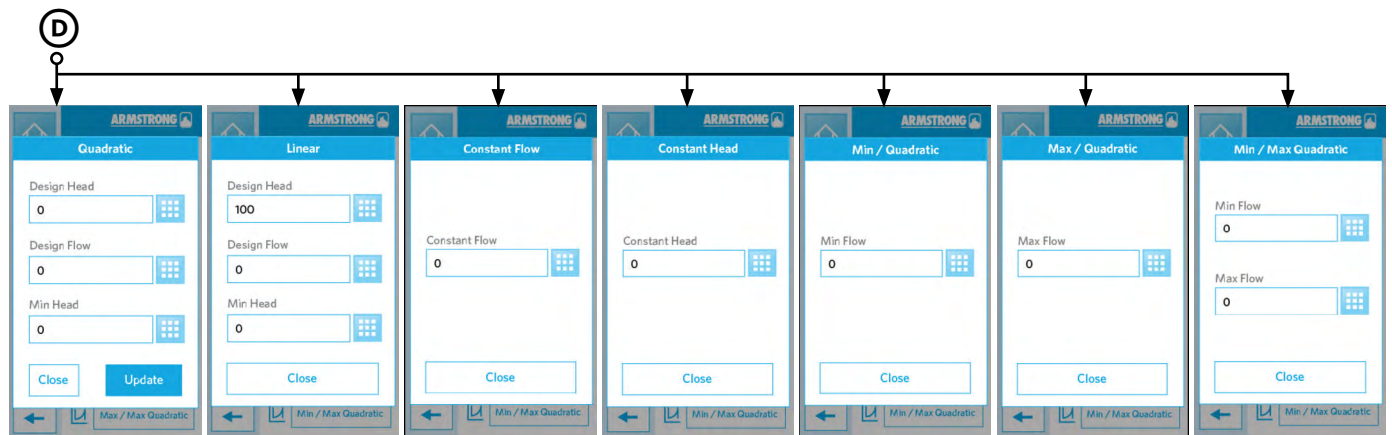
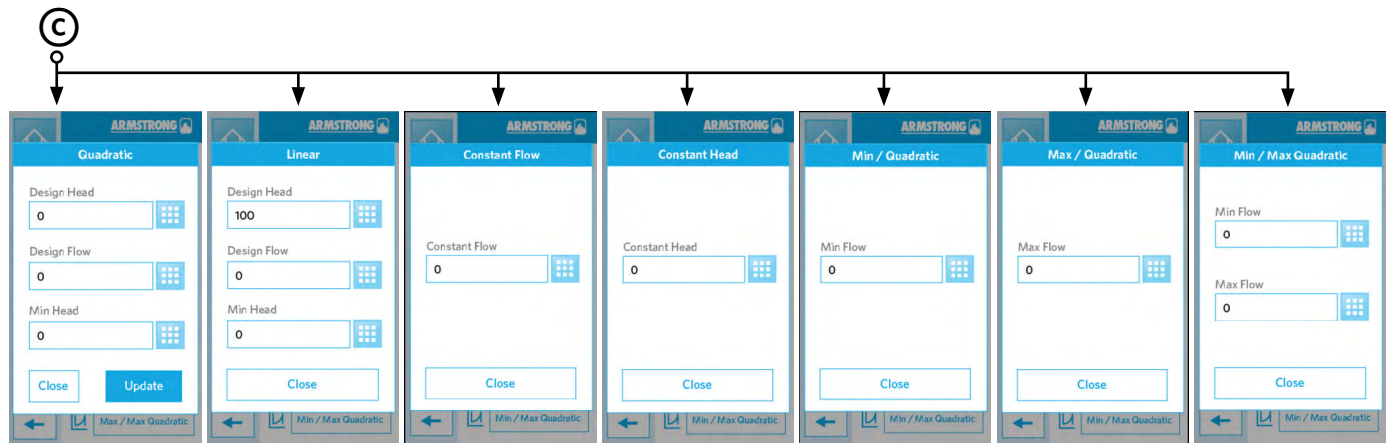
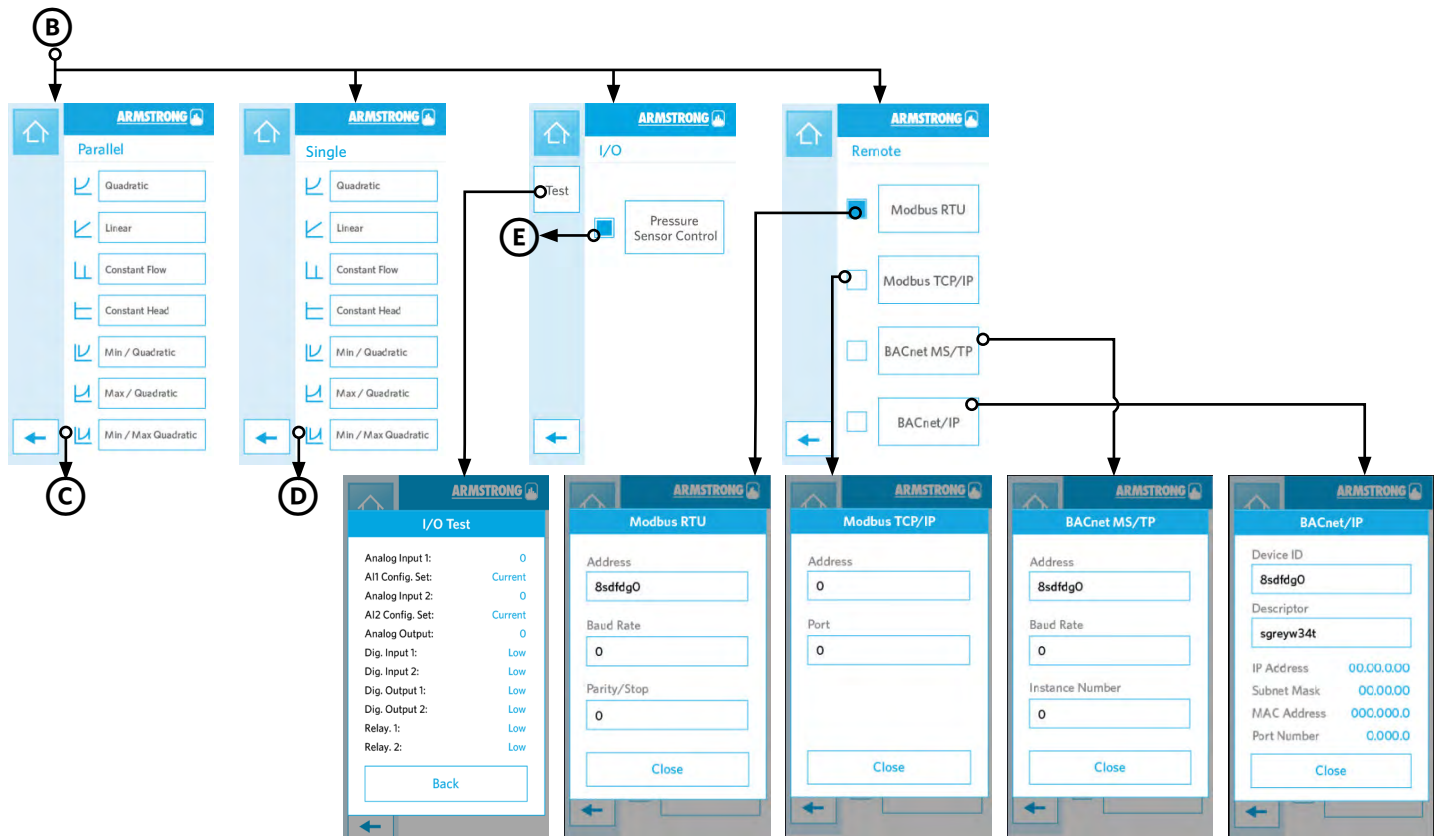


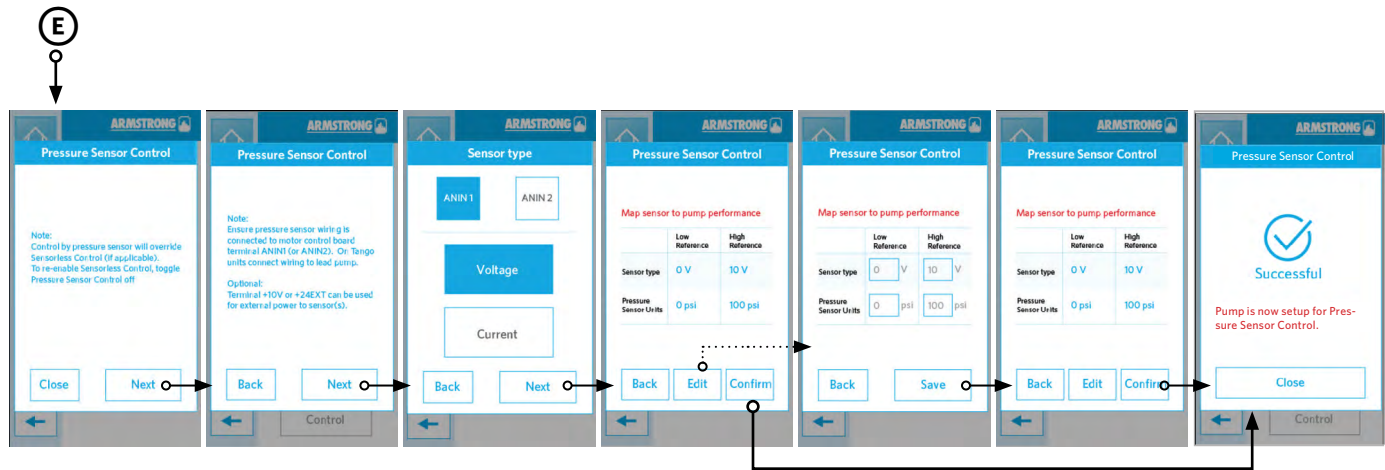
4.3.5 MANUAL/AUTO MODE



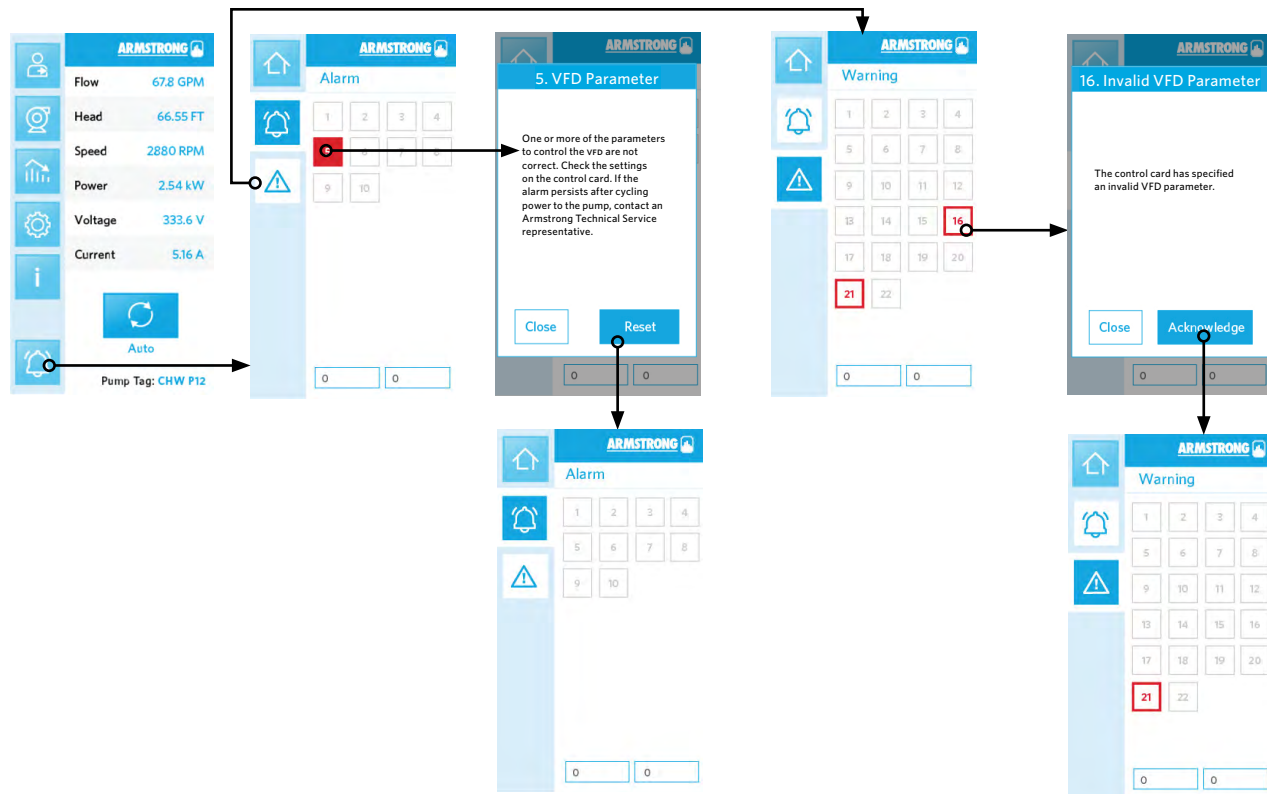
4.3.6 PUMP CONTROL







4.3.7 ALARMS & WARNINGS

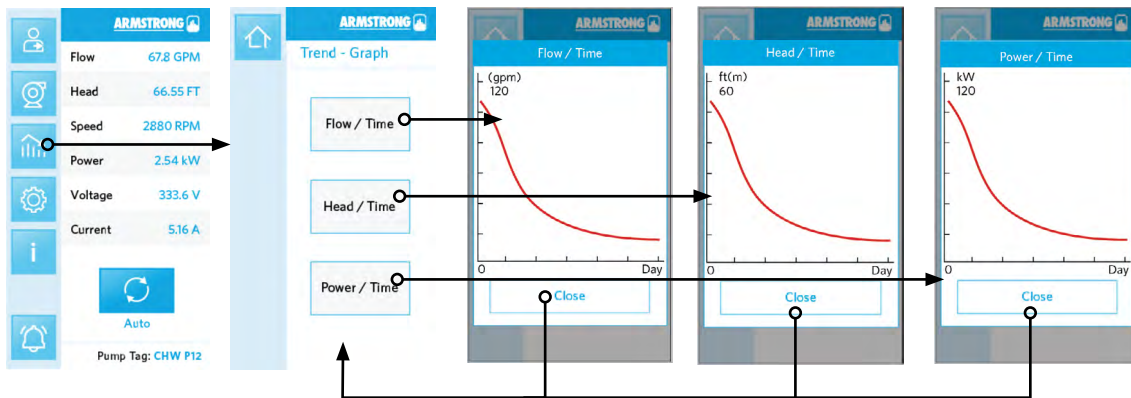


4.3.8 TREND-GRAPH

There are 3 parameters that can be trended on the touch screen interface:

- Power
- Flow
- Head

Which allows users to see a quick history of key performance data.

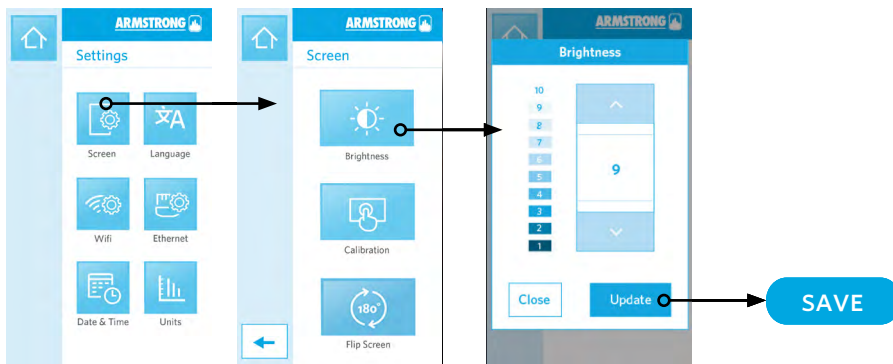


To see a more comprehensive view of the trends, the pump data can be exported in CSV format for review and analysis on a separate computing device.

4.3.9 BRIGHTNESS ADJUSTMENT

To adjust the brightness of the touch screen interface, go to **Settings -> Brightness**.

10 = highest brightness, 1 = lowest brightness



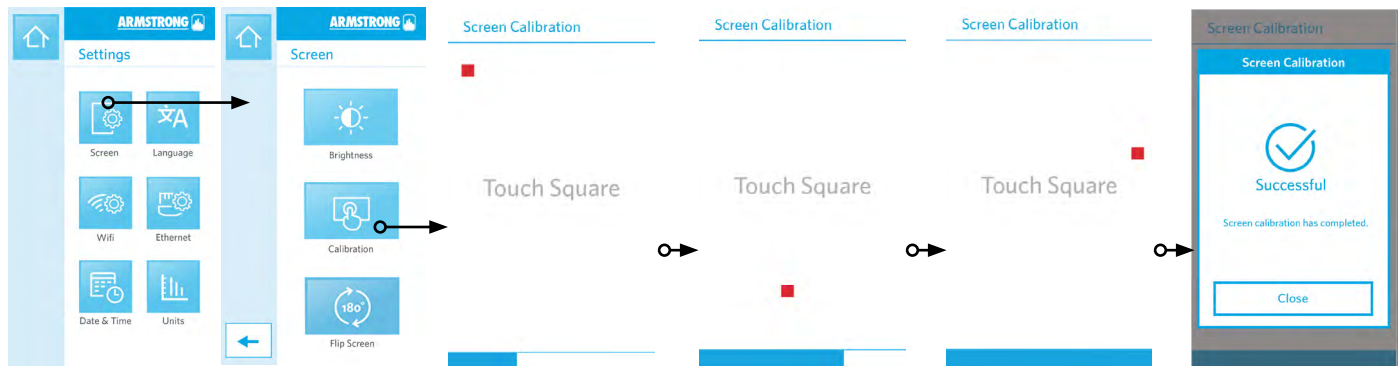
4.3.10 TOUCH SCREEN CALIBRATION

If you are having issues with the touch screen, including:

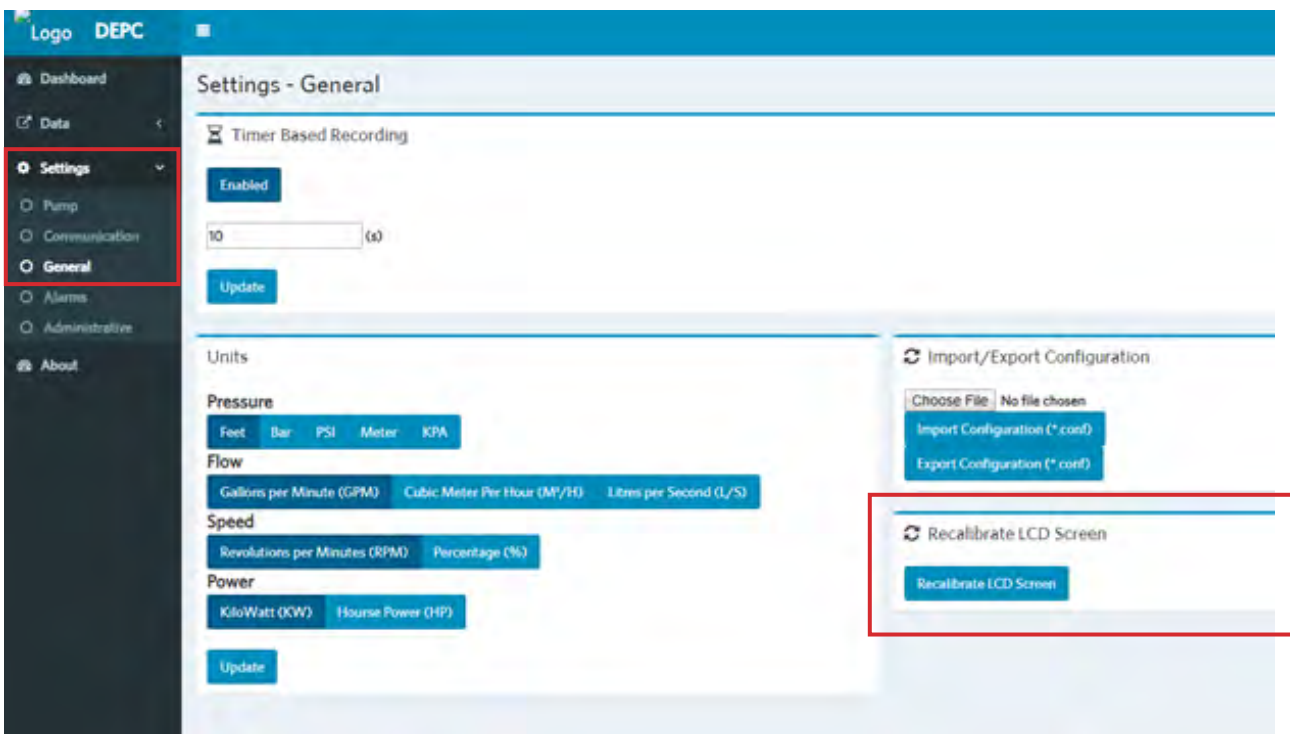
- Being unable to access items to the edge of the screen
- Some buttons from the display are unresponsive

The touch screen may require re-calibration. To calibrate the touch screen, go to **Settings -> Screen -> Calibration**

Follow the following 3-step calibration sequence (touching the squares) to reset the display coordinates.



If you are unable to access the Calibration function from the touch screen itself, connect the pump to the webserver and go to **Settings -> General -> Recalibrate LCD Screen**. This will trigger the calibration sequence on the touch screen of the pump. Follow the above 3-step calibration sequence to reset the display coordinates.



4.3.11 DATA LOGGING

Data logs can be used for energy performance analyses or to troubleshoot system issues. The data logs can be used with a building automation system (BAS) or for each standalone pump. Each pump controller logs the following data parameters over pre-defined time intervals (default is 5 minutes).

- Speed (rpm)
- Power (kW)
- Current (A)
- Flow (gpm)
- Head (ft)
- Analog Input 1
- Analog Input 2
- Analog Output
- Digital Input
- Digital Output
- Alarms
- Warnings
- kW-hours

The DEPC stores up to 3 months of data, at 5 min. intervals. More data storage is available on the cloud server if the pump is connected to the internet and has an active Pump Manager subscription.

Export Log File

Start date is: Wednesday, November 28, 2018

End date is: Friday, November 30, 2018

November 2018

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
44	28	29	30	31	01	02	03
45	04	05	06	07	08	09	10
46	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
47	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
48	25	26	27	28	29	30	01
49	02	03	04	05	06	07	08

November 2018

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
44	28	29	30	31	01	02	03
45	04	05	06	07	08	09	10
46	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
47	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
48	25	26	27	28	29	30	01
49	02	03	04	05	06	07	08

Export History

History is in csv format.

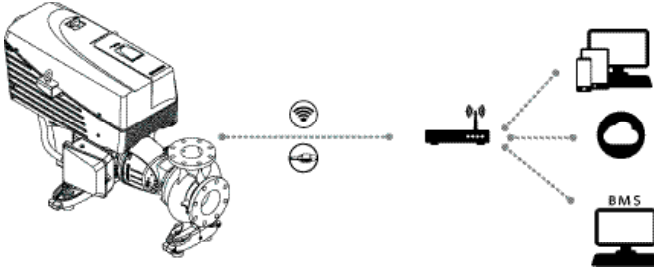
Connect the DEPC to the Webserver, in the **Data -> Trends -> Export Log File** section.

Select the start date, the end date, and then click **Export History** to download the data log file in CSV format.

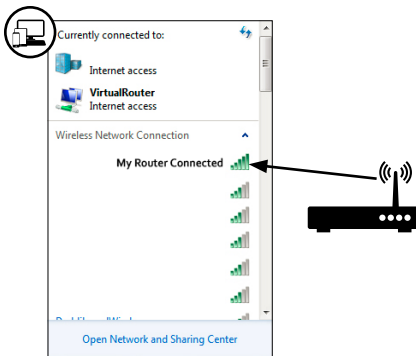
4.4 WEB INTERFACE

Armstrong Strongly recommends to use Google Chrome browser to access DEPC web interface. Other browsers might be used but Google Chrome will guarantee the best operation.

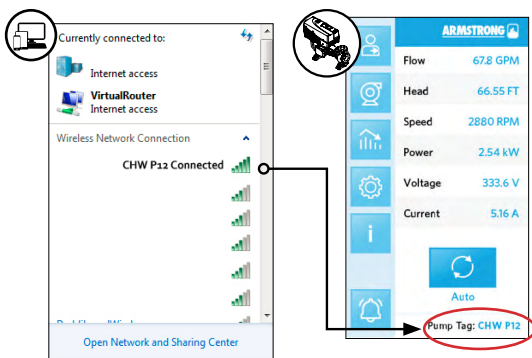
4.4.1 CONNECTING VIA ETHERNET



Connect your device to the router via wifi or by Ethernet cable.



4.4.2 CONNECTING VIA WIFI



At the web browser address bar, type the Pump's IP (from Pump's About screen).

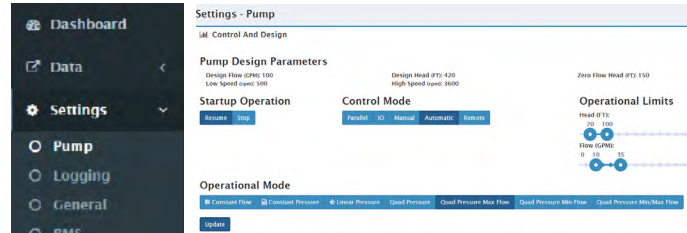
Default user level 1 Password: Armstrong1

Default user level 2 Password: Armstrong12



To access the control modes:

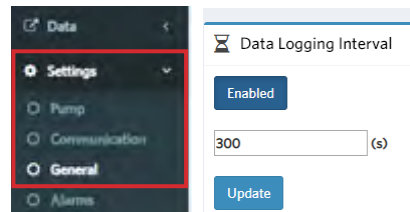
Press settings → Pump



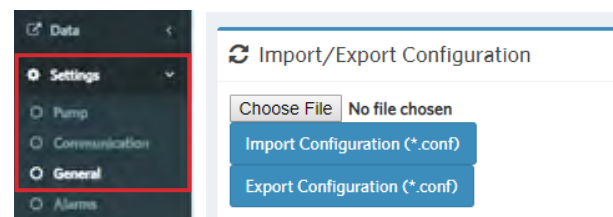
Press settings → General, select desired units and click Update



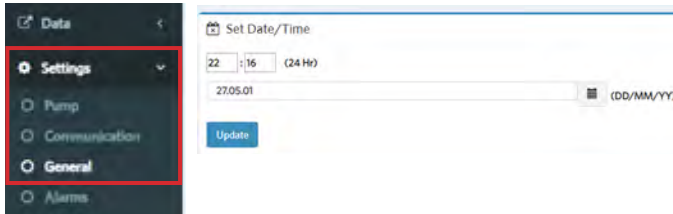
To set the interval for timer based recording: Press settings → General, click on enable and input the desired time (default is 300 seconds)



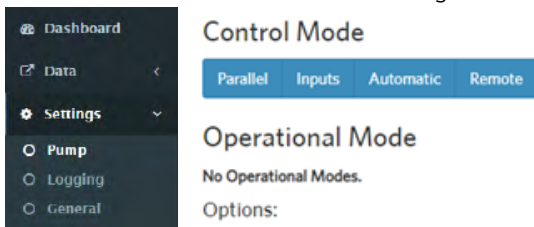
To Import/Export configuration files: Press Settings → General, select a file and click on **Import Configuration** to input. Click on Export Configuration to export



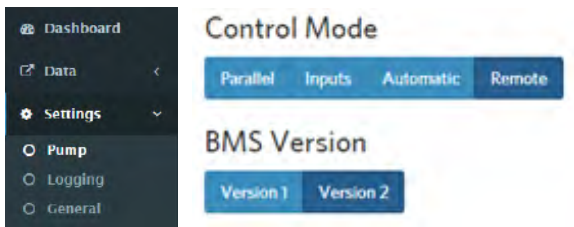
To modify Date/Time: click Settings → General and modify date and time



To access the control modes: Press settings → Pump



To select Version 1 or 2 of BMS settings, Click on Remote mode and select Version 1 or 2.



Settings → Pump,

To change motor ramp up and down settings, input in **Motor Ramp up Time** and **Motor Ramp Down Time**

To change Pump high and Low Speed, input RPM in **High Speed Limit** and **Low Speed Limit**

To change pump tag, input new tag in **Pump Tag**



To modify out settings: Settings → Pump,

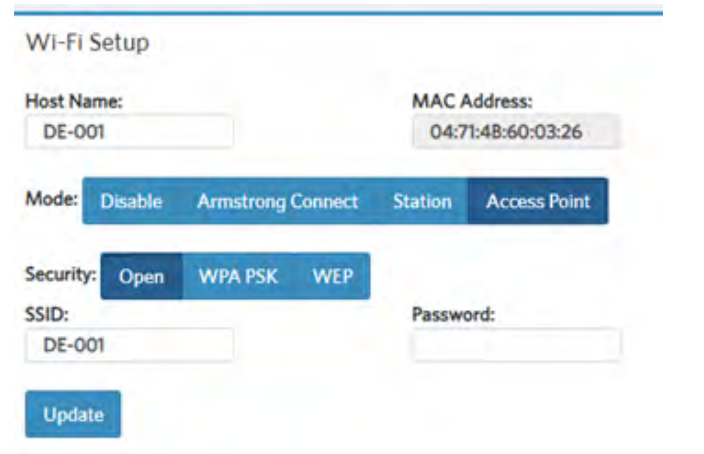
To modify digital outputs: enable in Outputs and select desired,

To modify analog outputs: click enable and speed.

To modify relay settings: enable Relay functions and select desired settings



To enable Armstrong Connect: Settings → Communication, and click on Armstrong Connect to enable



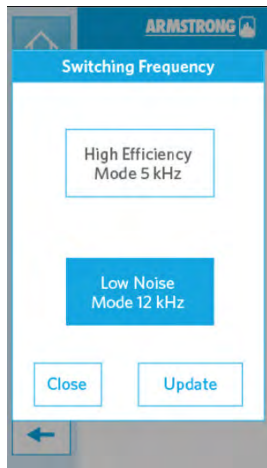
To set the BACnet max info from, Settings → Communication, enable BACnet Serial and input in **Max Info. Frame**



4.4.3 SWITCHING FREQUENCY

The iVS drive controls have an adjustable carrier frequency, or frequency at which the IGBTs are switched. The switching frequency affects the performance of the drive and motor and may produce an audible noise in some instances.

There are 2 pre-set modes available for the Switching Frequency.



High Efficiency Mode - 5kHz, (default)

This frequency setting minimizes the losses in the drive and motor for optimum performance. However, at this lower setting, the motor may produce an audible high-pitched noise. If noise is produced and unacceptable, then the drive can be set to Low Noise Mode.

Low Noise Mode - 12kHz

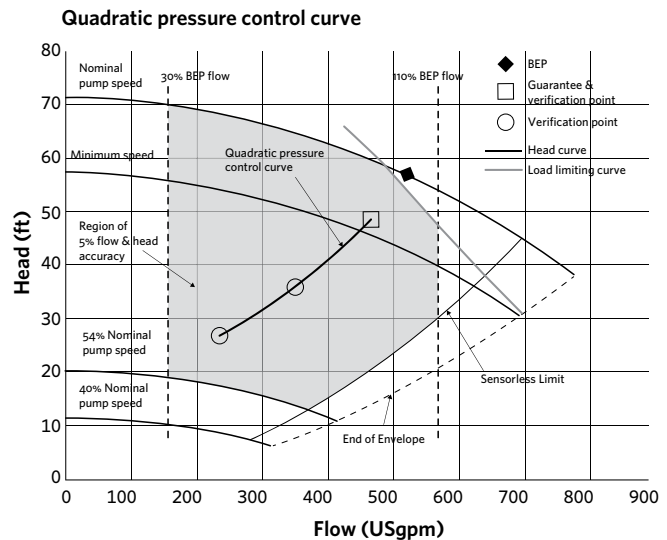
This frequency setting increases electrical losses, but are less audible. Set the controls to the Low Noise Mode if the High Efficiency Mode results in unacceptable audible noise.

4.5 DESIGN ENVELOPE FLOW READOUT TOLERANCE

Tolerance on flow and head readings between test stand instrumentation and Design Envelope controller readout will be within 5% of BEP flow & head values for all Design Envelope sensorless pump selections.

The same BEP flow & head tolerance values will be carried to the Design Envelope selection point for that model (Guarantee point, to ANSI 40.6 Hydraulic Institute Standard-See FIG. 4.5.1), as follows:

FIG. 4.5.1



The tolerance is applicable when the flow is between 30% and 110% of BEP flow at Nominal Pump Speed; and the operating point is at 54% of Nominal Pump Speed, or greater; and the motor power is 2 hp, or greater.

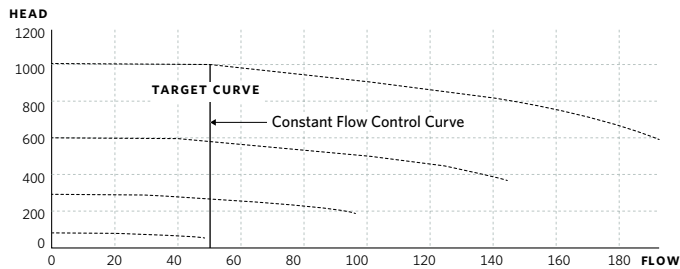
Flow readouts outside the above limits will be less accurate.

Nominal Pump Speed is displayed as the top speed on any Design Envelope pump curve.

5.0 CONTROL MODES

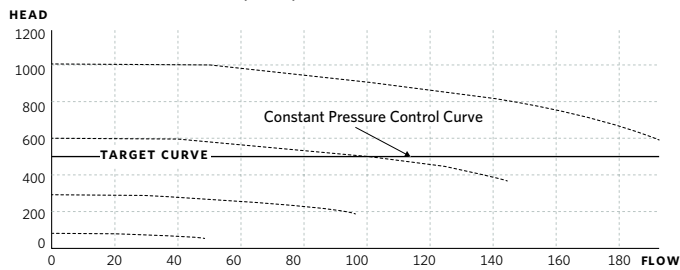
5.1 CONSTANT FLOW

Design Envelope pumps can be configured to maintain a constant pump flow in a system as the system head varies. This effectively simulates speed control by a flow meter in the piping.



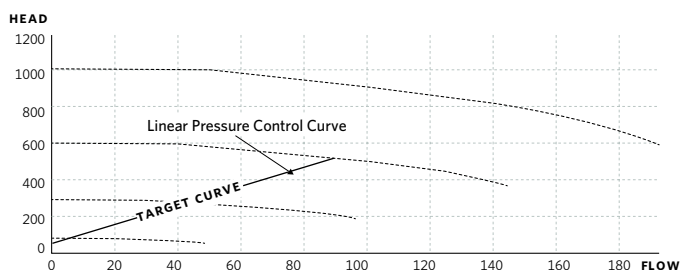
5.2 CONSTANT PRESSURE

Design Envelope pumps can be configured to maintain a constant pump head in a system as the demand varies. This effectively simulates the mounting of a differential pressure sensor at, or near, the pump.



5.3 LINEAR PRESSURE

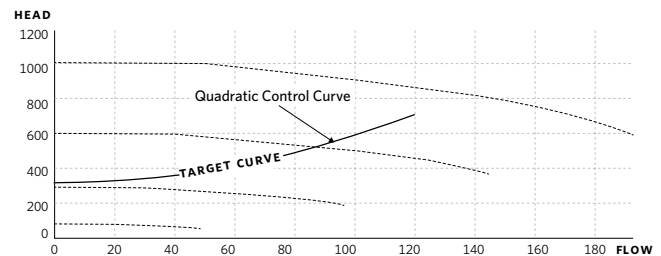
Linear Pressure Control is where the controller is set to control the speed according to a control 'curve' between max and min flow. This type of control will change the pump speed to ensure the pump operates on the projected linear control curve, where the pump head varies directly with the flow. This type of control is well known globally and is effective as far as the straight linear line will allow. For more realistic HVAC control with superior energy savings, consider the following control recommendation 5.4 Quadratic Curve Control.



5.4 QUADRATIC CURVE CONTROL

Quadratic Pressure Control is where the controller is set to control the speed according to a control curve between max and min flow. It is widely recognized that fitting a differential pressure sensor at the most remote load, across the supply piping and return piping encompassing the valve and coil set, is the benchmark scheme for energy efficiency.

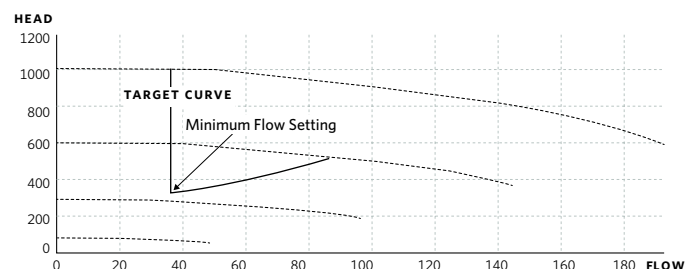
Design Envelope pumps can replicate this control without the need for the remote sensor. As the flow required by the system is reduced, the pump automatically reduces the head developed according to the pre-set control curve.



5.5 QUADRATIC CURVE CONTROL WITH MINIMUM FLOW PROTECTION

This configuration is designed for HVAC hydronic systems where flow sensitive equipment required a minimum flow for equipment stability; such as a chiller that cannot tolerate flow below a certain volume. This control will take advantage of the 5.4 Quadratic Curve Control mode, where the pump will increase speed to maintain a minimum flow setting as the system load is shutting down.

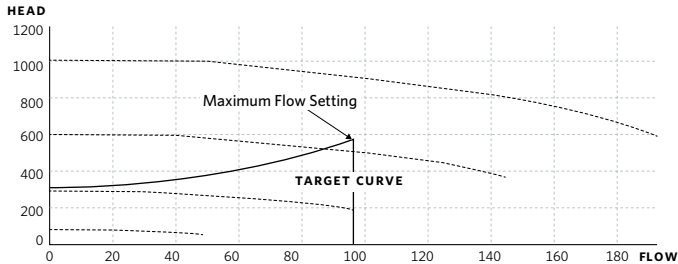
Pump controls can only control the flow to the maximum speed or motor limit;



5.6 QUADRATIC CURVE CONTROL WITH MAXIMUM FLOW PROTECTION

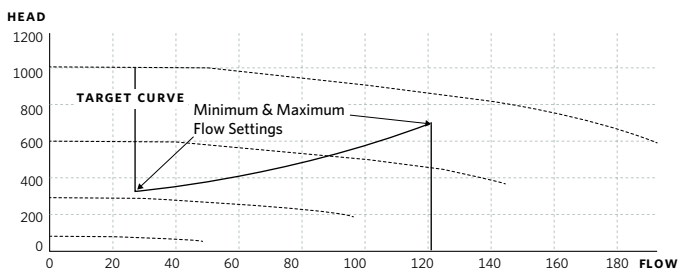
This configuration is ideal for HVAC hydronic systems where pumps are generally oversized and a flow limit is required for system equipment stability and resulting energy savings. This control will take advantage of the 5.4 Quadratic Curve Control mode, where the pump will decrease speed to maintain a

maximum flow setting. This will prevent over-pumping and save energy costs. Over-pumping is common in HVAC systems as pumps are typically oversized for the application. Pump controls can only control the flow to a minimum speed; thus a dry-contact relay is supplies which will close when maximum flow is reached, which can be used for an alarm or other device.



5.7 QUADRATIC CURVE CONTROL WITH MINIMUM & MAXIMUM FLOW PROTECTION

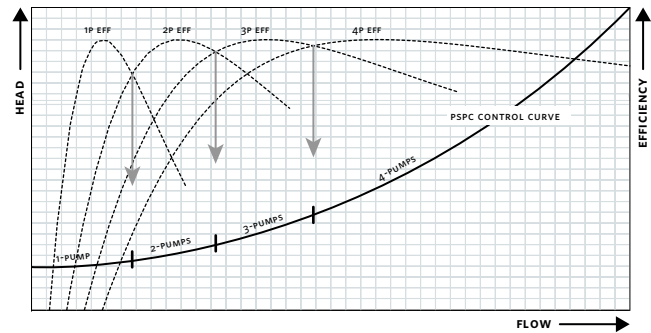
This control mode combines the control logic of 5.5 & 5.6 which takes the values of the quadratic control curve and protection for both the maximum & minimum flow limits. Pump controls can only control the flow to the motor limit or maximum / minimum speed limits of the unit, thus a dry-contact relay is supplies which will close when either the minimum or maximum flow is reached, which can be used for an alarm or other device.



5.8 PARALLEL SENSORLESS PUMP CONTROL (PSPC)

This configuration maps the quadratic control curve into the pump controls and ensures the system flow requirements are met, while staging the pumps on and off to maintain optimum pump energy usage. This is accomplished by operating the pumping units at the best pumping efficiency level for the required flow.

This control is available for 2, 3, or 4 Design Envelope pump units operating in parallel. Tango and dualArm units have Parallel Sensorless Pump Control (PSPC) pre-programmed in the controls at Armstrong factories. For all other models (except twin pumps), PSPC can be enabled aftermarket; please contact your local Armstrong factory for details.



Both individual pumps and total parallel flow can be monitored by accessing **Settings -> Pump -> Control Mode -> Parallel Sensorless**



5.8.1 EMBEDDED PARALLEL SENSORLESS PUMP CONTROL FOR MULTIPLE PUMPS

If the Parallel Sensorless Pump Control option was purchased for control of 2, 3 or 4 single pumps (VILs and End Suctions) the function can be enabled at any time. Note that pumps must be of the same model for parallel operation.

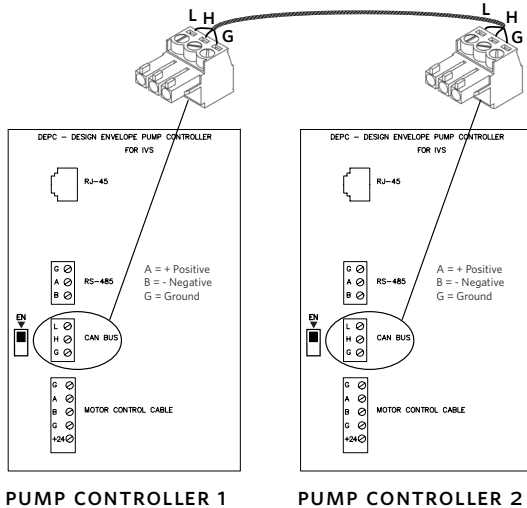
Start by installing a wiring bridge between the pumps (supplied by others). The wiring between the control cards is a CANBUS (3-wire) cable with terminal blocks at each end (3 position strain 3.81 mm).

For connection of 3 or 4 pumps, the CANBUS connectors should be daisy-chained together.

Wiring bridge supplied by others.

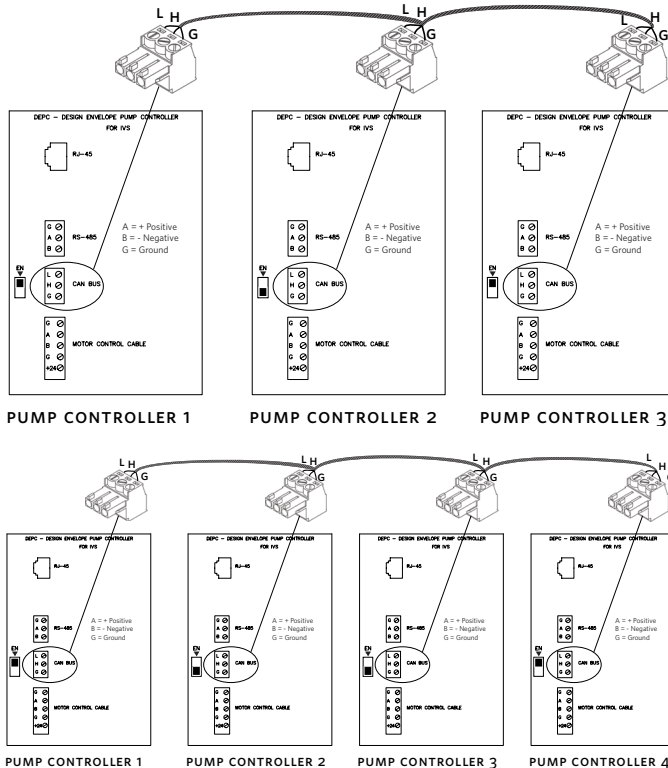
For 2 pump parallel operation:

Ensure that both terminating resistor switches are set to Enabled (towards the **EN** label for the CANBUS port).



For 3 or 4 pump parallel operation:

Ensure that only the first and last terminating resistor switches are set to Enabled (towards the **EN** label for the CANBUS port).



From the Webserver, choose Settings -> Pump, set control mode to Parallel with the following parameter values:

Control Mode

Parallel Inputs Automatic Remote

Options:

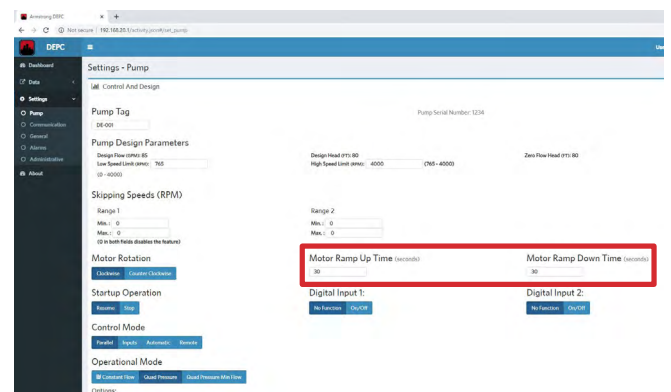
A Id: 1	Stage On Speed Percent: 0
Flow BEP: 85	Stage Off Speed Percent: 0
Head BEP: 80	D Sensorless Map Adjust Factor: 0.1
B Dead Band: 0.25	Alternation Interval (minutes): 10080
C Total Design Flow: 171.4	E Minimum On Time (Seconds): 15

- A** ID: 1 to 255, the lower number is the lead pump e.g. enter **1** for lead pump, **2** for lag pump
- B** Dead Band: set to 0.25
- C** Total Design Flow: enter the parallel flow rate
- D** Sensorless Map Adjust Factor: set to 0.1
- E** Minimum On Time (seconds): set to 15

Click **UPDATE** to save all changes. Connect the Webserver to the second pump and then repeat above steps **A** to **E**.

5.8.2 MODIFYING MOTOR RAMP UP AND DOWN TIME

Modify the time in the respective fields after clicking on **Pump** under **Settings**



5.8.3 THREE DIFFERENT CONTROL MODES CAN BE ACCESSED

Constant Flow, Quadratic Pressure and Quadratic Pressure with Minimum Flow.

The screenshot shows the 'Control And Design' web interface. On the left, a sidebar contains navigation links: Settings, Pump, Control, Alarm, Administration, and About. The 'Pump' link is selected. The main area displays 'Pump Design Parameters' for Pump Tag 'P1-001'. It includes fields for Design Flow (GPM), Design Head (FT), Live Speed Limit (RPM), High Speed Limit (RPM), and Zero Flow Head (FT). Below these are 'Skipping Speeds (RPM)' for Range 1 and Range 2, with Min and Max values. The 'Motor Rotation' section has 'Clockwise' and 'Counter Clockwise' buttons. The 'Startup Operation' section has 'Restart' and 'Stop' buttons. The 'Control Mode' section has 'Parallel', 'Inputs', 'Automatic', and 'Remote' buttons, with 'Parallel' selected. The 'Operational Mode' section has 'Constant Flow', 'Quad Pressure', and 'Quad Pressure Min Flow' buttons, with 'Constant Flow' selected. An 'Options' section is also visible.

5.8.4 FALLBACK PERCENTAGE OF MAXIMUM SPEED

While operating multiple pumps in Parallel Sensorless mode, if any of the pumps are disconnected from the communication circuit (e.g. the pump is disconnected from the CANbus wire), the disconnected pump will now continue to operate at a pre-set constant speed – or the fallback speed. The fallback speed can be set to a percentage of the pump's maximum speed (between 40-100%).

Note that only the disconnected pump will operate at constant speed, the other remaining pumps in the communication circuit will continue to operate in Parallel Sensorless mode to the control curve.

This can be done in **Operational Mode** and input the **Fallback % of Max Speed**

This screenshot shows the 'Operational Mode' settings. The 'Control Mode' section at the top has 'Parallel', 'Inputs', 'Automatic', and 'Remote' buttons, with 'Parallel' selected. The 'Operational Mode' section has 'Constant Flow', 'Quad Pressure', and 'Quad Pressure Min Flow' buttons, with 'Constant Flow' selected. Below these are 'Options' for Id, Flow BEP (GPM), Head BEP (FT), Dead Band, Maximum Operating Pump Count, and Total Design Flow (GPM). The 'Operational Limits' section has 'Standard', 'Mode 1', and 'Mode 2' buttons, with 'Standard' selected. It includes fields for Design Flow (GPM), Design Head (FT), and Zero Flow Head (FT). An 'Update' button is at the bottom. On the right, a 'Stage On Speed Percent' section shows 'Stage On Speed Percent' at 0, 'Stage Off Speed Percent' at 0, 'Sensorless Map Adjust Factor' at 0.1, 'Alternation Interval (minutes)' at 10080, 'Minimum On Time (Seconds)' at 15, and 'Fallback % of Max Speed' at 75 (40-100). The 'Fallback % of Max Speed' field is highlighted with a red box.

5.8.5 STANDBY PUMPS

Scroll down to **Operational Mode** and input the **Maximum Operating Pump Count**. The remaining pumps will be Standby. Calculated Design Flow will automatically update based on the number of pumps inputted.

This screenshot shows the 'Operational Mode' settings. The 'Control Mode' section at the top has 'Parallel', 'Inputs', 'Automatic', and 'Remote' buttons, with 'Parallel' selected. The 'Operational Mode' section has 'Constant Flow', 'Quad Pressure', and 'Quad Pressure Min Flow' buttons, with 'Constant Flow' selected. Below these are 'Options' for Id, Flow BEP (GPM), Head BEP (FT), Dead Band, Maximum Operating Pump Count, and Total Design Flow (GPM). The 'Operational Limits' section has 'Standard', 'Mode 1', and 'Mode 2' buttons, with 'Standard' selected. It includes fields for Design Flow (GPM), Design Head (FT), and Zero Flow Head (FT). An 'Update' button is at the bottom. On the right, a 'Stage On Speed Percent' section shows 'Stage On Speed Percent' at 0, 'Stage Off Speed Percent' at 0, 'Sensorless Map Adjust Factor' at 0.1, 'Alternation Interval (minutes)' at 10080, 'Minimum On Time (Seconds)' at 15, and 'Fallback % of Max Speed' at 75 (40-100). The 'Maximum Operating Pump Count' field is highlighted with a red box.

5.9 2*100% CAPACITY SPLIT UNITS

When duty / standby is specified, enter the total system flow into ACE Online or ADEPT, then select 2*100% unit split for a superior customer value. The 100% flow redundancy is still in place **plus** the onboard PSpC will engage the second unit in parallel operation should it predict lower operating costs.

If second side power is locked out, the operating pump will operate alone on the control curve to 100% design flow.

5.10 ALTERNATION

Design Envelope Tango, dualARM, and Twin units are pre-set to alternate lead-pump operation of each pump head to achieve equal run hours. The default alternation interval is 10,080 minutes (1 week). This can also be set or adjusted for multiple single pumps operating in sequence.

To change this setting, use the Webserver and go to Settings -> Pump, and then go the Control Mode section, under the Parallel tab, and input the Alternation Interval (in minutes) to the new value. Press UPDATE to complete the change. Connect the Webserver to the second pump and repeat.

Control Mode

Parallel Inputs Automatic Remote

Options:

<p>Id: 1</p> <p>Flow BEP: 85</p> <p>Head BEP: 80</p> <p>Dead Band: 0.25</p> <p>Total Design Flow: 171.4</p>	<p>Stage On Speed Percent: 0</p> <p>Stage Off Speed Percent: 0</p> <p>Sensorless Map Adjust Factor: 0.1</p> <p>Alternation Interval (minutes): 10080</p> <p>Minimum On Time (Seconds): 15</p>
---	---

5.11 CONSTANT PRESSURE CONTROL

Can be achieved if **Design Head** and **Zero Flow Head** are set to same value

Control Mode

Parallel Inputs Automatic Remote

Operational Mode

Constant Flow Quad Pressure Quad Pressure Min Flow

Options:

<p>Id: 1</p> <p>Flow BEP (GPM): 85</p> <p>Head BEP (FT): 80</p> <p>Dead Band: 0.1</p> <p>Maximum Operating Pump Count: 2</p> <p>Total Design Flow (GPM): 170</p>	<p>Stage On Speed Percent: 0</p> <p>Stage Off Speed Percent: 0</p> <p>Sensorless Map Adjust Factor: 0.1</p> <p>Alternation Interval (minutes): 10080</p> <p>Minimum On Time (Seconds): 15</p> <p>Fallback % of Max Speed: 75 (40 - 100)</p>
--	---

Operational Limits

Standard Mode 1 Mode 2

Design Flow (GPM): 85

Design Head (FT): 80

Zero Flow Head (FT): 80

Update

5.12 DUAL SEASON SETUP

Design Flow, Head and Zero Flow Head in Mode 1 and Mode 2 can be used as the two seasons of a Dual Season Setup

Operational Mode

Constant Flow Quad Pressure Quad Pressure Min Flow

Options:

<p>Id: 1</p> <p>Flow BEP (GPM): 85</p> <p>Head BEP (FT): 80</p> <p>Dead Band: 0.1</p> <p>Maximum Operating Pump Count: 2</p> <p>Total Design Flow (GPM): 170</p>	<p>Stage On Speed Percent: 0</p> <p>Stage Off Speed Percent: 0</p> <p>Sensorless Map Adjust Factor: 0.1</p> <p>Alternation Interval (minutes): 10080</p> <p>Minimum On Time (Seconds): 15</p> <p>Fallback % of Max Speed: 75</p>
--	--

Operational Limits

Standard Mode 1 Mode 2

Design Flow (GPM): 85

Design Head (FT): 80

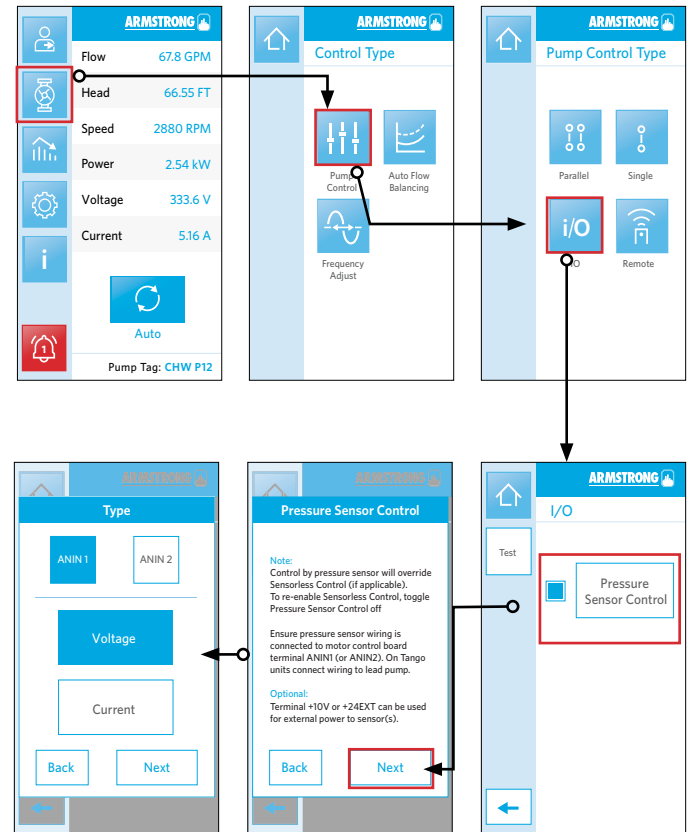
Zero Flow Head (FT): 80

Update

5.13 SENSORED CONTROL

dP sensors can be added to a single pump or a parallel pumping system through either the LCD Screen on the Pump or the Webserver.

5.13.1 ADDING DP SENSORS THROUGH LCD SCREEN



5.13.2 ADDING DP SENSORS FROM WEBSERVER

Scroll down to **Control Mode: Inputs**

Control Mode

Parallel Inputs Automatic Remote

Analog In 1 Configuration:

No Function Speed Pressure Current Voltage

Min(mA): 4 mA
Max(mA): 20 mA
Min Speed(rpm): 765
Max Speed(rpm): 4000

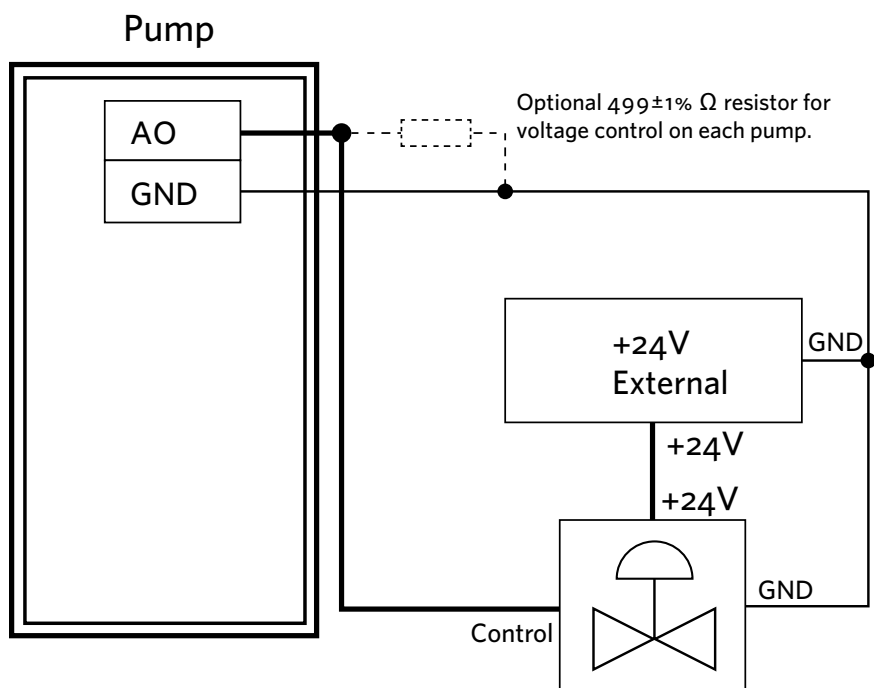
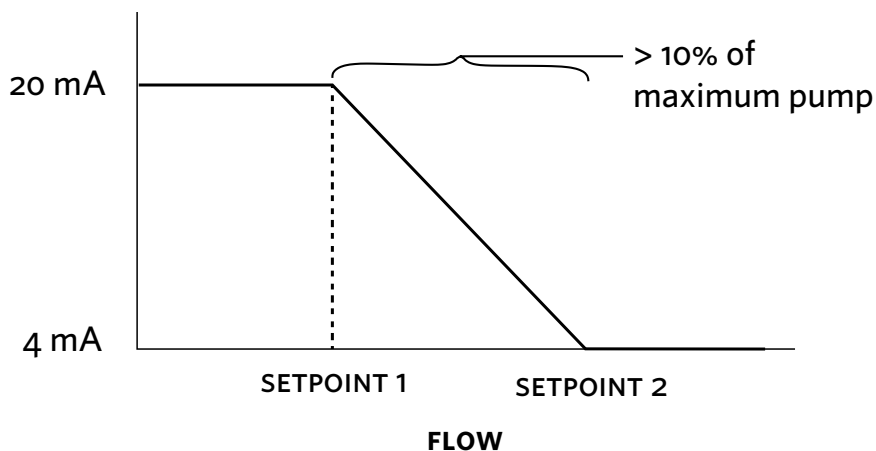
Update

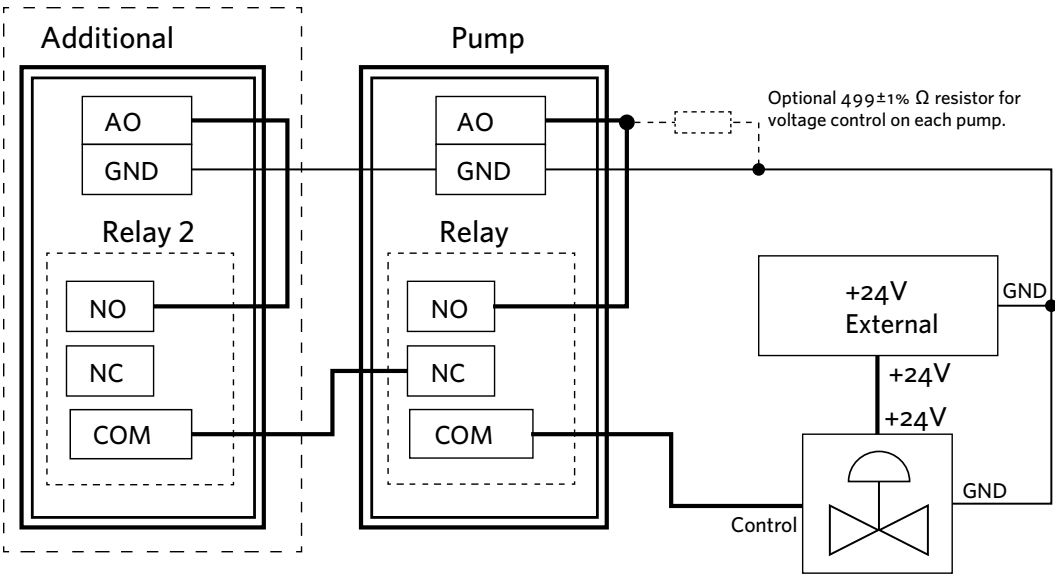
Analog In 2 Configuration:

No Function Speed Pressure Current Voltage

5.14 BYPASS VALVE CONTROL

The bypass valve control is used to protect flow sensitive equipment (such as chillers). If the flow is less than Setpoint 1, the DEPC analog output sends 20mA to fully open the valve. If the flow is greater than Setpoint 2, the DEPC analog output sends 4mA to fully close the valve. There should be a sufficient gap between Setpoint 1 and 2 Flows to prevent the bypass valve from opening and closing unnecessarily. The recommended bypass valve is a modulating non-spring return valve (normally closed) with either 4-20mA analog input, or 2-10 Vdc analog input (requires adding 500ohm resistor across the valve input).





Outputs

Digital Functions: Enabled Disabled

Digital Output 1

No Function Alarm Flow Threshold Head Threshold Run Status

Digital Output 2

No Function Alarm Flow Threshold Head Threshold Run Status

Analog Functions: Enabled Disabled

Analog Output

Low Flow Threshold: 50 GPM

High Flow Threshold: 100 GPM

Note: The minimum difference between High and Low Flow Threshold should be atleast 20 GPM

No Function Speed Bypass Valve

Relay Functions: Enabled Disabled

Relay 1 Alarm

Relay 2 Run Status

Update

Outputs

Digital Functions: Enabled Disabled

Digital Output 1

No Function Alarm Flow Threshold Head Threshold Run Status

Digital Output 2

No Function Alarm Flow Threshold Head Threshold Run Status

Analog Functions: Enabled Disabled

Analog Output

Low Flow Threshold: 50 GPM

High Flow Threshold: 100 GPM

Default Valve position: 50 %

Note: The minimum difference between High and Low Flow Threshold should be atleast 20 GPM

No Function Speed Bypass Valve

Relay Functions: Enabled Disabled

Relay 1 Alarm

Relay 2 Run Status

Update

6.0 MAINTENANCE

6.1 GENERAL CARE

Vertical In-Line pumps are built to operate without periodic maintenance, other than motor lubrication on larger units. A systematic inspection made at regular intervals, will ensure years of trouble-free operation, giving special attention to the following:

- Keep unit clean
- Provide the motor with correctly sized overload protection. Keep moisture, refuse, dust or other loose particles away from the pump and ventilating openings of the motor.
- Avoid operating the unit in overheated surroundings (Above 100°F/40°C).

WARNING



Whenever any service work is to be performed on a pumping unit, disconnect the power source to the driver, lock it off and tag with the reason. Any possibility of the unit starting while being serviced must be eliminated. If mechanical seal environmental accessories are installed, ensure water is flowing through the sight flow indicator and that filter cartridges are replaced as recommended. (See Armstrong files 43.85 and 43.86 for seal environmental instructions).

6.2 LUBRICATION

Pump

Lubrication is not required. There are no bearings in the pump that need external lubrication service.

Motor

Follow the lubrication procedures recommended by the motor manufacturer. Many small and medium sized motors are permanently lubricated and need no added lubrication. Generally, if there are grease fittings evident the motor needs periodic lubrication. None if not.

Check the lubrication instructions supplied with the motor for the particular frame size indicated on the motor nameplate.

Warranty

Does not cover any damages to the equipment resulting from failure to observe the above precautions. Refer to Armstrong General Terms and Warranty sheet. Contact your local Armstrong representative for full information.

WARNING



Whenever any service work is to be performed on a pumping unit, disconnect the power source to the driver, lock it off and tag with the reason. Any possibility of the unit starting while being serviced must be eliminated. If mechanical seal environmental accessories are installed, ensure water is flowing through the sight flow indicator and that filter cartridges are replaced as recommended. (See Armstrong files 43.85 and 43.86 for seal environmental instructions).

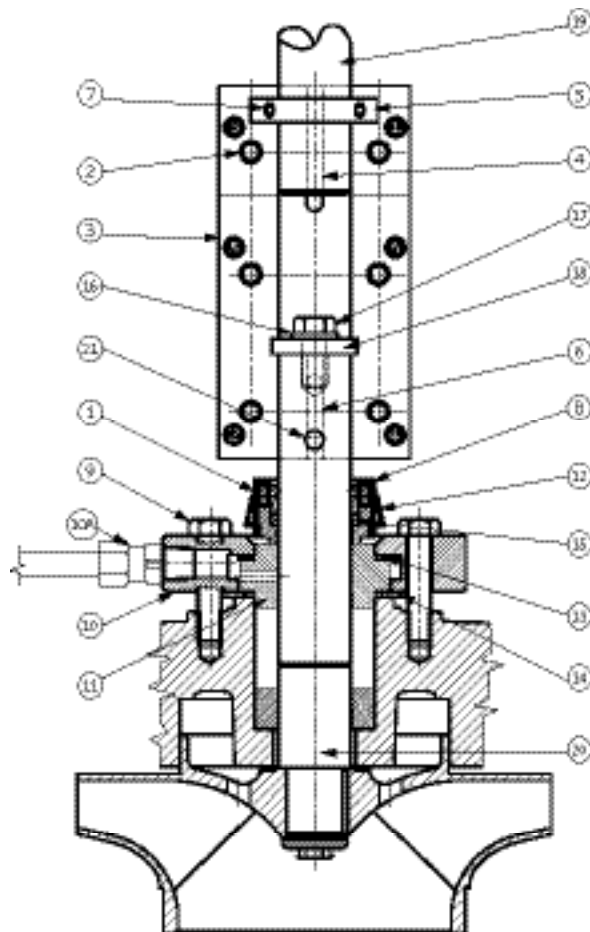
WARNING



Hydronic system components may be pressurized which, if suddenly released, can cause serious injury or death. When performing any kind of service to the pump, the pressure must be released in the system and the unit should be properly drained before starting any service work.

6.3 MECHANICAL SEAL

6.3.1 MECHANICAL SEAL REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS FOR 4200H SPLIT COUPLED VERTICAL IN-LINE PUMP



CAUTION



Do not use oil, Vaseline or other petroleum or silicon based products for seal elastomer lubrication. Otherwise elastomer swelling may occur, causing seal failure. Recommended: International Products Corp P-80 Rubber Lubricant Emulsion in USA & UK www.ipcol.com

Seal Removal

An important feature of the Design Envelope 4200H pump is that the design permits removal of the mechanical seal without disturbing the pump, motor or electrical wiring.

- A** Disconnect the power supply at the main switch and close the isolating valves on the suction and discharge. Empty casing by removing drain plug(s) located at the bottom.
- B** Loosen off the seal collar set screws (1) Remove the coupling screws (2) and separate the coupling halves (3). Remove the motor shaft key (4) and the pump shaft key (6). **Do not remove motor collar (5) for seal replacement.** Use Allan wrench and insert coupling screw into positioning hole (21) to prevent shaft rotation and remove the capscrew, lockwasher and collar (17, 16, & 18) from the pump shaft.
- C** Remove the mechanical seal rotating assembly (8) through the gap between the pump and motor shafts.
- D** Disconnect the seal flush piping (10A). Mark seal plate (10) position. Remove the seal plate bolts (9) and seal plate (10). Remove the stationary seat (11) and seat gaskets (13 & 14).

Seal Replacement

Handle mechanical seal carefully to protect seal faces from damage. Do not contaminate seal faces with finger prints.

- E** Replace the stationary seat (11) and gaskets (13 & 14), aligning the seat flush hole with the seal plate flush line connection. Ensure the large diameter gasket (14) is on the bottom. Replace seal plate (10) and tighten the seal plate bolts (9) evenly and diagonally, to the following torque (ft. lbs) values: 1.125" seal - 20; 1.625"/2.125"/2.625" (7.5" diameter plate) - 50; 2.625 (9" diameter) - 90.
- F** When installing the mechanical seal (8), ensure parts are perfectly clean.
- G** Apply a small amount of temporary rubber lubricant emulsion to the o-ring (15). Carefully slide the mechanical seal rotating assembly (8) down the shaft onto the stationary seat (11). Do not tighten the set screws (1) on the side of the mechanical seal yet. Do not remove holding clips (12).

If motor is replaced: Loosen set screws (7) on motor shaft collar (5) and remove from old motor shaft. To position the collar (5) correctly on the new motor shaft, temporarily fit motor shaft collar (5) into groove of the keyed coupling half. Slide collar, with coupling half onto new motor shaft until end of shaft lines up with line scored into coupling. Tighten the visible set screws (7) in the collar (5) enough to hold the collar in place on the shaft and remove the coupling half. Tighten all collar set screws (7) evenly and diagonally. Order replacement motors with locked lower bearing.

- H** Use Allan wrench and insert the coupling screw into positioning hole (21) to prevent pump shaft rotation and replace collar, lockwasher, and capscrew (18, 16, & 17). Capscrew (17) must be firmly tightened on the pump shaft with a wrench.
- I** Fit the motor shaft key (4) and the pump shaft key (6) then install the keyed coupling half (3) first.

NOTE:

For easier coupling installation, motor and pump shaft keys (4 & 6) should be 180 degrees from the working area. To automatically locate the impeller in the pump, insert the coupling screw Allan wrench into positioning hole (21) and lift pump shaft until the pump shaft collar is positioned in the coupling groove, then rotate shaft to locate the pump shaft key (6) into blind keyway in coupling. Should the pump rotating assembly prove too heavy to lift easily: a piece of 2" x 4" wood may be firmly positioned to allow a pry-bar to be placed securely under the pump shaft collar; the rotating assembly may be levered and raised-up in that manner.

- J** Place the second coupling half into position and tighten the coupling screws (2) following the tightening pattern shown on the illustration(1 2 3 4 5 6).

NOTE:

Snug fit the coupling screws and confirm even gap spacing between coupling halves, then firmly tighten coupling screws following the tightening pattern illustrated. Then push (or slide) mechanical seal (8) firmly onto the stationary seat (11) and tighten the set screws (1) to the following torque (ft. lbs) values: Seal sizes 1.125" to 2.625" - 5. Remove the holding clips (12) for operation. The mechanical seal is now preset at the correct working length.

- K** Replace the seal flush piping (10A) and drain plug(s). Open all isolating valves prior to operating pump(s). Reconnect power supply.

6.3.2 MECHANICAL SEAL REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS FOR 4280 CLOSE COUPLED VERTICAL IN-LINE PUMP

Refer to appropriate service work instructions (swi) file for breakdown instructions for the pump being serviced. Mechanical seal replacement instructions are included in the pump swi. The following instructions are included for convenience.

CAUTION

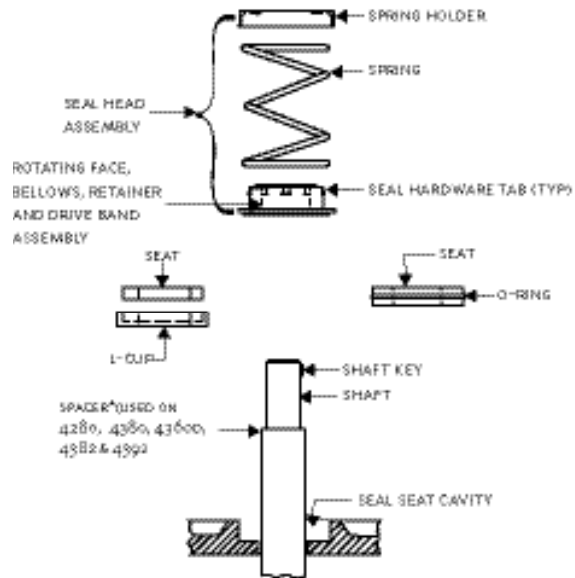


Always disconnect power supply from motor before beginning service work.

Seal Kit Installation Instructions

- 1 Remove impeller and mechanical seal from pump or motor shaft. The mechanical seal spring and spring holder usually comes free with the impeller. The mechanical seal rotating element must be pried loose with pry bars or screwdrivers. Once loosened, the seal may be pulled free of the shaft.
- 2 When removing the impeller and seal from a motor shaft, take care to retrieve the spacer from between the impeller and shaft sleeve. Store for later use.
- 3 The o-ring or L-cup mounted mechanical seal seat must be pried loose from the recess in the adapter. To do this: Separate the adapter from the bearing housing or motor. A screwdriver may then be used to push the seal seat out of the adapter from the rear.
- 4 Clean the shaft sleeve surface, ensuring the entire former seal elastomeric residue has been removed. Inspect for damage and replace if necessary. (See separate instructions, File No. 6042.25, for removal of the motor shaft sleeve). Inspect the water slinger and replace if damaged.
- 5 Silicon carbide is a suitable replacement for ceramic, ni-resist, or tungsten carbide and is the seal seat of choice. Ceramic and silicon carbide are more brittle than ni-resist or tungsten carbide and should be handled accordingly.
- 6 Install a new seal seat in the adapter cavity, being sure the lapped (polished) surface of the insert is facing up. Ensure that the cavity has been thoroughly cleaned. Lubricate the outside of the seat elastomer o-ring or L-cup with a small amount of temporary rubber lubricant emulsion and press down, straight and even, into the cavity. Do not press the seat in with bare fingers; use a clean cloth or the cardboard disc typically supplied with the seal. Contamination of the polished and lapped seat face could cause immediate leakage.

- 7 Replace the adapter, taking care that the seal seat is carefully guided over the shaft.



*IMPORTANT: Spacer may come off when old seal kit is removed. Be sure it is on when installing new seal kit.

CAUTION



Do not use oil, Vaseline or other petroleum or silicon based products for seal elastomer lubrication. Otherwise elastomer swelling may occur, causing seal failure. Recommended: International Products Corp P-80 Rubber Lubricant Emulsion in USA & UK www.ipcol.com

- 8 Lubricate the inside of the seal rotating assembly (The 'rubber' bellows) with a small amount of temporary rubber lubricant emulsion and slide onto the shaft sleeve with a twisting motion, carbon face first, until pressed to the carbon face. Ensure the seal is securely in place by pushing firmly with 2 screw drivers simultaneously on opposite tabs of the seal hardware. Push the rotating seal retainer and seal hardware tabs simultaneously to ensure the elastomer is not over-stretched.
- 9 Remove the spring retainer from the seal spring and place the seal spring over the seal rotating assembly. Re-install the shaft sleeve spacer, if appropriate, and impeller key on the shaft and place the seal spring retainer onto the impeller hub register. Slide the impeller into place on the shaft, taking care and ensuring the seal spring is kept in place on the seal rotating assembly and fits well into the retainer on the impeller hub. Secure impeller and finish reassembling pump.

SEAL KIT PART NUMBER	S - 1.25"	975000-982	9975001-813	9975001-817	975000-982
	M - 1.625"	975000-984	9975001-833	9975001-837	975000-984
	L - 2.125"	975000-985	9975001-873	9975001-877	975000-985
Fluid type	Standard seal			All glycols > 30% WT CONC '(2000 ppm)' tafter 'WT CONC'	Potable (Drinking) Water
Temperature	to 200°F/93°C	over 250°F/121°C	to 200°F/93°C		to 200°F/93°C
Rotating face	Resin bonded carbon	Antimony loaded carbon	Sintered silicone carbide		Resin bonded carbon
Seat elastomer	EPDM (L-CUP)	EPDM (O-ring)	EPDM (L-CUP)		EPDM (L-CUP)
Material code	C-SSC L EPSS 2A	ACSSC O EPSS 2A	SSCSC L EPSS 2A		C-SSC L EPSS 2A

Used on: 4280

Seal Type: 2A

Pump Construction: BF/AB/AI

Stationary face: Sintered silicone carbide

Secondary Seal: EPDM

Spring: Stainless steel

Rotating Hardware: Stainless steel

Notes:

- 1 Seal kit consists of rotating seal head, spring and holder, stationary seal seat with O-ring or L-cup. Pump casing gasket and other minor hardware components possibly required to reassemble the pump are not included. Consult service parts bulletins for more detail.
- 2 O-ring and L-cup style seats are interchangeable between centerline discharge pumps. Both styles are used as standard for inside seals after October 2011.
- 3 O-ring and L-cup style seats are not interchangeable between centerline and legacy tangential discharge pumps.

7.0 WARNINGS AND ALARMS

7.1 ALARM SUMMARY FOR INTERFACES

ALARM NUMBER	NAME	ALARM DESCRIPTION
1	VSD over temperature	The temperature of a VSD or motor component is exceeding the thermal alarm limit. Turn off the power to the pump and verify that the motor, fan and VSD cooling is functioning correctly. Verify that the pump is not overloaded. Wait until hot components have cooled before returning to service and if the alarm persists after powering up contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
2	VSD over current	The VSD has detected current exceeding the safe limit. Turn the pump off. (If there is a discharge from the output phases to earth it can be verified by checking for any faults with a megohmmeter between ground and the motor leads). If a current limit has been exceeded in the VSD check that the motor can be turned. If the pump is being overloaded reduce the pump speed using hand mode control. If the alarm persists after powering up contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
3	External VSD voltage	The voltage into the VSD is out of range. Verify that the correct voltage required to operate the VSD is present by measuring each of the 3 phases. If the alarm persists after cycling power to the pump, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
4	Internal VSD voltage	An internal voltage generated by VSD is out of range. If the alarm persists after cycling power to the pump, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
5	Internal VSD	An internal error in the VSD has occurred. If the alarm persists after cycling power to the pump, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
6	VSD parameter	One or more of the parameters to control the VSD are not correct. Check the settings on the control card. If the alarm persists after cycling power to the pump, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
7	VSD startup	An error occurred during the startup of the motor. Turn off the power to the pump and verify that the motor can be turned by using hand mode control. If the alarm persists after powering up contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
8	Other VSD	There has been an unknown alarm condition generated by the VSD. If the alarm persists after cycling power to the pump, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
9	VSD communication	There is a communication issue between the control card and VSD. Turn off the power to the pump and check the connections between the control card and the VSD.
10	VSD speed	The speed set by the VSD is not within tolerance. If the alarm persists after cycling power to the pump, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
11	VSD initialization failure	The control card was not able to receive the initial parameters correctly. Please try to restart the pump. If the alarm persists after restart, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.

7.2 WARNING SUMMARY FOR INTERFACES

WARNING NUMBER	NAME	WARNING DESCRIPTION
1	vSD over temperature	The temperature of a vSD or motor component is near the thermal warning limit. Check that the motor, fan and vSD cooling is functioning correctly. Verify that the pump is not overloaded. If the warning persists, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
2	vSD over current	The vSD has detected current exceeding the warning limit. Turn the pump off. (If there is a discharge from the output phases to earth it can be verified by checking for any faults with a megohmmeter between ground and the motor leads.) If a current limit has been exceeded in the vSD check that the motor can be turned. If the pump is being overloaded reduce the pump speed using hand mode control. If the warning persists after powering up contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
3	External vSD voltage	The voltage into the vSD is out of range. Verify that the correct voltage required to operate the vSD is present by measuring each of the 3 phases. If the warning persists, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
4	Internal vSD voltage	An internal voltage generated by vSD is out of range. If the warning persists, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
5	Internal vSD	An internal warning in the vSD has occurred. If the warning persists, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
6	Reserved	
7	vSD startup	A warning occurred during the startup of the motor. Turn off the power to the pump and verify that the motor can be turned using hand mode control. If the warning persists after powering up contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
8	Other vSD	There has been an unknown warning condition generated by the vSD. If the alarm persists, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
9	vSD communication	There is a communication issue between the control card and vSD.
10	vSD speed	The speed set by the vSD is not within tolerance. If the alarm persists, contact an Armstrong Technical Service representative.
11	vSD wiring	There is an issue in wiring to the vSD. Check the wiring to the motor from the vSD. If any I/O are used on the vSD, verify that there is continuity and no shorts for the connections.
12	System over temperature	The temperature measured by the control card is approaching the recommended operating conditions.
13	System under temperature	The temperature measured by the control card is approaching the recommended operating conditions.
14	Battery under voltage	The battery voltage is low. Replace the battery with CR2032 type cell.
15	BMS communication loss	BMS communication has been lost.
16	vSD communication loss	The communication with the vSD and the control card has stopped.
17	Invalid vSD parameter	The control card has specified an invalid vSD parameter.
18	vSD initialization failure	The initialization of the vSD through Modbus has failed. Cycle power to the pump to re-initialize.
19	vSD speed set failure	The speed could not be set by the controller. Check the connections between the vSD and control card.
20	vSD start set failure	The controller could not start the motor. Check the connections between the vSD and control card.
21	Sensorless error	The sensorless map that was entered has an error please refer to the I & O Manual for further details.
22	Hand mode timeout	The pump has been in hand mode too long. Consider setting to automatic mode to save energy.

8.0 FUSES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

Fuses ensure that possible damage to the drive is limited to damage inside the unit. Armstrong recommends fuses and/or circuit breakers on the supply side as protection.

NOTE: Use of fuses on the supply side is mandatory for IEC 60364 (CE) and NEC 2009 (UL) compliant installations.

Branch Circuit Protection

To protect the installation against electrical and fire hazard, all branch circuits in an installation, switch gear, machines, etc., must be protected against short-circuit and overcurrent according to national/international regulations.

NOTE: The recommendations given do not cover branch circuit protection for UL.

Short-Circuit Protection

Armstrong recommends using the fuses/circuit breakers mentioned below to protect service personnel and property in case of component breakdown in the adjustable frequency drive.

Recommendations

- Fuses for CE compliant installation, please refer to **8.1 CE COMPLIANCE**
- Fuses for UL compliant installation, please refer to **8.2 UL COMPLIANCE (61800-5-1)** and **8.3 UL COMPLIANCE (508C)**
- Circuit breakers of Moeller types. For other circuit breaker types, ensure that the energy into the adjustable frequency drive is equal to or lower than the energy provided by Moeller types. (Only for CE compliant installation)

The recommended fuses in **8.1 CE COMPLIANCE**, **8.2 UL COMPLIANCE (61800-5-1)**, and **8.3 UL COMPLIANCE (508C)** are suitable for use on a circuit capable of 100,000 Arms (symmetrical), depending on the drive power and voltage rating. With the proper fusing the adjustable frequency drive Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) is 100,000 Arms.

WARNING

In case of malfunction, not following the recommendation may result in risk to personnel and damage to the adjustable frequency drive and other equipment.

8.1 CE COMPLIANCE

Table 8.1.1: 200-240 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

ENCLOSURE TYPE	POWER (kW)	RECOMMENDED FUSE SIZE	RECOMMENDED MAX. FUSE	RECOMMENDED CIRCUIT BREAKER MOELLER	MAXIMUM TRIP LEVEL [A]
A2	1.1–1.5	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25
	2.2	gG-16			
A3	3	gG-16	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
	3.7	gG-20			
A4	1.1–1.5	gG-10	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
	2.2	gG-16			
A5	1.1–1.5	gG-10	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
	2.2–3.0	gG-16			
	3.7	gG-20			
B1	5.5	gG-25	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
	7.5–11	gG-32			
B2	15	gG-50	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
B3	5.5–7.5	gG-25	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
	11	gG-32			
B4	15	gG-50	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
	18	gG-63			
C1	18	gG-63	gG-160	NZMB2-A200	160
	22	gG-80			
	30	gG-100	aR-160		
C2	37	aR-160	aR-200	NZMB2-A250	250
	45	aR-200	aR-250		
C3	22	gG-80	gG-150	NZMB2-A200	150
	30	aR-125	aR-160		
C4	37	aR-160	aR-200	NZMB2-A250	250

Table 8.1.2: 380–480 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

ENCLOSURE TYPE	POWER (kW)	RECOMMENDED FUSE SIZE	RECOMMENDED MAX. FUSE	RECOMMENDED CIRCUIT BREAKER MOELLER	MAXIMUM TRIP LEVEL [A]
A2	1.1–3.0	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25
	4	gG-16			
A3	5.5–7.5	gG-16	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
A4	1.1–3.0	gG-10	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
	4	gG-16			
A5	1.1–3.0	gG-10	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
	4.0–7.5	gG-16			
B1	11–18	gG-40	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
B2	22	gG-50	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
	30	gG-63			
B3	11–18	gG-40	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
B4	22	gG-50	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
	30	gG-63			
	37	gG-80			
C1	37	gG-80	gG-160	NZMB2-A200	160
	45	gG-100			
	55	gG-160			
C2	75	aR-200	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
	90	aR-250			
C3	45	gG-100	gG-150	NZMB2-A200	150
	55	gG-160	gG-160		
C4	75	aR-200	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
	90	aR-250			

Table 8.1.3: 525–600 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

ENCLOSURE TYPE	POWER (kW)	RECOMMENDED FUSE SIZE	RECOMMENDED MAX. FUSE	RECOMMENDED CIRCUIT BREAKER MOELLER	MAXIMUM TRIP LEVEL [A]
A3	5.5	gG-10	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
	7.5	gG-16			
A5	1.1	gG-10	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
	7.5	gG-16			
B1	11	gG-25	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
	15	gG-32			
	18.5	gG-40			
B2	22	gG-50	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
	30	gG-63			
B3	11	gG-25	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
	15–18.5	gG-32			
B4	22	gG-40	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
	30	gG-50			
	37	gG-63			
C1	37	gG-63	gG-160	NZMB2-A200	160
	45	gG-100			
	55	aR-160	aR-250		
C2	75–90	aR-200	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
C3	45	gG-63	gG-150	NZMB2-A200	150
	55	gG-100			
C4	75	aR-160	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
	90	aR-200			

Table 8.1.4: 525–690 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

ENCLOSURE TYPE	POWER (kW)	RECOMMENDED FUSE SIZE	RECOMMENDED MAX. FUSE	RECOMMENDED CIRCUIT BREAKER MOELLER	MAXIMUM TRIP LEVEL [A]
A3	1.1	gG-6	gG-25	PKZMO-16	16
	1.5	gG-6	gG-25		
	2.2	gG-6	gG-25		
	3	gG-10	gG-25		
	4	gG-10	gG-25		
	5.5	gG-16	gG-25		
	7.5	gG-16	gG-25		
B2/B4	11	gG-25	gG-63	—	—
	15	gG-32			
	18	gG-32			
	22	gG-40			
B4/C2	30	gG-63	gG-80	—	—
C2/C3	37	gG-63	gG-100	—	—
	45	gG-80	gG-125		
C2	55	gG-100	gG-160	—	—
	75	gG-125			

8.2 UL COMPLIANCE (61800-5-1)

Table 8.2.1: Recommended Fuse, 200–240 V and 115Y/200–139Y/240, Enclosure Sizes A2, A3, A5, B1, B2, and C1

Power [kW]	Class	Recommended	Verified with
1.1	J/T/CC	10 A	A2: CLASS J, 20 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
1.5	J/T/CC	15 A	A2: CLASS J, 20 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
2.2	J/T/CC	20 A	A2: CLASS J, 20 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
3	J/T/CC	25 A	A3: CLASS J, 30 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
3.7	J/T/CC	30 A	A3: CLASS J, 30 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
5.5–7.5	J/T/CC	50 A	B1: CLASS J, 60 A
11	J/T/CC	60 A	B1: CLASS J, 60 A
15	J/T	80 A	B2: CLASS J, 80 A
18.5–22	J/T	125 A	C1: CLASS J, 150 A
30	J/T	150 A	C1: CLASS J, 150 A

Table 8.2.2: Recommended Fuse, 380–480 V and 220Y/380–277Y/480, Enclosure Sizes A2, A3, A5, B1, B2, and C1

Power [kW]	Class	Recommended	Verified with
1.1	J/T/CC	6 A	A2: CLASS J, 10 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
1.5–2.2	J/T/CC	10 A	A2: CLASS J, 20 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
3	J/T/CC	15 A	A2: CLASS J, 20 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
4	J/T/CC	20 A	A2: CLASS J, 20 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
5.5	J/T/CC	25 A	A3: CLASS J, 30 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
7.5	J/T/CC	30 A	A3: CLASS J, 30 A
			A5: CLASS J, 30 A
11–15	J/T/CC	40 A	B2: CLASS J, 50 A
18.5	J/T/CC	50 A	B1: CLASS J, 50 A
22	J/T/CC	60 A	B2: CLASS J, 80 A
30	J/T	80 A	B2: CLASS J, 80 A
37	J/T	100 A	C1: CLASS J, 150 A
45	J/T	125 A	C1: CLASS J, 150 A
55	J/T	150 A	C1: CLASS J, 150 A

8.3 UL COMPLIANCE (508C)

Table 8.3.1: Recommended Maximum Fuse, 200–240 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

Power (kW)	Bussmann Type RK1 ⁽¹⁾	Bussmann Type J	Bussmann Type T	Bussmann Type CC	Bussmann Type CC	Bussmann Type CC
1.1	KTN-R-10	JKS-10	JJN-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10
1.5	KTN-R-15	JKS-15	JJN-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15
2.2	KTN-R-20	JKS-20	JJN-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20
3	KTN-R-25	JKS-25	JJN-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25
3.7	KTN-R-30	JKS-30	JJN-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30
5.5–7.5	KTN-R-50	KS-50	JJN-50	–	–	–
11	KTN-R-60	JKS-60	JJN-60	–	–	–
15	KTN-R-80	JKS-80	JJN-80	–	–	–
18.5–22	KTN-R-125	JKS-125	JJN-125	–	–	–
30	KTN-R-150	JKS-150	JJN-150	–	–	–
37	KTN-R-200	JKS-200	JJN-200	–	–	–
45	KTN-R-250	JKS-250	JJN-250	–	–	–

NOTE:

(1) KTS-fuses from Bussmann may substitute KTN for 240 V drives.

Table 8.3.2: Recommended Maximum Fuse, 200–240 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

Power (kW)	SIBA Type RK1	Littel fuse Type RK1	Ferraz Shawmut Type CC	Ferraz Shawmut Type RK1 ⁽¹⁾	Bussmann Type JFHR2 ⁽²⁾	Littelfuse JFHR2	Ferraz Shawmut JFHR2 ⁽³⁾	Ferraz Shawmut J
1.1	5017906-010	KLN-R-10	ATM-R-10	A2K-10-R	FWX-10	–	–	HSJ-10
1.5	5017906-016	KLN-R-15	ATM-R-15	A2K-15-R	FWX-15	–	–	HSJ-15
2.2	5017906-020	KLN-R-20	ATM-R-20	A2K-20-R	FWX-20	–	–	HSJ-20
3	5017906-025	KLN-R-25	ATM-R-25	A2K-25-R	FWX-25	–	–	HSJ-25
3.7	5012406-032	KLN-R-30	ATM-R-30	A2K-30-R	FWX-30	–	–	HSJ-30
5.5–7.5	5014006-050	KLN-R-50	–	A2K-50-R	FWX-50	–	–	HSJ-50
11	5014006-063	KLN-R-60	–	A2K-60-R	FWX-60	–	–	HSJ-60
15	5014006-080	KLN-R-80	–	A2K-80-R	FWX-80	–	–	HSJ-80
18.5–22	2028220-125	KLN-R-125	–	A2K-125-R	FWX-125	–	–	HSJ-125
30	2028220-150	KLN-R-150	–	A2K-150-R	FWX-150	L25S-150	A25X-150	HSJ-150
37	2028220-200	KLN-R-200	–	A2K-200-R	FWX-200	L25S-200	A25X-200	HSJ-200
45	2028220-250	KLN-R-250	–	A2K-250-R	FWX-250	L25S-250	A25X-250	HSJ-250

NOTE:

(1) A6KR-fuses from Ferraz Shawmut may substitute A2KR for 240 V drives.

(2) FWH-fuses from Bussmann may substitute FWX for 240 V drives.

(3) A50X-fuses from Ferraz Shawmut may substitute A25X for 240 V drives.

Table 8.3.3: Recommended Maximum Fuse, 380–480 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

Power (kW)	Bussmann Type RK1	Bussmann Type J	Bussmann Type T	Bussmann Type CC	Bussmann Type CC	Bussmann Type CC
1.1	KTS-R-6	JKS-6	JJS-6	FNQ-R-6	KTK-R-6	LP-CC-6
1.5–2.2	KTS-R-10	JKS-10	JJS-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10
3	KTS-R-15	JKS-15	JJS-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15
4	KTS-R-20	JKS-20	JJS-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20
5.5	KTS-R-25	JKS-25	JJS-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25
7.5	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JJS-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30
11–15	KTS-R-40	JKS-40	JJS-40	-	-	-
18.5	KTS-R-50	JKS-50	JJS-50	-	-	-
22	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	-	-	-
30	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	-	-	-
37	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	-	-	-
45	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	-	-	-
55	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	-	-	-
75	KTS-R-200	JKS-200	JJS-200	-	-	-
90	KTS-R-250	JKS-250	JJS-250	-	-	-

Table 8.3.4: Recommended Maximum Fuse, 380–480 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

Power (kW)	SIBA Type RK1	Littel fuse Type RK1	Ferraz Shawmut Type CC	Ferraz Shawmut Type RK1	Bussmann Type JFHR2	Ferraz Shawmut J	Ferraz Shawmut JFHR2 ⁽¹⁾	Littelfuse JFHR2
1.1	5017906-006	KLS-R-6	ATM-R-6	A6K-6-R	FWH-6	HSJ-6	-	-
1.5–2.2	5017906-010	KLS-R-10	ATM-R-10	A6K-10-R	FWH-10	HSJ-10	-	-
3	5017906-016	KLS-R-15	ATM-R-15	A6K-15-R	FWH-15	HSJ-15	-	-
4	5017906-020	KLS-R-20	ATM-R-20	A6K-20-R	FWH-20	HSJ-20	-	-
5.5	5017906-025	KLS-R-25	ATM-R-25	A6K-25-R	FWH-25	HSJ-25	-	-
7.5	5012406-032	KLS-R-30	ATM-R-30	A6K-30-R	FWH-30	HSJ-30	-	-
11–15	5014006-040	KLS-R-40	-	A6K-40-R	FWH-40	HSJ-40	-	-
18.5	5014006-050	KLS-R-50	-	A6K-50-R	FWH-50	HSJ-50	-	-
22	5014006-063	KLS-R-60	-	A6K-60-R	FWH-60	HSJ-60	-	-
30	2028220-100	KLS-R-80	-	A6K-80-R	FWH-80	HSJ-80	-	-
37	2028220-125	KLS-R-100	-	A6K-100-R	FWH-100	HSJ-100	-	-
45	2028220-125	KLS-R-125	-	A6K-125-R	FWH-125	HSJ-125	-	-
55	2028220-160	KLS-R-150	-	A6K-150-R	FWH-150	HSJ-150	-	-
75	2028220-200	KLS-R-200	-	A6K-200-R	FWH-200	HSJ-200	A50-P-225	L50S-225
90	2028220-250	KLS-R-250	-	A6K-250-R	FWH-250	HSJ-250	A50-P-250	L50S-250

NOTE:

(1) Ferraz Shawmut A50QS fuses may substitute for A50P fuses.

Table 8.3.5: Recommended Maximum Fuse, 525-600 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

Power (kW)	Bussmann Type RK1	Bussmann Type J	Bussmann Type T	Bussmann Type CC	Bussmann Type CC	Bussmann Type CC	SIBA Type RK1	Littelfuse Type RK1	Ferraz Shawmut Type RK1	Ferraz Shawmut J
1.1	KTS-R-5	JKS-5	JJS-6	FNQ-R-5	KTK-R-5	LP-CC-5	5017906-005	KLS-R-005	A6K-5-R	HSJ-6
1.5-2.2	KTS-R-10	JKS-10	JJS-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10	5017906-010	KLS-R-010	A6K-10-R	HSJ-10
3	KTS-R-15	JKS-15	JJS-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15	5017906-016	KLS-R-015	A6K-15-R	HSJ-15
4	KTS-R-20	JKS-20	JJS-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20	5017906-020	KLS-R-020	A6K-20-R	HSJ-20
5.5	KTS-R-25	JKS-25	JJS-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25	5017906-025	KLS-R-025	A6K-25-R	HSJ-25
7.5	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JJS-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30	5017906-030	KLS-R-030	A6K-30-R	HSJ-30
11-15	KTS-R-35	JKS-35	JJS-35	-	-	-	5014006-040	KLS-R-035	A6K-35-R	HSJ-35
18.5	KTS-R-45	JKS-45	JJS-45	-	-	-	5014006-050	KLS-R-045	A6K-45-R	HSJ-45
22	KTS-R-50	JKS-50	JJS-50	-	-	-	5014006-050	KLS-R-050	A6K-50-R	HSJ-50
30	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	-	-	-	5014006-063	KLS-R-060	A6K-60-R	HSJ-60
37	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	-	-	-	5014006-080	KLS-R-075	A6K-80-R	HSJ-80
45	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	-	-	-	5014006-100	KLS-R-100	A6K-100-R	HSJ-100
55	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	-	-	-	2028220-125	KLS-R-125	A6K-125-R	HSJ-125
75	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	-	-	-	2028220-150	KLS-R-150	A6K-150-R	HSJ-150
90	KTS-R-175	JKS-175	JJS-175	-	-	-	2028220-200	KLS-R-175	A6K-175-R	HSJ-175

Table 8.3.6: Recommended Maximum Fuse, 525-690 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

Power (kW)	Bussmann Type RK1	Bussmann Type J	Bussmann Type T	Bussmann Type CC	Bussmann Type CC	Bussmann Type CC
1.1	KTS-R-5	JKS-5	JJS-6	FNQ-R-5	KTK-R-5	LP-CC-5
1.5-2.2	KTS-R-10	JKS-10	JJS-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10
3	KTS-R-15	JKS-15	JJS-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15
4	KTS-R-20	JKS-20	JJS-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20
5.5	KTS-R-25	JKS-25	JJS-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25
7.5	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JJS-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30
11-15	KTS-R-35	JKS-35	JJS-35	-	-	-
18.5	KTS-R-45	JKS-45	JJS-45	-	-	-
22	KTS-R-50	JKS-50	JJS-50	-	-	-
30	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	-	-	-
37	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	-	-	-
45	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	-	-	-
55	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	-	-	-
75	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	-	-	-
90	KTS-R-175	JKS-175	JJS-175	-	-	-

Table 8.3.7: Recommended Maximum Fuse, 525–690 V, Enclosure Sizes A, B, and C

Power (kW)	Maximum prefuse [A]	Bussmann E52273 RK1/JDDZ	Bussmann E4273 J/ JDDZ	Bussmann E4273 T/ JDDZ	SIBA E180276 RK1/JDDZ	Littelfuse E81895 RK1/JDDZ	Ferraz Shawmut E163267/ E2137 RK1/ JDDZ	Ferraz Shawmut E2137 J/HSJ
11–15	30	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JJS-30	5017906-030	KLS-R-030	A6K-30-R	HSJ-30
18.5	45	KTS-R-45	JKS-45	JJS-45	5014006-050	KLS-R-045	A6K-45-R	HSJ-45
30	60	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	5014006-063	KLS-R-060	A6K-60-R	HSJ-60
37	80	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	5014006-080	KLS-R-075	A6K-80-R	HSJ-80
45	90	KTS-R-90	JKS-90	JJS-90	5014006-100	KLS-R-090	A6K-90-R	HSJ-90
55	100	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	5014006-100	KLS-R-100	A6K-100-R	HSJ-100
75	125	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	2028220-125	KLS-R-150	A6K-125-R	HSJ-125
90	150	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	2028220-150	KLS-R-175	A6K-150-R	HSJ-150

9.0 PUMP MANAGER

Pump Manager is a cloud based analytics service providing real time alerts and insights on the flow and the system's efficiency. Pump Manager provides unique and critical insights to drive savings in energy, maintenance, emergency repairs and down-time costs.

Features

Secure IoT Connectivity

Plug 'n play setup, no LAN connection required. Pump connected to the IBM Watson analytics platform cloud via a 4G LTE router with built-in cellular modem. Authentication key and 1-way push notifications only with no inbound communication to pumps make for safe connection

Real Time Alerts

Know of problems before they occur. Pump Manager will alert you when something is wrong

Performance Reports

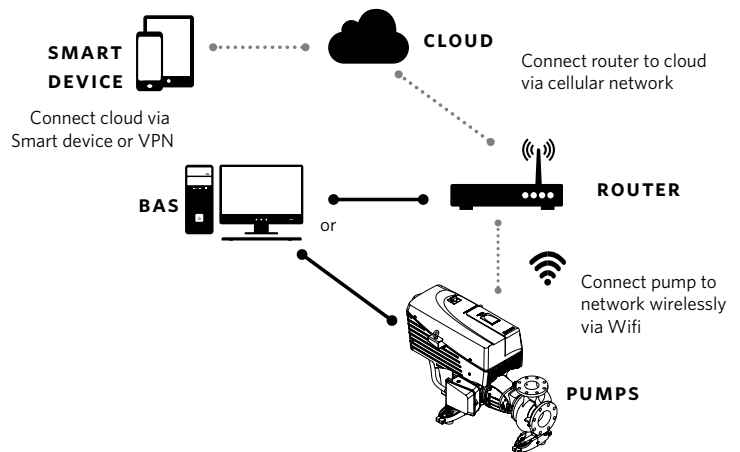
You can now view operation trends and make data informed decisions

Predictive Maintenance

The pump will advise which parts it needs! And tell you where to buy them as well

Building Management System Integration

Integrate the pump data to your building automation system via API so you can view all your assets in one place



Benefits

Lower Operating Costs

- Optimal operation for maximum energy efficiency
- Lower OpEx costs

Increase Availability & Reliability

- Reduce unexpected failures
- Early problem detection
- Faster return to service

Improve Comfort and Productivity

- Keep flows in the desired range, reducing temperature swings

Improve Building Resilience and Future Decisions

- Make informed capital investment decisions

Start Now in Two Easy Steps

<http://armstrongfluidtechnology.com/en/registration> OR
info@armstrongfluidtechnology.com

10.0 CONNECTIVITY KIT

Pump Manger integration procedure

This procedure describes the steps to connect an Armstrong Pump Manger router to a Design Envelope Pump with a DEPC controller.

Each site will be required to have a factory programmed router for data transfer (included with each Design Envelope Pump order).

Refer to **File No:** 100.8154 on Armstrong Corporate Website for full details.

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